Newport Mercury.

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The Newport Mercury,

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NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1758, and is now in its one hundred and thirty-seventh year. It is the oldest newspaper in the Union, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It is a large quarto weekly of fifty-six columns filled with interesting reading—editorial, State, local and general news, well selected miscellany and valuable farmers' and household departments.—Reaching so many households in this and other States, the limited space given to advertising is very valuable to business men.

TERMS: $2.00 a year in advance. Single copies in wrappers, 5 cents. Extra copies can always be obtained at the office of publication and at the various news rooms in the city.

Specimen copies sent free, and special terms given advertisers by addressing the publisher.

Societies Occupying Mercury Hall.

GEN. NATHANIEL GREENE COUNCIL No. 6, Order United American Mechanics, J. Harry Brown, Councillor; Daniel P. Bull, Recording Secretary; meets every Monday evening.

ROGERSON LODGE No. 49, I. O. of O. F., V. Mott Francis, Noble Grand; Wm. H. Boone, Secretary; meets every Tuesday evening.

MASONIC LODGE No 03, N. E. O. P., Frank G. Scott, Warden; James H. Goddard, Secretary; meets 1st and 3d Wednesday evenings in each month.

THE NEWPORT HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY, A. K. McMahon, President; Alexander McClellan, Secretary; meets 2d and 4th Wednesday evenings of each month.

OCEAN LODGE, No. 7, A. O. U. W., Geo. H. Wilbur, Master Workman; Geo. A. Pritchard, Recorder; meets 1st and 3d Thursday evenings.

PERSEVERANCE LODGE, No. 336, K. of H., Dictator, Andrew Jackson; Reporter, C. H. Chace; meets 2d and 4th Thursday evenings.

REDWOOD LODGE No. 11, K. of P., W. L. Northup, Chancellor Commander; Herbert L. Marsh, Keeper of Records and Seal; meets every Friday evening.

DAVIS DIVISION No. 8, U. R. K. of P., Sir Knight Captain, Everett I. Gorton; William D. Tew, Recorder; meets last Friday evening in each month.

Local Matters.

Re-Hearing in the Wm. H. King Case Asked for.

In the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at Boston, before Justices Putnam, Nelson and Webb Wednesday, Lawyers E. Avery and J. M. Wilson presented an application by the petitioner for a re-hearing on the celebrated petition for habeas corpus for the release of the millionaire King of Newport from the McLean Asylum.

The ground upon which this application is named is that the Court of Appeals in its opinion affirming the decision of the Circuit Court remanding King to the asylum determined the case upon the insanity of the petitioner. It is claimed that the United States Court has no power to deal with the question of the insanity of a party.

The Court took the application without hearing the counsel for the moving party or those representing the respondents.

It was proposed to hold a hearing Wednesday before the Commissioner on the William H. King case at Newport, the legality of the present guardian being the point raised. Judge Jere K. Wilson, Lawyers Avery and Tillinghast were all present and ready to proceed, when the counsel for George Gordon King, acting as guardian, appeared with an order for the stay of proceedings from the Rhode Island courts until today, when the evidence will be given in this city.

The Newport and Wickford Steamboat and Railroad Company entered upon its winter arrangements on Thursday. The 7:10 A. M., and 1:20 and 11:15 P. M., trips of The General from Newport are discontinued and connections are no longer made with trains leaving New York at 10 A. M., and 5 P. M. The company has had a prosperous season, its efforts to accommodate the traveling public having been appreciated.

The Afro-American League and friends to the number of nearly three hundred made an excursion to Providence Tuesday evening to attend the meeting at Infantry Hall in that city. Hon. Frederick Douglass and Miss Wells were the speakers.

Miss Annie W., daughter of Mr. Thomas J. Barlow, and Mr. Isaac C. Chappell were married Tuesday evening at the residence of Rev. Isaac Newton Phelps. They have gone to New York on a wedding trip.

The second entertainment in the Pastime Course was given at Masonic Hall Thursday evening and was in the form of a most interesting lecture by Rev. D. B. Jutten of Fall River on "Hays and Mishaps of Public Speech."

Mr. H. J. Lockrow, manager of the Postal Telegraph Company in this city has been put in charge of the Company's interests in Springfield for a few weeks, the manager there being sick.

The recent grading of the Country Club grounds is said to have suffered considerable damage from the heavy rains of Tuesday and Wednesday.

SOLOMON T. HUBBARD

Completes 70 Years of Life and 40 Years of Business—Events Duly Celebrated by His Friends.

Mr. Solomon T. Hubbard, proprietor of the Ambrose Dining Rooms, passed another milestone in his life's journey on Saturday, and, as has been his custom of late years, he invited about 75 of his many friends to meet him at his place in the evening and assist in a proper celebration of the occasion. Saturday night is the busiest of the week with our merchants and it was necessarily quite late when the party arrived, but 11 o'clock found the spacious dining hall well filled and each table with its handsome floral decorations, was surrounded by gentlemen evidently determined to do full justice to whatever their venerable host might offer.

Mr. Hubbard welcomed his guests with a few appropriate remarks in which he said that they had been invited to assist him in celebrating two events—one the 70th anniversary of his birth and the other his retirement from business.

Mr. E. W. Higbee presided, Mr. John Gilpin, the toastmaster for the occasion, being kept at the sick bed of his friend Mr. Pinard, and after the removes addresses eulogistic to the host were made by nearly every person present, and it was well into the wee sma' hours of morning when the party broke up with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne," led by Capt. M. C. Marin, U. S. N.

Wednesday evening, the last in Mr. Hubbard's forty years of active business life, the dining hall was again filled with gentlemen, this time to partake of a testimonial supper given to Mr. Hubbard by his old boarders and a few intimate friends.

A substantial meal was served in "Sol's best style and partaken of in a most appreciative manner by all present.

The Newport Band was in attendance rendering most excellent music during the brief intervals between the courses, and with the cigars came the speech-making. Every person present had a good word for the honored guest and most of them recalled some pleasing reminiscence of his business and social life in Newport.

Just before the entertainment closed Mr. Geo. A. Wilcox, in behalf of a few friends, presented Mr. Hubbard with a handsome set of cut-glass decanters. The recipient, though completely surprised at this further evidence of the high esteem in which he is held by his friends, acknowledged the gift with well chosen words feelingly expressed.

Mr. Hubbard is succeeded in his business by Mr. John Tefft, who has been in his employ for thirteen years and who is already well known to the patrons of the place. It is pleasant to know that Mr. Hubbard does not propose to give up his home here. He will probably spend the winter with his daughter in New York State, but he will be with us again in the summer.

For a Clam Supper.

The challenge shoot between the champion indoor rifle team of the Newport Artillery Company and the six members who made the best scores at the last outdoor shoot was held at the Armory Tuesday evening and resulted in a victory for the former by a score of 225-185.

The defeated will, therefore, pay for the clam supper to be given at the Armory Tuesday night.

On Monday the teams will have an outdoor shoot at two or three hundred yards' range. Tuesday's scores were:

Company Team—Major Herbert Bliss, 40; Private George Bliss, 39; Corporal J. R. Austin, 34; Sergeant Major Muenchinger, 37; Corporal Henry S. Bliss, 33; bugler J. J. Peckham, 33; total, 225.

Outdoor Team—Private H. M. Ackers, 37; Private J. C. Weaver, 37; Bugler H. R. Peckham, 32; Ensign Sergeant Brighman, 29; Private W. P. Hayman, 31; total, 165.

Iselin to Build a Yacht.

There are rumors afloat in New York that C. Oliver Iselin, who was at the head of the Vigilant syndicate, would build a 90-foot cup defender, and that Herreshoff would design and build her. Mr. Iselin will have no one associated with him.

Messrs. Aug. Golfe & Son make an announcement in our advertising columns today which should prove profitable reading just at this season.

Mr. and Mrs. Stafford Bryer and Mr. John C. Bryer of Providence, who have been visiting relatives in this city, have returned to their home.

Mr. and Mrs. Wendall A. Sampson and family of Fall River have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph W. Sampson this week.

Mr. A. Powell Hamlin of this city has been elected treasurer of the Sophomore class at Brown University.

Mr. James Clegg's broken leg has so far mended as to allow him to be about with the aid of canes.

Capt Francis M. Bunce, U. S. N., has been ordered to examination for promotion to the grade of commodore.

Col John C. Wyman has been in town this week.

Minnecola Council Entertains

Minnecola Council No. 3, Degree of Pocahontas, gave its first social at Odd Fellows Hall Wednesday evening. There was a very good attendance and every one seemed to enjoy themselves to the utmost. The hall was very prettily decorated with banners, shields and plants and, when filled with the merry dancers it presented a scene which will render the memory of their initial entertainment particularly pleasing to the members of the Council. Dancing commenced at 9 o'clock, the New Hampshire orchestra, under the leadership of Mr. Robert J. Cunningham, furnishing the music, and Mr. Joseph S. Nues prompting. Refreshments were served at 11 o'clock, after which dancing was resumed until 1 o'clock. Mr. Frank S. Patterson acted as general floor manager, in the performance of the duties of which position he was assisted by Mrs. Frank G. Scott, Mrs. Theodore Bliss, Mrs. Frances Bennett, Mrs. Edmund S. Burdick, Miss Etta W. Chase and Miss Bertha L. Williams and these ladies donned white aprons and served the refreshments during intermission. This was the first public dance ever given in Newport at which these duties were performed by ladies and the innovation was a pleasing one. The committee in charge of the affair consisted of Mrs. Scott, Mrs. Bliss, Mrs. Bennett, Miss Chase, Miss Williams and Messrs. Hugh N. Gifford, Frank G. Scott, Frank S. Patterson, Harry M. Peabody, Allen G. Goddard, George W. Ritchie and James H. Barney and they wish to tender their thanks to Messrs. T. E. Kaull, H. H. Gifford and A. L. Gilman for their services and to Mrs. Brandt, Sheriff Anthony, Newport One Price Clothing Co., Old Colony Steamboat Co., Steam Fire Engine Co. No. 4 and the Red Men's Club for the plants and decorations which aided so materially in making the entertainment a success.

Surprise Party at St. John's Parish.

Wednesday was All Hallows Eve and there were a number of both private and public entertainments given. One of the most pleasing among them was that which took place at the Reading Room of St. John's church on Poplar street, which was given by the people of the parish as a surprise party to their rector, Rev. E. L. Buckey. At the conclusion of the church service the rector seeing a light in the Reading Room, stepped across the street to ascertain the cause and upon entering the building was considerably taken aback to find the room full of his people who had gathered in honor of the approaching fifth anniversary of his coming among them. The figures 1889-1894 in evergreen gave him an idea of what the gathering was for, but he was wholly unprepared for the very handsome sum of money in gold with which they presented him. Mr. Remington Ward made the presentation and Rev. Mr. Buckey responded, thanking the people for the expression of their good will for him. Refreshments were served and music and dancing filled up the hours of a very pleasant evening.

New Bicycle Academy.

Mr. Sidney Bowman of New York has leased of the Newport Casino corporation for next season the open courtway between the theatre and Court tennis buildings for a bicycle academy. The leased premises measure about 100x50 feet with an opening on Freebody street and it is thought by Mr. Bowman to be the best possible place for his business in the city.

Schooner Geo. E. Vernon, Capt. R. J. Gill, sailed from Philadelphia 28th ult., with a cargo of 868 tons of coal for Guantanamo, Cuba, at $2.75 per ton Spanish gold. This is considered an extra good freight for the times. There has been paid a devidend of 80 to 1-64th, after bills and expenses incident to the hurricane, have been settled.

The Newport Horticultural Society will hold its annual chrysanthemum show and floral exhibition on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of next week at Masonic Hall. These shows each year become more popular and deservedly so, for they present each year new and attractive plants and seedlings. This year's "beat 'em all."

The President's proclamation, designating Thursday, the 29th instant, as Thanksgiving Day, will be found in another column of this paper.

Mrs. James Austin and son have returned from a visit to Boston. Miss Maude Austin accompanied them home.

The naval small arms board has received orders to re-assemble at Newport on the 15th inst., to test three rifles, two American and one German.

Mr. A. C. Titus has returned from Atlanta, Ga., where he attended the annual session of the Street Railway Assocation.

Mr. Andreas Anderson of this city has returned from Europe where he has been pursuing his studies in art for the past three years.

A Birthday Party.

Sunday was Miss Mildred Sampson's birthday and her birthday present from her grandfather, Mr. W. W. Sampson, was that delight to the heart of every child—a party. Accordingly on Monday evening nearly three score of children gathered at Miss Mildred's residence on Broadway to assist in the celebration of her attainment of her eleventh year. The Misses Sadie and Maude Sampson of Fall River, cousins of the young hostess, assisted her in receiving her guests and the large number of presents of which she was the recipient, after which party games and dancing were in order until after ten o'clock, interrupted only by supper. This function was a most pleasing one, both to the eyes and palates of the little guests. A long table had been spread and literally groaned beneath its load of goodies while the birthday cake with its eleven lighted candles occupied the place of honor in the centre. Each little guest was presented with a handsome boutonniere on arrival and a box of candy when departing and we are sure that all must regret that Miss Sampson cannot have a birthday party every day in the year.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

The Coddington Savings Bank has sold to Lorenzo J. Marcy a lot of land with dwelling house and other improvements on Washington street containing 5000 square feet.

James McGinn and others, heirs at law of John Byrnes, deceased, have sold to Bernard Hoskott, for $1,000, a lot of land, with buildings and other improvements on Byrnes court, containing 2500 square feet.

Thomas Burlingham has sold at auction at mortgagee's sale the Cram estate at the Second beach, to George L. Lewis of Naugatuck, Conn., for $1,731.

Simeon Hazard has sold for Caroline L. Parker her cottage and lot at 40 Gibbs street, to James T. Barker and wife. The lot measures southerly, 50 feet on Gibbs street, westerly 100 feet on Homer street; northerly, by land formerly of H. E. Pennoyer, 50 feet and easterly by land of Mary Ann Stabe 100 feet.

Simeon Hazard has sold to Charles Siegler and wife for William J. Swinburne, Trustee, the property 77 Cherry street, comprising a two tenement house and about 5000 square feet of land, bounded as follows: Southerly on Cherry street, 50 feet; westerly on land formerly of the late Geo. Engs, 100 feet; northerly on land now or formerly of Henry S. Peckham 50 feet; easterly on land formerly of Geo. Engs, deceased, 100 feet.

Mr. R. C. Doby has effected a rental for the store 212 Bellevue avenue (King Block) to Messrs. Gilman, Collamore & Co., for a term of years.

Whipple & Son have rented for LeRoy King his cottage on Bellevue avenue, in rear of King's Block to Mr. Carl Berger of New York for a term of five years. Mr. Berger will open a first class restaurant and rent the rooms for bachelor apartments.

Senator Cranston's Funeral.

The funeral of Hon. George T. Cranston, State senator from North Kingstown, was held in the Advent church at Lafayette Sunday, and was attended by upwards of five thousand people. Extra trains were run to accommodate the people from different parts of the State. Few men in Rhode Island were more generally known, and none had more friends than did Senator Cranston, and their attendance at his funeral was only to have been expected. The services were under the direction of the Grand Army of which there were thirteen Posts in line. Between forty and fifty persons from Newport attended, going and returning by special boat.

Hallow'een Party.

The ladies of St. George's church gave a Hallow'een entertainment in the Sunday School room of the church Wednesday evening. The programme consisted of readings by Mr. H. N. Rankin, vocal music by Miss Bertha Stanhope accompanied by Mrs. G. S. Stoddard, Mr. Rankin and Mr. Augustus Swan, both gentlemen being accompanied by Miss Grace Attleton; piano solos by Miss Etta Melville and Miss Marian Dowling, violin solos by Miss Anna Crandall, and flute solos by Mr. Blair. Refreshments were served, after which dancing was indulged in, the music being furnished by Miss Crandall and Miss Thos. Weaver, who rendered their selections in a most artistic manner.

The ladies of St. Martha's Guild gave a very enjoyable entertainment at the parish house of Emmanuel church Tuesday evening. Vocal and instrumental music and readings were followed by refreshments and dancing and a good time was enjoyed.

The Newport Casino closed its doors for the season of 1894 on Wednesday, and about the 20th instant Superintendent Barrett and family will start for Jacksonville, Fla., where they will spend the winter.

Mrs. Drayton Denies Everything.

The answer of Mrs. James Coleman Drayton in the suit for divorce lately instituted by her husband, was filed at Trenton, N. J., Wednesday afternoon by her counsel. Mrs. Drayton denies that she left her husband while they were temporarily sojourning in London in January, 1892, but avers that he left her, being moved thereto, as she believes, by cruel and unjust suspicions as to her marital fidelity.

Mrs. Drayton makes denial, specifically, of all her husband's charges, saying that she was never guilty of adultery with Hallet Alsop Borrowe, or with any other person or persons whatsoever, either in New York, London, or any other place. She says the charges are "a most unfounded and cruel imputation." On the contrary, she avers the truth to be that she has always since her marriage with her husband faithfully regarded her marriage vows, and has been true and faithful to her obligations as his wife.

Newport Council, U. O. A. M.

Newport Council, United Order American Mechanics, was formally instituted at Mercury Hall last Monday evening by State Councillor H. F. True of Hope Valley, Vice Councillor A. F. Bicknell of Woonsocket, State Council Secretary C. W. Little of Providence and State Council Inductor C. W. Brown of this city. The new Council starts out with a membership of sixty-seven and the officers are

Councillor—Warren Keelor.
Vice Councillor—G. E. Houghton, Jr.
Recording Secretary—O. W. Bachelier, Jr.
Assistant Secretary—Nicholas White.
Financial Secretary—William O. Goddard.
Treasurer—W. P. Dawley.
Inductor—James Beaumont.
Examiner—William H. King.
Inside Protector—William F. Young.
Outside Protector—James O. King.
Trustees—Charles A. Brennan, Thomas E. Kaull, William R. Chase.

The Council will attend Divine service at the First Methodist church in company with Nathaniel Greene Council tomorrow evening.

The U. S. cruiser Detroit sailed Sunday morning at 6:15 o'clock. She will proceed to the Azores, where she will recoal, then work along to her station on the China coast, via the Suez Canal, stopping on route to unship the Columbia exhibit from Spain and Italy. When these are put off there will be a little more space on the much-crowded vessel.

The choir of Trinity Church, under the direction of Mr. I. P. Irons, will render the following musical programme at the full choral evensong at 8 o'clock tomorrow evening: Creed, Versicles and Responses, Tallis; Cantate Dominoin C, Dudley Buck; Deus Misereatur in E flat, Dudley Buck; Garrett's "Harvest Cantata."

The City Council will hold its regular November meeting next Tuesday evening, and among other things will probably take some action regarding the purchase of additional land and the building of a new engine house on Touro and Mary streets, authorized by the taxpayers at last week's election.

The T. Mumford Seabury Company is providing its establishment at the corner of Thames and Church streets with a new and handsome plate-glass front. It will be a great improvement.

Col. Dalton E. Young received his appointment as postmaster from the President on Tuesday, and has been kept busy ever since receiving the congratulations of his many friends.

Capt. H. C. Stevens of the Newport Artillery company has been presented with a marksmanship officer's medal and revolver as a result of his score on the company's recent field day.

Mr. H. Audley Clarke and family have closed their summer cottage at Jamestown and gone to their winter residence in Brooklyn, N. Y.

Edward Sherman, keeper of Bristol Ferry Light, has been transferred to Gull Rock Light to succeed F. W. Purinton, removed.

Mrs. E. Randall, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James R. Palmer, in this city has returned to her home in Washington.

Mr. S. H. Hazard has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. Walter Curtis, in Providence this week.

The new church for St. John's parish will be consecrated November 22.

Mr. William G. Peckham, of New-York, was in town Wednesday.

Newburyport, Mass., was visited by a $150,000 fire Wednesday.

Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing has gone to Hot Springs, Ark.

Miss Anna Cozzens will spend the winter in Stamford, Conn.

Mr. James H. Barney has been in Providence this week.

Mr. J. F. Seabury has been confined to the house with grip this week.

Excelsior Lodge, I. O. O. F., will pay a fraternal visit to United Brothers Lodge, Bristol, on the 13th inst.

GLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by JAMES O. SWAN.

How Alexander, upon the League of Mutual Defence which Cleopatra had agreed with him, made an Expedition against Celesyria and utterly overthrew the City of Gaza; and how he slew many Ten Thousands of Jews that rebelled against him; and some other matters.

"When Cleopatra saw that her son was grown great, and into Judea waste, without disturbance, and had got to the city of Gaza under his power, she resolved no longer to overlook what he did, when he was almost at her gates; and she concluded that now he was so much stronger than before, he would be very desirous of the dominion over the Egyptians, but she immediately marched against him with a fleet at sea, and an army of foot on the land, and made Chaleis, and Ananias the Jews, generals of her whole army, while she sent the greatest part of her riches, her grandchildren, and her testament to the people of Cos (a city or island adjoining to Egypt.) Cleopatra also ordered her son Alexander to sail with a great fleet to Phœnicia; and when the country revolted, she came to Ptolemais, and because the people of Ptolemais did not receive her, she besieged the city; but Ptolemy went out of Syria, and made haste into Egypt, supposing that he should find it destitute of an army, and soon take it, though he failed of his hopes. At this time Chaleias, one of Cleopatra's generals, happened to die in Celesyria, as he was in pursuit of Ptolemy.

When Cleopatra heard of her son's attempt, and that his Egyptian expedition did not succeed according to his expectations, she sent the other part of her army, and drove him out of that country; so when he was returned out of Egypt again, he abode during the winter at Gaza, in which time Cleopatra took the garrison that was in Ptolemais by siege, as well as the city; and when Alexander came to her, he gave her presents, and such marks of respect as were but proper, since under the miseries he endured by Ptolemy, he had no refuge but her. Now there were some of her friends who persuaded her to seize Alexander, and to overrun and take possession of the country, and not to sit still and see such a multitude of brave Jews subject to one man. But Ananias's counsel was contrary to theirs, who said, that "she would do an unjust action if she deprived a man that was her ally of that authority which belonged to him, and this a man who is related to us; for, said he, "I would not have thee ignorant of this, that what injustice thou dost to him will make all us that are Jews to be thy enemies." This desire of Ananias Cleopatra complied with, and did no injury to Alexander, but made a league of mutual assistance with him, at Scythopolis, a city of Celesyria.

So when Alexander was delivered from the fear he was in of Ptolemy, he presently made an expedition against Celesyria. He also took Gadara after a siege of ten months. He also took Amathus, a very strong fortress belonging to the inhabitants above Jordan, where Theodorus the son of Zeno had his chief treasure, and what he esteemed most precious. This Zeno fell unexpectedly upon the Jews, and slew ten thousand of them, and seized upon Alexander's baggage; yet did not this misfortune terrify Alexander, but he made an expedition upon the maritime parts of the country, Raphia and Anthedon (the name of which king Herod afterwards changed to Agrippias,) and even took that by force; but when Alexander saw that Ptolemy was retired from Gaza to Cyprus, and his mother Cleopatra was returned to Egypt, he grew angry at the people of Gaza because they had invited Ptolemy to assist them, and besieged their city, and ravaged the country. But as Appolodotus, the general of the army of Gaza, fell upon the camp of the Jews by night, with two thousand foreign, and ten thousand of his own forces, while the night lasted, those of Gaza prevailed, because the enemy was made to believe that it was Ptolemy who attacked them, but when day was come on, and that mistake was corrected, and the Jews knew the truth of the matter, they came back again, and fell upon those of Gaza, and slew of them about a thousand; but as those of Gaza stoutly resisted them, and would not yield for either their want of any thing, nor for the great multitude that were slain, for they would rather suffer any hardship whatever than come under the power of their enemies, Aretas, king of the Arabians, a person then very illustrious, encouraged them to go on with alacrity, and promised them that he would come to their assistance; but it happened that before he came, Appolodotus was slain, for his brother Antiochus, envying him for the great reputation he had gained among the citizens, slew him, and got the army together, and delivered up the city to Alexander, who, when he came in at first, lay quiet, but afterward set his army upon the inhabitants of Gaza, and gave them leave to punish them; so some went one way, and some went another, and slew the inhabitants of Gaza; yet were not they of cowardly hearts; but opposed those that came to slay them, and slew as many of the Jews; and some of them, when they saw themselves deserted, burnt their own houses, that the enemy might get none of their spoils; nay, some of them with their own hands slew their children and their wives, having no other way but this of avoiding slavery for them; but the senators, who were in all five hundred, fled to Apollo's temple (for this attack happened to be made while they were sitting,) whom Alexander slew; and when he had utterly overthrown their city, he returned to Jerusalem, having spent a year in that siege.

About this very time Antiochus, who was called Gripus, died. His death was caused by Heracleon's treachery, when he had lived forty-five years, and had reigned twenty-nine. His son Seleucus succeeded him in the kingdom; and made war with Antiochus, his father's brother, who was called Antiochus Cyzicenus, and beat him, and took him prisoner, and slew him. But after a while Antiochus, the son of Cyzicenus, who was called Pius, came to Aradus, and put the diadem on his own head; and made war with Seleucus, and beat him, and drove him out of all Syria. But when he fled out of Syria, he came to Mopsuestia again and levied money upon them; but the people of Mopsuestia had indignation at what he did, and burnt down his palace, and slew him, together with his friends. But when Antiochus the son of Cyzicenus, was king of Syria, Antiochus, the brother of Seleucus made war upon him, and was overcome and destroyed, he and his army. After him, his brother Philip put on the diadem and reigned over some part of Syria; but Ptolemy Lathyrus sent for his fourth brother Demetrius, who was called Eucerus, from Cnidus, and made him king of Damascus. But those brothers did Antiochus vehemently oppose, but presently died; for when he was come as an auxiliary to Laodice, queen of the Gileadites, when she was making war against the Parthians, and he was fighting courageously he fell, while Demetrius and Philip governed Syria, as hath been elsewhere related.

To be continued.

JAMESTOWN.

Mr. George F. Carr of New York has sold to Dr. Alvah Littlefield, a lot of land containing about 8,000 square feet, situated on the corner of Narragansett avenue and Grinnell street.

Mrs. H. L. Stevens has returned to Newport for the winter.

Mrs. H. A. Clarke and family have returned to their winter home in Boston.

PORTSMOUTH.

An oyster supper was given to about 60 colored Virginians that have been employed in this town and Middletown the past summer.

A house near the Coal Mines, known as the Kennedy house, owned by Benjamin Hall, Jr., was burned, Sunday. It was occupied by a Portuguese family, who saved their effects.

The friends of Mrs. Dr. Frank J. Barker will learn with regret that she has fallen down stairs at her home in Acton, Mass., and sustained severe internal injuries, so that she has been taken to a hospital in New York for treatment.

George White's birthday was celebrated at his residence by a surprise party, at which were a large number of his friends.

Ground has been broken for a parish house for St. Paul's Episcopal church, to be located just west of the church. It is to be 30x40 feet and have 18-foot posts. Edward A. Coggeshall will be the builder.

The Christian church proposes to start a private school in its vestry if sufficient encouragement is given. Mrs. Gracie Lee is to be the teacher, and the course of study will be such as to prepare the pupils to enter college or the State Agricultural School. The term of six months opens Monday.

Senator Edward F. Dyer and ex-Senator William L. Sisson attended the funeral of Senator George T. Cranston on Sunday.

Dr. Benjamin Greene and Mrs. Greene have been visiting the doctor's brother, Mr. Anson Greene, in Exeter.

Mrs. Benjamin F. Simon and daughter Evelyn, of New Bedford, are visiting Mrs. Andrew A. Chase and family.

Misses Abbie Hicks, Hattie Wheeler and Nellie Cook, who are attending school in Fall River, have just passed very succesful examinations, and are promoted to the first grammar class. Miss Wheeler is but 11 years old, and her percentage is among the nineties, which is a record of which she may well be proud.

Mrs. Horace Gilmore, who has been visiting in Boston several weeks, has returned to Bristol Ferry.

Mrs. William Moyse is soon to remove from this town and join her husband in Boston.

Mr. Samuel Sisson, a former resident of this town, died in Fall River, on Saturday evening last, at the home of his nephew Mr. Edward S. Sisson, in his 70th year. His body was brought to St. Mary's church yard, for burial, on Tuesday afternoon.

The Halloween Social, given by the Christian Endeavor Society on Wednesday evening, at the residence of Rev. H. M. McCrone was well attended and thoroughly enjoyed.

TIVERTON.

The office of Capt. Nathaniel Church of the firm of Hathaway & Church was entered last week and two holes were drilled in the top of the safe. Nothing was missing next day, however, but Mr. Church's spectacles.

A quiet home wedding took place Thursday afternoon of last week at the residence of Andrew P. White, when his daughter, Cora Parker White, was united in marriage to Harry Grinnell of Stone Bridge. Rev. James C. Roberts performed the ceremony. About forty relatives and friends witnessed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Grinnell took a trip to New York.

Miss Annie W. Fuller has returned home from a long visit to relatives and friends residing on the Cape.

Mrs. Hall of East Sandwich is the guest of Mrs. M. T. Fuller.

Mrs. Jason W. Gifford is visiting relatives at Russell's Mills, Dartmouth.

A postponed meeting of Nonquitt grange was held Saturday evening, when four candidates took the third and fourth degrees. Addresses on housekeeping topics were made by Mrs. James A. Mansfield, Mrs. Horace L. Almy, Mrs. Fernando Wilcox and Mrs. Ralph Wilcox. James G. Wordell made a few remarks on why men prefer to remain bachelors.

JAMESTOWN.

At the annual meeting of the fire department held Saturday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year.

Chief of Department—James Cox.
Assistant—Thomas King.
Foreman of Engine Company—George Barker.
Assistant—Daniel Arnold.
Engineer—H. L. Smith.
Assistant—N. S. Littlefield.
Fireman—James Hole.
Foreman of Hose Company—Adolphus Knowles.
Foreman of Ladder Company—Frederick Anthony.
Secretary and Treasurer—C. E. Weeden.

Poetry.

Them Flowers.

BY JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

Take a feller 'at' sick and up on the shelf,
All shaky and ga'nted and pore—
Jes all so knocked out he can't handle hisself
With a stiff upper lip any more;
Shet him up all alone in the gloom of a room
As dark as the tomb and as grim,
And then take and send him some roses in bloom,
And you can have fun out o' him!

You've ketched him 'fore now—when his liver was sound,
And his appetite notchin' like a saw—
A-mockin' you, maybe, fer romancin' round
With a big posy bunch in yer paw;
But you ketch him, say, when his health is away,
And he's flat on his back in distress,
And then you can trot out your little bokay
And not be insulted, I guess!

You see it's like this, what his weakness is—
Them flowers makes him think of the days
Of his innocent youth, and that mother o' his
And the roses that she used to raise;
So here, all alone with the roses you send,
Bein' sick an' all trimbly and faint—
My eyes is—my eyes is—my eyes is—old friend—
Is a leakin', I'm blamed of they ain't.

We Won't Give In.

Storms may howl from East to West—
Sun bilin out by day;
Cotton worms do their best—
Country short on hay;
Still, we ain't a-going to give in
While the world owes all a livin'!

Let the cotton rise an' fall!
Let the corn give out;
Let the strongest horses stall,
Flounderin' about!
Ain't able o' use to give in
While the world owes all a livin'!

If the crop is short, the land
Still is broad an' long,
Still the hoe is in the hand—
Still the mule is strong!
Never goin' to see us give in
While the world owes all a livin'!

What the use to sit an' pine
When the cold wind blows?
Take a lot o' rain an' shine
Jest to make a rose!
Storms die an' violets give in,
But the world owes folks a livin'!

—Atlanta Constitution.

Selected Tale.

THE OBSCURE MAN.

The change from the rush of a through express to the quiet of a remote roadside inn can hardly be classed among the ordinary risks of travel; but then a strike has not yet come to take the place of a stop-over ticket. The train in question had stopped and backed and gone ahead, and then stopped to back again, with all that irritating reiteration, which only a train, cut from its schedule, can exhibit. The dozen men in the smoking compartment had smoked and sworn, and then smoked to swear again. At length the conductor, who had persisted in saying nothing, did say something, as if his mind were a storage battery of disagreeables.

"We're stuck," he announced, "like a slipper in the mud. The track's torn up. They say the bridge is burned down—"

"Such are the ups and downs of travel," interrupted the fat, jocose drummer.

"Yes, sir," continued the conductor, "and there's nothing to be done except to grin and bear it."

"For how long?" asked the tall, thin man, who certainly looked as if he couldn't bear to grin.

"For at least twenty-four hours, with lessening chances thereafter."

There was a marked increase in the smoking and the swearing; even the obscure man, who had not yet spoken, nor had any one expected him to, sighed an anathema.

"I have it," exclaimed the fat and smiling drummer, enlarging the former attribute by the force of the latter. "I have it for ducats! Where do you say we are, conductor?"

"About half way between Luria and Danton."

"Exactly! And Bangs' Tavern is about half way, too, and not 100 rods from the line. Think of it, gentlemen, not 100 rods away from one of those cozy, old-fashioned hostelries you read about; the best of beds, the choicest of fare, the cheeriest of taprooms, and the steamiest of punches. And we sit here all the day idle. I propose we migrate and make a night of it. What d'ye say, doctor?"

The slight, delicate-appearing man, with pale face, intensified by snapping black eyes, and fine black mustache, who, during the preceding days had gained the general respect without apparently seeking it, responded pleasantly: "It sounds attractive and prolific of good things, coming from one who is so evidently an adept in them." The tall, thin man gloomily acquiesced, on the ground of safety; the mild men made haste to join the popular side, and soon the company set forth, with the fat, jovial drummer in the lead, and the obscure man lurking behind like a shadow to the mirth.

The leader proved as good as his word, as all commercial men do when taken uncommercially. Bangs' Tavern revealed itself as quite an ideal oasis in the behind-time desert, and free from hostile Bedouins—i. e., those who usurp the best beds. In fact, only the genial old landlord was in sight, though, of course, a host in himself. In the low-studded, dark-hued taproom, with chairs almost self-tipping against the wall, a fire already blazed on the mammoth hearth, for the autumnal twilight brought a chill; a fire fit to give a philanthropist all sorts and conditions of pain, so wasteful it was, with great logs criss-crossed underneath, and on top huge stumps extending distorted arms of flame. No need then of vaunting guests; this fire was a generous bill of fare all in itself. After the supper had accomplished all that was intended, the company gathered around the fire-side, and one of the mild men ventured to represent the general surprise.

"But how do you do it, landlord?" he asked. "Where do you get the custom and the experience?"

"Sleigh rides!" said the landlord, with a merry wink toward the steaming urn at the end of the bar.

"He makes hay all winter and hibernates all summer," explained the drummer. And to each one of the company there came the jingle of bells and the crisp patter of hoofs, a vision of rosy cheeks and bright eyes, and the hot fragrance of the indies. Somehow, as if from a silent vote, they all, anticipating the snow, sat encircling the shadowy room and yielded to good-fellowship. Their leader started off with a tale, as jolly and as broad as his face. The tall, thin man told an anecdote from a monthly magazine—such being his conception of fun. One of the mild men piped a festive lay which he had reserved for home use, and his brethren made various attempts to reach and exhibit a point, none of them, however, going in a straight line. Thus the hours passed merrily until some one said: "Come, doctor, it's your turn; you're the only one who hasn't contributed, except—except—"

"Except his mysterious nibs in the corner," broke in the fat and jovial drummer.

"His mysterious nibs in the corner," the obscure man, puffed out a mighty volume of smoke and hid himself behind it.

The doctor cast a quick glance around, which seemed to bring every one to attention.

"I'm sure, gentlemen," he began, "the only reason why I haven't hastened to add to the general interest has been from dread of inability. The life of a struggling physician in a small town is as commonplace as bread and butter, and sometimes the latter is omitted; and yet, you will not readily think, as I'm sure I didn't ten years ago, that a young medical man, unmarried and alone, without friends and practice, and settling in a strange place, is the safest person in the world to suddenly disappear. Who would care, except possibly his landlord for the sake of the rent? People would merely comment: 'Another one starved out!' and go on patronizing the long-established faculty so as to promote this progress. Were one of these, however, missing, the hue and cry would be as great as if raised by all the babies of that one's rearing.

"I was indeed alone and unknown then, but I never thought of the risk of my obscurity. It's only after experience that people do think, and what my experience was I shall tell you if the pipes and the bowl can furnish sufficient patience.

"In only one way had I made myself conspicuous, and that, alas! led rather to notoriety than to reputation. I had read a paper before the local medical society on aconite poisoning, in which, with all the zeal of an enthusiast, I had been so ill advised as to impugn the regularly accepted tests and to declare that the use of this drug for murder was in consequence attended by the least possible risk of detection. I had sinned still more against professional ethics by advocating that it would be well if some condemned criminal could be experimented on and a little real practical knowledge thus acquired.

"I confess I had used this more as an illustration than a theorem; but my audience, angered perhaps by some sarcastic strictures, had put the worst possible construction on my words, and had gravely denounced the proposition as subversive—yes, that's the word always used—as subversive of good morals."

"That was one on you," chuckled the drummer; "to make things even, we'll have one on me," and he winked to the landlord. "There's nothing like conviviality, hey, Nibsy?" he continued as he drew his chair into the corner by the obscure man and slapped him heavily on the knee.

"Ur? Ah!" ejaculated that furtive individual, "I believe I was asleep; I think I'll go to bed."

"Which you won't," replied the commercial man heartily. "Here's your toddy, so wet your whistle in good shape, for we are going to have a song from you after the gent finishes his sawbones experiences. The idea of leaving just in the shank of the evening!"

"Good! That's right! No retreating! Each one must toe the scratch," came from the enlivened mild man. "If one can stand it," promulgated the tall, thin man, "all must."

"Thanks," said the doctor, "you're a man after my own heart—a good ways after. Then, there's to be no sectional adjournment? I can try it on you all collectively? All right; here goes: The result of my bold attack on orthodoxy was, that, while people looked at me on the street, they didn't call at my office; indeed, the hours reserved for this contingency would have been appropriate ones for the reading of Byron's first published work. However hope deferred deadened my appetite sufficiently without having to resort to poesy, and I realized the importance of the Scriptural injunction: 'Physician, heal thyself!' for my heart was sick.

"One day a visitor called, too healthy to be a patient, but still a visitor, a fine looking young man, whom I already knew by sight as Mr. Blank, I'll say, one of the gilded youth of the town, rather notable from combining the diverse pursuits of science and gallantry. His introductory remarks were flattering. He had heard, as, indeed, every one had, of my remarkable thesis on aconite. As he was the most childish of children, picking up the smallest of pebbles, he begged me to lend it to him. If the manuscript was in autograph, that fact would increase his interest, for there was something fascinating in the handwriting of great men. Well, well! I glanced involuntarily toward the mirror and noted the bumps on my forehead with pride.

"Certainly I would oblige him; the original was quite at his service. After profuse thanks, Mr. Blank took the treasure away. For a week thereafter I was shaking the tree of fancy and picking up the fairest fruits of fame. Then came reality with a bludgeon and drove me away. I received back the essay with a courteous note, and the incident, like it, seemed closed. Lucky would I have been had this been so; lucky though I did consider myself when, a few nights later, a young and lovely woman hurriedly entered my office. One glance told me that if she wasn't present on business, then she had made a mistake.

"A young woman she surely was, youth shone from her clear eyes and glimmered through the ivory of her flesh; but lovely? Yes, if regularity of feature and artistic molding of form be loveliness; yet there was something repellant—I know the thought flashed over me that were she my wife I would carry my troubles to a statue before I would to her. And, indeed, she resembled the grandest of all statues as she stood resting back on one hip; but in Venus's posture there is composure, while hers was all pose. 'Come at once!' she began, in low, deep tones; 'my husband is very ill; he is Mr.—I'll say Mr. Nemo; professional secrecy must be observed, you know—and we live down on the river road.'

"I recollected the name at once as that of people of social prominence, and their residence as one of the prettiest detached villas on the outskirts of the town. 'Some sudden attack?' I asked as I seized my hat and medicine case. 'Yes, no, I don't know,' Mrs. Nemo replied, 'the heart, I think. We were all alone, as we had returned to town unexpectedly—the servants away. Oh, come, you are so slow. I'm so nervous, so agitated.' 'Doubtless you are, my lady,' I thought, as I opened the door for her, 'but you don't show it.'

"Her hand was as steady, her lips as composed, her eyes as triumphant, as if she had gained a deduction in my prospective bill. There was a cab in waiting, which hurried us in silence to our destination. A handsome residence, as I have said, surrounded by ornate grounds stretching back to the river. We alighted. Without an order the cab drove rapidly away. We passed into the house. Well fitted, it seemed to contain a mysterious sickness, so silent, so heavy was its air.

"Up the broad stairway we glided and into the second story front room. The gas jets were burning brightly and revealed all the elegance and luxury of wealth. On a great bed, with canopied top, lay the sick man, grizzled and worn with years, yet presenting an impalpable something which showed his superiority to them. Scarcely had I bent over him than I sprang back aghast. 'He's dead,' I cried, 'and he has been for some hours.' 'Yes,' replied Mrs. Nemo, not changing her languid position in an easychair.

"'He's dead,' I cried once more, a moment later, 'and I verily believe from aconite poisoning.'"

Here the chair in which the obscure man rested against the wall leaped forward and assumed its normal state with a bang.

"Whoa, there," exclaimed the drummer, with restraining hand, "getting a little restive, hey? Well, it is a long time, as his Excellency from the Palmetto state remarked. Here, landlord, there's more ill than flow to that bowl of yours. Just rectify the matter, will you?"

"I burned my finger with my cigar," said the obscure man, sulkily.

"If the gentleman will wait his turn," remarked the tall, thin man, suavely, "then he can give any kind of a performance he pleases from a song and dance to a contortion; meanwhile, I, for one, am interested in the doctor's story."

"That's right," assented the mild man, "go ahead, doctor. Any one who moves is fined the cigars."

After the landlord had borne the depleted urn back to the bar, and the commercial man with gentle force had tipped the obscure man into his former position, the doctor continued with the continuity of print:

"'Yes,' repeated the woman, with the same apathy. 'Yes, Madame; and I beg to most respectfully say that I regard the circumstances of this death as so suspicious—' 'Perhaps, sir,' she interrupted, rising with sinuous grace, 'you will reserve these tones for one better able than I to reply to them,'" and she slowly left the room. For a moment I stood bewildered, scarcely appreciating where I was or what had happened, when there was a firm, buoyant step, and Mr. Blank entered. He was in full evening dress, and as he paused easily under the chandelier, with his right hand behind his back, from eyes and teeth and diamond studs there came the glitter of remorseless triumph.

"Then I remembered—just what, I cannot say; but a breath of scandal which at some time I had heard connecting this man's name with that of Mrs. Nemo. I believe he interpreted at once the significance in my face. 'Let us sit down,' he said, courteously, 'and talk over the situation.' 'I shall talk over the situation,' I asserted, as I advanced toward the door, 'but not with you; I leave that privilege to the lawyer who will defend you.' 'That chair there,' he continued, 'yes, that will do nicely,' and as he spoke he stretched out his right hand and leveled a revolver at me. What could I do? Some one more heroic than I must answer.

"What I did do was to obey supinely, immediately. Then through the drawn curtains there came a sound that chilled my blood, though nothing harsher than a silver laugh. They parted and Mrs. Nemo glided in and leaned with insolent grace over the back of the chair in which Mr. Blank sat. Her jeweled fingers even dared stroke his hair, and she looked mockingly at me as they did so. 'Pardon, my lady, for one instant,' said Mr. Blank, and he backed to the bed and pulled the canopy around in complete envelopment. 'Out of sight out of mind,' he murmured, as he returned, 'and now to business. Your patient, doctor,' he continued, 'is dead; he died of heart failure. You will, of course, give your certificate to that effect. The decedent's executor will very liberally compensate you for your skill and care, alas! so fruitless, and we will all go on our way rejoicing.'

"'Yes, he has already gone,' remarked Mrs. Nemo, with a glance toward the bed. The more I looked at this woman, the more my rage and disgust concentrated on her. As for the man, I felt a sort of contemptuous pity. Poor dupe. I was satisfied of one thing. The more I studied the cold, changeless face bending over him, beautiful if marble can possess any human beauty, the more I became convinced—"

"Of what? You were satisfied of what? You were convinced of what?" breathlessly broke in the obscure man.

"That, my friend," returned the doctor, coolly, "remains to be seen; I keep my good things for the finish, like a dessert after a hearty meal. Just be patient."

"Ah," sighed the commercial man, pushing his chair back to its original place. "I'm so comfortable," he added, as a general explanation.

"It's the fat," announced the tall, thin man, disconsolately; "now I feel like a string dipped in ice water."

"Oh, go on!" growled the obscure man, as he bent forward in the full light, "and let us know what all this stuff means." A spare, sallow individual he was, with nervously straining hands, bearing about him in boots and clothing, in eye and lip, the evident marks of wear and want. The mild men stared at him as if entranced and said not a word.

"To resume, then," responded the doctor, cheerfully, "as the dentist said when he tackled the lower jaw. For a moment I remained in silence, fascinated by my perception of this woman's nature; then I answered doggedly: 'I won't do it. That man has been murdered.'

"'Like most men who have undergone medical treatment,' Mr. Blank sneered. 'But I'm sure you will, you know; it will be so much pleasanter for all concerned. And, indeed you have. Look here,' and he handed me a folded paper. I examined it with protruding eyes; it was a certificate of the death of Jabez Nemo from heart failure, properly made out in my own handwriting, and signed with my veritable signature. I couldn't deny a stroke of it. I tore the document into shreds, and then braced myself for an attack.

"None came, however. That silvery laugh rippled, and Mr. Blank evilly smiled. 'I had a specimen of your chirography,' he explained, 'and that was my first attempt at imitation—pretty good, hey? But not a marker to the one I shall file, if necessary.' 'Yes, but I'll denounce you both, just as soon, just as soon—' 'Ah, just as soon! There's a contingency dependent on your "just as soon." You are here in our power; a despondent, unsuccessful man, for whom no one cares. Suppose your body is found floating in the river. You know enough to know that the signs of strangulation would have disappeared. There wouldn't be public interest enough to pay for the probing of the coroner's verdict of "suicide." Take the extremest hypothesis of hard luck.

"'Suppose traces of aconite poisoning were discovered in our quiet friend over there. What then? You were the attendant physician, an enthusiast, a crank on the subject of that very drug. You had evidently experimented and had fatally failed, and then had destroyed yourself from remorse. And every quack in town, to use the most comprehensive term for your associates, would cry "Amen!" No, no, you must swear to do our will; you shall be well paid for it, and really we would much prefer to avoid all future trouble.'

"Again that silvery laugh! I turn my eyes from my accuser's earnest gaze; I looked steadfastly on that woman bending over the man like a condemned spirit. What did I see through the gloss of her sleekness? An abnormal creature, one possessed by devils, who must have been discomfited by her greater diabolism! Her lips were parted, her eyes glowed with enjoyment; she was fairly feasting on my peril. "No, no," I muttered, and still I watched. She bent low and rubbed her cheeks against the man's face, and then glided around the room.

I followed her every movement in the pier glass. When she was back of me, she stopped and poised, and smiling still signaled. How he, that wretched cat's paw, feasted and gloated on her audacious glory, for the instant oblivious of me and of their purpose! I saw her unbind from her waist a fantastic silken girdle, and even in my despair I felt sorry for him. The poor fool, I thought, he will go from crime to crime at the pleasure of a monstrosity, a veritable Lamia, a fiend incarnate, with naught but malignity in her veins, who is incapable of affection or even of passion, who loves him not, who—

"You lie! you lie! you know you lie!" screamed the obscure man, springing to his feet. "I don't know who you are, or what you are driving at, but you lie in your throat. She did love me, yes, me, and ah! so tenderly. What do I care for consequences? Since she has gone, why have I lingered so long? Of course I poisoned that old man, an impotent miser, who had bought a sweet young girl. Of course I made way with that fool of physician, just as I would kick any other obstacle out of my path. What then? Look here!" and he made a movement to his lips, "you prate about aconite; there goes a dose sufficient for ten men. Now cease your foul slander, d—n you!"

After a little quiet was restored, the mild men sourced off to bed, and the "doctor," the tall, thin man, and the "drummer" sat before the fading embers, finishing their cigars.

"He died lying for her sake," explained the doctor; "there is no doubt of her active complicity in those mysterious deaths. After they had obtained the old man's wealth they went to Europe, for no one suspected them. Then the doctor's body was found. At first people did say 'suicide,' but as the years rolled on a hundred little circumstances came to light, from which I constructed the yarn I told."

"But the man?" inquired the tall, thin man. "You described him as a dashing young gallant; surely, that melancholy, cowering wretch could not have been he?"

"They went to Europe," repeated the "doctor," "and disappeared. They led a merry life—that is, a short one. The money vanished; the woman died, and he wandered back. It's strange how they always do wander, those sons of Cain! Of course, privation and anxiety have changed him. My partner and I got on to him some weeks since, and have been following him; but we lacked proof, and had to try to make him furnish it."

"I know you were on the right lay," said the fat and jovial "drummer," "when you began to abuse."

"I was sorry for him, too," added the "doctor," "but one is responsible for one's deeds."

"Yes," rejoined the tall, thin man; "a man is a free agent for evil, but a puppet for good."

"I sometimes think I'll give over the business entirely," concluded the "doctor." "It's depressing, and destroys one's faith in humanity. I have little children at home, and I like to think that they are sure to be good and pure."

"Ut! Tut! What nonsense!" laughed the fat and jovial "drummer." "It pays well," and he drained the urn into his glass.

Seeing a Friend.

"Where have you been, Mr. Duly?" asked Mrs. Duly, as her husband plowed his way to his seat beside her in the theatre.

"Been out to see a friend."

"Does your friend keep a distillery?"

"No," replied Duly, placing his hand to his mouth.

"Does he keep a cigar store?"

"Not that I know of."

"Maybe he is a school teacher and carries chalk around with him."

Duly brushed a dash of billard chalk off his clothes and said nothing.

"Or does he run a spice mill?"

"Be still, can't you, Maria?" said Duly, in desperation. "The curtain is going up."

But he didn't leave her again during the evening.

Why He Retired from Business.

An editor who just retired from the newspaper business, gives the following as one of the reasons:

"A child is born, the doctor in attendance gets $10, the editor notes it and gets 0; it is christened, the minister gets $5, the editor writes it up and gets 00; it marries, the minister gets another fee, the editor gets a piece of cake or 000; in the course of time it dies, the doctor gets from $5 to $10, the minister gets another $5, the undertaker $25 to $50—the editor prints it and receives 0000—and then the privilege of running free of charge a card of thanks."—[Peck's Sun.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." Carlos Martyn, D.D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." Edwin F. Pardee, M. D., "The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York.

AN IRISH LANDLORD.

Went Mad When His Tenants Voted Against Him.

The Recollections of Aubrey de Vere, printed in The Century, are full of striking stories of life in Ireland a generation ago. In the October number he tells of the great struggle in which the cry was "Repeal of the Union." Mr. de Vere writes:

An election was to take place in the County of Limerick, and both sides prepared for the conflict. Nearly all the proprietors were banded together against Repeal, and O'Connell, including the few who had advocated Catholic Emancipation. The candidate on the opposite side was a man of ancient family, excellent character, and not, I think, a Repealer, but it suited the Repeal game to support him, in order to separate the tenants from their landlords. Of these the most powerful by far was a certain nobleman the Earl of K—, whose territories, 60,000 acres, with a rental of £40,000 per annum, extended through a large part of three counties, and included much of these Desmond lands, some 600,000 acres of which had been confiscated by Queen Elizabeth in a single day. He was also, I believe, descended in the female line from the "White Knight," to whom that title had been given after a battle fought, many centuries previously, by the "White Knight's" father, the Earl of Desmond.

The despotic temper of the Earl of K was no doubt increased by scenes which he had witnessed as a boy. When he was but fourteen, during a great social gathering at his father's residence a profligate neighbor, one of the country gentry, though a married man, induced a daughter of the house to elope with him. The moment the crime was discovered the earl accompanied by the boy, went in pursuit of the criminal. After several days' pursuit the outraged father arrived, late in the night, at an inn which the fugitives had reached a few hours previously. He got out of his carriage, accompanied by his young son, with a pistol in each hand mounted the stairs. A door was pointed out to him. It was locked; but the earl kicked it open. A man rushed foward; the earl fired two pistols, and the betrayer fell dead at his feet. The earl was arraigned for this act before the Irish House of Lords, and made no defence. The peers walked processionally in their robes, and each as he passed the throne, laid his hand on his breast and pronounced the verdict, "Not guilty, upon my honor." A few years later the boy witnessed another important event. He had become a young officer; the Irish rebellion of 1798 burst out, and with several other persons he was suddenly captured, and detained as a hostage. When fortune turned against the insurgents, in the first rage of disappointment a massacre ensued, and he had a narrow escape from death.

When the family estates had become his own, the earl is said to have ruled with a sway almost as absolute as that of one of his forefathers who, as was reported, transported several persons to America on his own sole authority. He had been for a long time kept out of the family residence by the protracted life of his mother. On her death he sent at once for an architect. "Build me," he said, 'a castle. I am no judge of architecture, but it must be larger than any other house in Ireland, and it must have an entrance tower named the 'White Knight's Tower.' No delay! It is time for me to enjoy." When the castle was half finished a wealthy manufacturer built a huge chimney in the square of the town which crouched beneath the hill on which that castle stood. The earl sent him orders to pull it down or depart, two invitations which the man of business declined. The earl drove down into the town, and, as usual, a crowd collected about his carriage. He said: "I am come to wish you good-by, boys. This place is but a small place, and there is not room in it for me and that man [pointing to the factory]. He says the law is on his side and I dare say it is. Consequently I go to England tomorrow morning." During the night the lord of industry received a visit from uninvited guests; the next morning no smoke went over the towers and the woods, and on the third day he had taken his departure.

On the day of the election the earl sat with his candidate in the house of a friend at Limerick, surrounded by a gay company, while the K—— tenantry marched past the window. Mr. de Vere thus describes the scene that followed:

After an hour or two a dullness began to spread over that gay apartment, and many talked in whispers. The earl soon perceived that all was not right, and its usual sternness returned to his strong face. "You are hiding something from me," he exclaimed; "something has gone wrong; what has happened?" After a pause a gentleman moved forward, and replied, "My lord, what has gone wrong is this: the K—— tenantry have voted." "What of that?" "My lord, they have voted with the enemy to a man! The other tenants are following their example. The election is lost.

During the whole of the next day he sat alone in his castle, speaking to none, and seen by none. Late the second night the bell of his bedroom rang without intermission, and a short time afterward mounted couriers were scouring all parts of his estates, commanding the attendance at a certain specified hour of all the tenantry in occupation of its 61,000 acres. When the appointed hour arrived, he sat enthroned on the dais at one end of a gallery a hundred feet long; his official persons were ranged near him in a line at each side of that gallery. The tenants thronged in at the lower end of the gallery advancing nearer each moment, as their numbers increased to where the earl sat. His eye was fixed upon them with that look for which it was famed, but he spoke no word. Suddenly its expression changed; he leaped from his seat, raised his arms on high, and exclaimed: "They are come to tear me in pieces!" The next night but one he was in a mad-house. There he continued to live for many years, faithfully attended by a devoted wife; but he is said never to have had a lucid interval.

The Chinese Son of Heaven.

In Pekin is the residence of a monarch who is still the Son of Heaven to 350,000,000 human beings, whom a bare score of flying foreigners have even seen, and who at the end of the nineteenth century leads an existence befitting the Veiled Prophet of Khorassan. He is Vicegerent of Heaven, himself all but a god, and lives a prisoner's life. To the innermost palace no man is admitted, and the imperial person and harem are surrounded by a vast body of eunuchs estimated from 6,000 to 10,000. When the Emperor goes out nobody is allowed in the streets, which are very likely paved for the occasion, while the houses are barricaded or closed with mats.

The ceremonial functions of his life are manifold and engrossing, and his education in the native classics is not neglected. Kuang Hsu, the present Emperor, takes a deep interest in everything English, and receives daily lessons in our language from two Chinese students, who, unlike the Ministers, are allowed to sit in his presence; but with the sad routine of his official life, rigidly prescribed by an adamantine etiquette, and the temptations of the harem, it is unlikely that an Emperor of China can develop force of character or learn lessons of statecraft. Should a strong sovereign emancipate himself from the petrified traditions of the palace, the phantom of imperial power would, it is said, collapse.—[The National Review.

Sleep and Long Life.

Sleep as a prolonger of life is upheld by a curious calculation which appeared in a recent medical work on the digestive organs and faculties. The duration of human life may be ascertained by the pulsations of the body. Say a man lives to 70 years, his heart beating 60 to the minute, the pulsations in that time foot up to 2,207,520,000. If by intemperance or any other cause he raises pulsation to 75 a minute, the same number of pulsations would be finished in 56 years, thereby abbreviating his life by 14 years. And as the number of pulsations is less in a sleeping than in a waking state it stands to reason that a long sleeper has a much better prospect of a long life than a person who is satisfied with short naps. Napoleon I who slept very little, did not attain old age. General Butler, who could sleep at will, rounded out a good ripe sheaf of years.

Campello, Mass.

Spots on the Eyes

Sight Affected After an Attack of the Measles

Hood's Sarsaparilla Restores Clear Vision and Cures Headache.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"About nine years ago I was sick with the measles, which left my eyes very sore. They would swell so that I could scarcely see, and I could not stand the light. I could hardly sleep at night because the pain was too great. After a short time white spots came on my eyes, making my sight dim, so that I could hardly distinguish an object held close to the eyes. I tried three doctors, but they would only make them better for a short time and then the trouble would be worse than ever. In the spring of 1886

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I heard about a boy whose eyes had been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla and decided to try it. My eyes got much better after I had taken the first bottle, and have now been well for over a year. I also used to have severe headaches, but I seldom have a headache now." AMANDA PETTERSON, Campello, Mass.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, carefully prepared from the best ingredients. 25c.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

R. W. Curry,
Contractor & Builder.

JOBBING

Of all kinds promptly done at reasonable rates.
Estimates given on all work when desired.

CARPENTER SHOP—11 MILL STREET.
RESIDENCE—HOFFMAN PLACE.
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Entirely Remodeled under a New Management

Shirts, Collars and Cuffs,

A Special Feature.

Family Washing

By the Week or Month.

Feather Beds and Mattresses renovated and made over.

Draperies, Carpets, Rugs, Furniture,

Cleansed and Disinfected in NAPHTHA.
Blankets scoured without shrinking.

Hot, Cold & Steam Baths.

Everything first-class. Satisfaction guaranteed. CAPACITY UNLIMITED. Send for Price list.

Office & Works, cor. Pond avenue and Warner street.

F. M. VINCENT, Manager.
1-7

FARMS FOR SALE

ALL PARTS OF THE ISLAND.

Whipple & Son,

26 Bellevue Avenue.
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Bottled Ale,

75 cents per dozen,

FOR FAMILY USE A SPECIALTY.

T. J. LYON,

3 and 5 BULL'S WHARF.
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PIANOS TO RENT For the Season.

A Large Stock to Select from.

FINE STATIONERY,
FINE LINEN PAPER,
CREAM WOVE AND LAID, AT
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Agency for the Mason & Hamlin Organs.

John Rogers,
210 THAMES ST

The Best is the Cheapest

"The Diamond C" HAMS, SHOULDERS, AND BACON

Are cured from R. I. Pork and Corn Cob, Smoked, and are the Best

For Sale at

COGGESHALL'S MARKET,
2 & 4 Washington Square, and 130 Thames Street.

Printing OF EVERY KIND

Done at shortest notice, in the best manner and at the lowest prices, at the

Mercury Office,
182 THAMES St.

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Now is the time to lay in your winter supply of "Coal." We have got everything to suit you at low summer prices. White Ash Coal in all sizes that is the very best quality mined. Lykens Valley and Red Ash Coal, clean, dry and clean of stone.

PERRY BROTHERS.

"LYKENS VALLEY" COAL

NOW DISCHARGING BY

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TWO CARGOES LYKENS VALLEY and "CORBIN" RED ASH

COAL!

Stove and Chestnut Sizes.

EDWARD P. MARSH,
Funeral Director & Embalmer.

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FARES REDUCED—ONLY $2 TO NEW YORK

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Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission.

Leave Newport, week days at 9:15 P. M. Sundays, 10:15 P. M. Due New York, 7:00 A. M. RETURNING, leave New York, from Pier 28 (old No.) N. R., foot of Murray street, week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. Eastward steamer touches at Newport at 3:15 A. M.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York and Boston Despatch Express office, 272 Thames street, J. L. Greene, Ticket Agent.

GEO. L. CONNOR, Pass'r Traffic Manager.
O. H. TAYLOR, Gen. Pass'r Agent, New York
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.

NEWPORT AND WICKFORD

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT CO.

THE WICKFORD ROUTE.

In effect November 1, 1894.

Leave	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newport	10 00	4 20	†8 00
Providence, arrive	12 00	6 15	9 56
Boston "	1 15	7 30	11 00
New York	4 30	11 00	‖
	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.

Leave	NIGHT.	A.M.	P.M.
New York	*12 00	5 00	1 00
Boston	....	10 07	3 00
Providence	....	11 13	5 00
Newport, arrive	8 35	1 00	7 00
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.

*Saturdays excepted. This train runs through to Providence and connects with 6 40 A. M. train for Newport.

‖Washington Express due Harlem River Station, N. Y., 2:15 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:37 A. M.; Washington, 10:42 A. M.

†Through train between Wickford Junction, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington without change. Also connects at Providence with Mail Train due in New York at 7 A. M.

For Tickets and Drawing Room chairs apply at Steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

U. U. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

CONTINENTAL STEAMBOAT CO.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, OCT. 1,

LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

PROVIDENCE

Week days only at 8 A. M. Leave Providence for Newport week days only at 4 P. M.

☞ Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

All freight must be delivered at wharf thirty minutes before boat leaves to insure shipment.

A. LIVINGSTON MASON, General Manager.

1894 TIME TABLE 1894

Jamestown and Newport Ferry Co.

On and after Friday, Sept. 21,

STEAMER CONANICUT

WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30 P. M. Sundays, 8.36, 10.30 A. M.; 1.00, 6.00 P. M.

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 9.45, 11.15 A. M., 12.55, 2.15, 3.45, 5.00, 6.00 P. M. Sundays, 8.00, 10.00 A. M.; 12.30, 5.30 P. M.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Sunday, Oct. 14, 1894, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.00, 2.65, 5.20, c9.15 P. M. Return 5.45, 8.20, a9.30 A. M., 12 M., 3.40, 4.35, a5.10, b6, P. M. Middletown and Portsmouth Grove (flag stops), 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.65, 5.20 P. M. Portsmouth, 1.35, 10.15, A. M., 2.65, 5.20 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.00, 2.65, 5.20, c9.15 P. M. Tiverton, Fall River and Taunton, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 1.00, 2.65, 5.20, c9.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.65, 5.20 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.35, A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.35 A. M., 2.65 P. M. New Bedford, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.20 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.65 P. M. Lowell, 7.35 A. M., 2.65 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 7.35, 10.15 A. M. Nantucket, 7.35 A. M. Providence, 7.35, 10.15 A. M., 2.65, 5.20 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.55 A. M., 12.45, 4.20, d6.30 P. M.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6.00 P. M. Return, 4.30 A. M., b7.00 P. M. Providence, 4.05 P. M. Return, 9.50 A. M., d6.30 P. M. Middletown, 4.05, 6.00 P. M. Bristol Ferry, Tiverton and Fall River, 4.05, 6.00 P. M. Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree and New Bedford, 6.00 P. M.

aPark Square Station.
bPark Square Station, boat from Fall River.
dBoat from Fall River.
eFrom the wharf. No tickets sold at wharf.

J. R. KENDRICK, 3d Vice President, Boston.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Gen'l. Sup't. Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Ag't. Newport, R. I.

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REFRIGERATOR?

Do you want one that is ...

Simple, Durable, Economical

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INEXPENSIVE?

You can find all these qualities in the

EDDY.

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W. K. COVELL'S,

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SEE THE

New York Sunday Herald,

JULY 8.

FOUR PAGES OF

Beautiful Illustrations,

AN

Artistic Colored Cartoon,

The SPIDER and THE FLY.

Also Scenes at all the Summer Resorts.

For Sale Wholesale and Retail, at

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OZONIZED Norwegian COD LIVER OIL WITH GUAIACOL

There is not the least mystery about Slocum's Ozonized Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, with Guaiacol. The proprietors are perfectly willing to tell what it is made of. First, the oil, of course, Then

Ozone,

a very active form of Oxygen,

full of healthful, healing properties, and finally Guaiacol or purified creosote, made from the resin of beechwood. United in a compound *pleasant to take* and certain to be retained on the stomach, these three foes to disease cure consumption.

Send for Book on Ozone, mailed free.

Prepared by T. A. Slocum Co., New York.

Clothing.

JUST RECEIVED.

MY

Fall Stock

OF,

Clothing, Hats

AND

NECKWEAR.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

189 THAMES STREET,

Agent for Rogers, Peet & Co.'s Clothing.

NEW

Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER

200 THAMES STREET.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

17 Mill Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.

Liveries of every description made to order.

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-28

Special Bargains!

For the next 30 days we offer our entire line of

Fall and Winter Woolens

Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 15 per cent. less than our regular prices. This we do in order to make room for our Spring and Summer styles, which we will receive about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

McLENNAN BROTHERS,

184 Thames Street,

MERCURY BUILDING.

Farmers and Gardeners!

ATTENTION

Having again secured a large stock of

HENRY C. ANTHONY'S

Garden and Vegetable Seeds

I would respectfully notify the public that this is the only place in Newport where these superior seeds can be obtained. All orders entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. I would especially call the attention of the public to the superior and tested

ONION SEED AND SWEET CORN,

which are pronounced the best in the market

A. A. BARKER,

Dealer in Groceries' Grain, Farming Utensils, etc.

112 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, R. I.
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A FULL LINE OF THE

LATEST STYLES

—IN—

FOOTWEAR,

Can be found at

The F. Mumford Seabury Co.,

THAMES STREET.

Spotting a Criminal.

The system which was invented by M. Bertillon, consists in recording the measurements of divers bony parts of the human frame—parts which do not alter with any change which age or accident or device may make in the muscular tissue and are not affected by the subsequent fatness or corpulence of an individual. These measurements are: Full height, height when sitting, length and breadth of the skull, length of middle and little fingers of left hand, length of left fore arm and foot and full stretch of the arms; the length and width of right ear, the color of the hair and eyes, and any scars, moles, &c., on hands, arms, face, and bust are also accurately recorded. With these data M. Bertillon is able to establish the identity of any criminal who has been through his hands.

The way in which he accomplishes this is ingenious and merits some explanation. He divides each measurement into three classes—the large, the medium, and the small. We will suppose that he has 90,000 sets of measurements before him to classify. He commences by the length of the head, selecting that measurement because the skull of the adult never grows, and the measurer cannot be deceived, as he might be in taking the full height of the body. By this means he is enabled to reduce the 90,000 into three categories of about 30,000 each.

The width of the head is treated in the same manner, and the classes are reduced to 10,000 each with broad, medium, or narrow skulls. The length of the middle finger provides another divisor, and further reduces each class to 3,300. By the length of the left foot the divisions are brought down to about 1,100 each, and the length of the fore arm reduces them to less than 400 each. The original 90,000 has thus been divided into 213 groups, each containing between 800 and 400. This number is still too large for working purposes, and so the 400 persons are divided into three more classes, of about 140 each, according as they are tall, short, or of medium height.

The length of the little finger will further reduce this to lots of less than 50 each, and, finally by the color of the eyes, of which M. Bertillon distinguishes seven varieties, the classes are brought to parcels which should average about 7 each, but which in reality vary from 3 to 20, some colors being more frequent than others. This completes the particulars used for classification, but, in order to eliminate even the remotest chance of error, there are added the length and width of the right ear—which form a valuable indication—the height when sitting, and the full stretch of the arms.—[The Nineteenth Century.

Reaches all Because It is Free.

Do you want to be strong and healthy? Well, here is the best opportunity you ever had. A system of free letter correspondence has been established by Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place, Boston Mass., the most successful specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases. You don't need to leave your homes to make a long journey or pay any doctor's fee, and both of these considerations have prevented thousands from getting well. But just write him a letter stating how you feel, and he will answer it, giving a complete description of your case and telling you just what to do to get well.

He gives most careful attention to every letter, and with his vast experience makes you see at a glance exactly what ails you. And for all this he makes no charge. He makes a specialty of treating patients through letter correspondence, and is making wonderful cures. He is the discoverer of that worldrenowned medicine, Dr. Green's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which is curing more people than any other medicine ever made. The most sensible thing you can do is to write him at once and there is not much doubt but that it will result in your being cured. Remember it costs nothing to find out all about your case.

Chinese Pawnbrokers.

Among the Canton houses there are occasional exceptions to the general one storied or low constructions. Some of these are built like square towers four or five stories high, with no outside windows save at a considerable distance above the ground and no outside projection by which thieves might climb up. These establishments are called pawnshops, but they appeared to me more to resemble our banks where we place deeds and other valuables for safety. I understand it is usual among the Chinese to deposit their possessions of value, when not in use, in these establishments. The people also store there during summer their winter clothing, and loans may be obtained against the goods stored. To have dealings with a pawnshop is in no way considered derogatory to a Chinese gentleman's dignity.—[Florence O'Driscoll, M. P., in the November Century.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

Dana's

SARSAPARILLA

The Kind That Cures

Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, Female Complaints, Nervous Prostration, La Grippe, Blood, Nerve, Kidney, or Skin Troubles.

The Real Truth.

JAMESTOWN,
NEWPORT CO., R. I.

For twenty-five years I had Rheumatism so bad I could not even fix my hair; with this were Heart troubles and terrible Headaches. What I suffered none but God and I can ever know.

I tried Sarsaparilla, Pills, &c., but obtained little good. I have now had five bottles of DANA'S, and used four of your plasters for my back. I consider myself well again.

DANA'S is always good, and I shall always keep it in my house. This is the real truth I have told you.

MRS. THOMAS POWELL.
% P. P. BROWN, JR.

It Cures Dyspepsia,

5 WELCOME ST.,
NEW BEDFORD,
BRISTOL CO., MASS.

I believe DANA'S is the only REAL CURE for Dyspepsia in the market. Both myself and my neighbors have been cured by it of Dyspepsia and Sick Headache. I recommend it to all my friends.

RICHARD DUNSE.

See that you get DANA'S.

Cheating With Dice.

The New York World recently gave an account of some devices for cheating at cards described by John Nevil Maskelyne, a well-known English sleight-of-hand performer, in his book "Sharps and Flats." In the same book, he tells how dice are loaded and otherwise falsified, by which means innocent gamblers are cheated of as much money as at cards.

Methods of cheating with dice are divided into two classes—the manipulation of the proper dice and the employment of improper ones.

The familiar "loaded dice" of romance are clumsy affairs now little used. They do not spin properly, which reveals their peculiarities to intelligent people.

The commonest way of manipulating fair dice is called "securing." One die is held against the inside edge of the box, while the others are rattled freely in the box. One therefore falls to the table in the position in which it has been held. The inside edge of the box is roughed with glasspaper to prevent the die from slipping.

The die to be secured is taken from the table with the six upward, which falls from the box again in that position. Of course, it requires great skill and care to remove the fingers so that the die falls on the face intended. Only practice makes perfect.

By this method the lowest possible throw with two dice will be seven. The average of an infinite number of fair throws is seven. With one die secured it is necessarily much higher.

Dice which do not bear the correct number of spots on their faces are called "dispatchers." "Loaded" dice are, of course, loaded in one side and tend to fall with one side downward. "Electric dice" are the very newest device.

Dispatchers are of two kinds, high and low. In a high dispatcher three adjacent sides of a die are marked with two, four and six, respectively. In fair dice two opposite sides number together seven spots. In dispatchers, the side opposite six is six, opposite four is four and opposite two is two.

In a low dispatcher three adjacent sides are marked one, two and three. A high dispatcher cannot throw less than two, and a low more than three. If the sharp uses a high dispatcher and gives a low one to his opponent, each using one fair die as well, the former will average thirty per cent. better than the latter in his throws.

A price list of gambling commodities says:

"Loaded Dice—Made of selected ivory, loaded with quicksilver, and can be shaken from the box so as to come high or low, as you wish. With a set of these you will find yourself winner at all dice games, and carry off the prize at every raffle you attend. Sold in sets of nine dice, three high, three low and three fair. Price per set complete, $5."

Electric dice are made of celluloid. A cylindrical cavity is bored from the six sides almost to the face of the ace side. At the bottom of the cavity, immediately above the ace, is a thin disk of iron. The cavity is filled in with cork, and a loaded disk of the same weight as the iron one, leaving space for the insertion of a celluloid plug bearing the six spots. The die is therefore evenly balanced and will spin like a fair one.

These dice must be used on a table having an electric magnet beneath it which can be put in and out of effect at the will of the sharp. The magnet brings the ace side, near which is the iron disk, against the table and turns up the six. The sharper demagnetizes the magnet before lifting the die from the table, otherwise its efforts to stay there would be noticeable.

Unfair dice are usually "rung in" after the game has commenced.

Electric dice are particularly useful in hazard. A pair of dice being made to fall six and one, he can throw a "nick" whenever he pleases. If he gives his dupe a pair, made to fall both sixes or both aces, the dupe can be made to throw a "crab" whenever his opponent pleases.

A dice top, or testotum, can be made to fall on any particular side, after the manner of a loaded die.

In false roulette wheels the copper points forming the recesses into which the ball falls are made to move in two sets. By moving one of these slightly the man who spins the wheel can close all the high numbers or all the small ones, according to the betting.

New Magazines.

The ever pressing problem, How can reforms be effected in the government of American cities? is ably considered by Mr. H. C. Merwin in the November Atlantic Monthly, in a paper entitled "Tammany Points the Way," wherein he urges that the same agencies—efficient organization and leadership—which have assisted Tammany to do evil, might be equally helpful in a good cause. Mr. George Birkbeck Hill, the editor of the late Life of Johnson, reviews, in a very readable fashion, some of "Boswell's Proof-Sheets," which are now in the unrivaled collection of Johnsoniana, belonging to Mr. R. B. Adam, of Buffalo. "Reginald Pole," by H. W. Preston and Louise Dodge is on exceedingly interesting study of one of the most notable personages of the England of Henry VIII. Mr. William Everett discusses "Hadrian's Ode to his Soul," and offers a new translation. Mr. Lafcadio Hearn shows some curious phases of Japanese life in passages "From my Japanese Diary," and Mr. J. M. Ludlow speaks from an English standpoint of "The Growth of American Influence over England." "Seward's Attitude toward Compromise and Secession in 1860-1861" is treated by Mr. Frederic Bancroft. Mr. H. E. Scudder contributes a suggestive article on "The Academic Treatment of English," and Mr. Richard Burton considers the dramatic impressionist, Maurice Maeterlinck. Fiction is attractively presented in the first installment of a striking two-part story, "The Trumpeter," by Mary Hallock Foote, and "Rosa: a Story of Sicilian Customs," by Dr. Giuseppe Pitre' of Palermo. The poems of the month are "Indian Summer," by John Vance Cheney, and "The Kitten," by Marion Couthouy Smith, and the department of reviews is as full and varied as usual, as may also be said of the entertaining Contributors' Club.

The Soldier, the Indian, and the Whiskey.

"The way an Indian loves whiskey beats everything," said the soldier. "I once met a Cheyenne on his pony. 'Give me a drink of whiskey; I'll give you my bridle for it,' says he. 'No,' says I. 'I'll give you my saddle,' says he. 'No,' says I. 'I'll give you my pony,' says he. 'No,' says I. Finally, if you'll believe it, he offered his bridle and saddle and pony all in a bunch for a drink!"

"Well, and wouldn't you give it to him for all that?" asked the soldier's listener.

"Not much," said the soldier. "I had only one drink left, and I wanted that myself."—[Ex.

An ounce of solid home work is worth more than a pound of convention enthusiasm.

Does Not Bite the Tongue

B-L

Tobacco

is free from

copperas or any

injurious adulterations.

GREELEY'S MANNERS WERE BAD.

But They Were Forgiven For His Fine After Dinner Speech.

The genial old philanthropist, Horace Greeley, went to New Orleans after the south had taken him to her heart in grateful recognition of his action in going on the Jeff Davis bail bond, and the people were anxious to show him every attention in their power

A dinner seemed to be the proper thing, and the markets of New Orleans, than which there are few better in the world, were ransacked to make the occasion as notable for its viands as for the distinction of the guest and the diners. Judge Walker, the veteran editor of The Picayune, presided. He was a great gormand, and after the manner of gormands wished none of the fine points of the dinner to be lost to the guest for lack of commentary.

"Mr. Greeley," said he, "these oysters are the best that come to our market, and we think they vie with those of Norfolk. I observe that you are not eating them."

"Well, no," replied Greeley. "The truth is I never could abide shellfish." And he passed.

Then came some delicious green turtle soup, which Judge Walker explained was prepared from the finest fat turtle the Florida bays could afford.

"No doubt, no doubt," was the reply in Greeley's peculiar whine, "but cold blooded animals are an abomination to me."

The pompano, imperial fish that it is, and fresh from the gulf, was open to the same objection, despite Judge Walker's eulogy, and that, too, was passed. Mr. Greeley barely tasted the accompanying Parisian dainty and shook his head ruefully at the idea that anybody would impair his digestion by eating cucumbers. Shrimp salad, another New Orleans delicacy, proved no more tempting. Shrimps, he said, looked so much like worms that they always give him the creeps.

"Ah, here is something you will like—a homely dish in name," said Judge Walker, "but fit for the gods. It is a Galicia ham." And then he went on to tell how the hogs from which these hams were obtained were fed only on chestnuts, making the flesh luscious and delicious.

"Perhaps so, very interesting indeed," observed Greeley, "but do you know, judge, that there is so much talk of trichina nowadays that I wouldn't dare taste a bit of pork."

The judge gave up in despair. The only things in all the array of dainties which had been provided which Mr. Greeley would eat were bread, potatoes and cauliflower, and he feared that he might be overloading his stomach at that. But when it came to the speaking, although he had drunk nothing but cold water, he spoke as one inspired and with a fervor, eloquence and tenderness that nobody at the table could ever forget.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Stratford-upon-Avon.

It is a pity that the Americans are not allowed to buy Stratford-upon-Avon and transport it to the States. They would at least treat it with the respect it deserves, which is more than we do. A short time ago the carved oak doors which were placed at the north end of the church a century before Shakespeare was born, were temporarily removed, whereupon a utilitarian churchwarden sold them as lumber. The purchaser intends to build a pigsty with them. Those of the inhabitants who have heard of Shakespeare are indignant. And this is what the purchaser bought as the price of a pigsty he is willing to resell at the price of historic relics.—Pall Mall Budget.

Newport Illuminating Company

Electric Fans of all Designs.

STORES, OFFICES and RESIDENCES wired and lighted by INCANDESCENT ELECTRIC LIGHT at lowest rates.

447 to 455 THAMES STREET.

THE BOSTON HERALD—THE

AN INCOME ASSURED!

PAYABLE IN GOLD SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Preferred Stock in Established Manufacturing Concerns, the Safest Investment on Record.

10 Per Cent. Dividend Guaranteed.

$100 draws an income of $10 per year.
$200 draws an income of $20 per year.
$500 draws an income of $50 per year.
$1000 draws an income of $100 per year.
$2000 draws an income of $200 per year.
$6000 draws an income of $600 per year.

And the beauty of it all is, it is so thoroughly safe an investment.

There is no speculation in buying a block of the preferred stock of the Koal-Spar Co.

The Company is legally organized by Clarence Hale, Esq., brother of U. S. Senator Hale, the prominent attorney of Portland, Maine.

The dividend of 10 per cent. is guaranteed, and being earned now, as the stock is preferred and has a prior claim on all the earnings of the Company.

The money received from selling this guaranteed 10 per cent. preferred stock is to be used to buy real estate, build factories thereon, and extend the business generally.

The dividend is payable semi-annually in gold, on the first day of July and January of each year.

The Company have issued a complete prospectus, explaining fully all questions which would naturally arise in the minds of investors.

You can have one by calling on or writing to The Koal-Spar Co., 51 & 53 Summer St., Continental National Bank Building, Boston, Mass.

Write to-day. This is a chance of a lifetime.

3-18-tf

Green Mountain Farm Butter,

J. & J. Darlington's Butter,

Pinnacle Farm Butter (of Walpole, N. H.,) to be had at the

SEASIDE MARKET,

292 THAMES, Near Post Office.

W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.

Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co.

PROV. BLANK BOOK MANF'Y

REAR OF POST OFFICE,

27 CUSTOM HOUSE ST., PROVIDENCE

Blank Books, Wholesale or retail, on hand or made to any desired pattern. Book Binding, Paper Ruling, Page Numbering, Gilt Lettering, Machine Perforating and Paper cutting.

E. M. COOMBS & CO.,
Binders of the State.

For Sale.

Good, Nearly New,

MILK WAGON

at a Bargain. Apply at

J. B. BACHELLER'S,

P. O. Box 310. Commercial Wharf.

To Whom It May Concern

Having the agency for a catalogue of 30,000 pieces of MUSIC, 3,000 of which I carry in stock, I offer the public 33 per cent off on non-copyrights and 20 per cent on copyrights. Call and get catalogues.

JOHN VARS,

126 Thames Street,
Opposite Allen's Crockery Store.

Miscellaneous.

Why Go West

TO BUY A FARM?

For Sale.

In Southern Rhode Island a farm containing 120 acres, beautiful location and commanding fine views. The farm-house is of large dimensions and in good order. Stable but seven years. This place has great prospective value, besides being worth double the price asked for it, for farming purposes, as it has a fine seaweed privilege; just the farm for raising potatoes, and one could pay for it in two years from this crop alone. Price only $1400—about $12 per acre. Schoolhouse and church near by. About four miles from railroad station.

DANIEL WATSON,
11-25 255 Thames St., Newport, R. I.

For Sale

THE FARM AND REAL ESTATE formerly of James Chase of Middletown, deceased, and for many years in the use and occupancy of his widow, Nancy Chase. This property consists of one tract of land of about twenty-five acres, on the West Main Road, next north of and adjoining the Aquidneck Fair Grounds, has an orchard, a one and one-half story dwelling house and other buildings thereon, and a well of water unsurpassed on the Island. Also one other tract of about four acres on the West Road, without buildings, next north of and adjoining the William Taggart estate. For further particulars enquire of

DAVID COGGESHALL,
10-14 GEORGE R. CHASE.

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER

OF MASON WORK

NEWPORT, R. I.

Filling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.

Orders left at

16 Callendar Avenue

I. W. Briskham Jackson

PORTRAIT

and

Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park

NEWPORT, R. I.

Have used Ivorine ever since it was put on sale, and consider it far ahead of every other washing powder.

I have given almost every other kind a fair trial in my housekeeping of over forty years.

MRS. S. E. HASKELL,
Medford, Mass.

Send 2c. stamp for our Premium Catalogue.

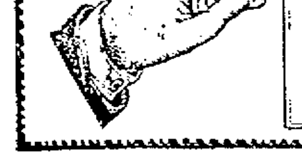
The J. B. Williams Co.
Glastonbury, Conn.

LOOK!

for this splendid cake of soap in every 1 lb. package of

IVORINE

WASHING POWDER



SANFORD'S ...

... SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Manager.

SATURDAY, NOV. 3, 1894.

EDITORIAL NOTES

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION

By the President of the United States.

The American people should gratefully render thanksgiving and praise to the Supreme Ruler of the Universe who has watched over them with kindness and fostering care during the year that has passed; they should also with humility and faith supplicate the Father of All Mercies for continued blessings according to their needs, and they should by deeds of charity seek the favor of the Giver of every good and perfect gift.

Therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, do hereby appoint and set apart Thursday, the 29th day of November instant, as a day of thanksgiving and prayer, to be kept and observed by all the people of the land.

On that day let our ordinary work and business be suspended and let us meet in our accustomed places of worship and give thanks to Almighty God for preservation as a nation, for our immunity from disease and pestilence, for the harvests that have rewarded our husbandry, for a renewal of national prosperity and for every advance in virtue and intelligence that has marked our growth as a people.

And with our thanksgiving let us pray that these blessings may be multiplied unto us, that our national conscience may be quickened to a better recognition of the power and goodness of God, and that in our national life we may clearer see and closer follow the path of righteousness.

And in our places of worship and praise, as well as in the happy reunions of kindred and friends, on that day, let us invoke Divine approval by generously remembering the poor and needy. Surely He who has given us comfort and plenty will look upon our relief of the destitute and our ministrations of charity as the work of hearts truly grateful, and as proofs of the sincerity of our thanksgiving.

Witness my hand, and the seal of the United States, which I have caused to be hereto affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, eighteen hundred and ninety-four, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and nineteenth.

GROVER CLEVELAND.

By the President:
W. Q. GRESHAM, Secretary of State.

The striking weavers have given up their fight in Fall River and resumed work.

If the reports are to be relied upon the Chinese are making a very poor defence against the Japanese and must soon call for quarter.

Grover Cleveland sets an example of not voting for any body that may well be followed, in this exceptional year, by most of his fellow-Democrats.

The drop from 6218 to 2039 in this year's registered vote at Gravesend shows the want, not of political interest, but of James Y. McKane who is still detained at Sing Sing.

It certainly looks just now as if the greatest racing week ever known in this country would be held at Newport next summer. It can not be said whether the new Valkyrie will be on hand to take part in this regatta or not.

Vote right on Tuesday and Newport will have a representation in each body of the next United States Congress—Hon. Geo. Peabody Wetmore in the Senate and Hon. Melville Bull in the House.

The total registration of New York is 308,401, an increase of 42,452 over last year and only 1246 less than that of the presidential year. The greatest gains, however, are not in the Tammany strongholds, several of which show a falling off instead.

Eighteen States elect a Governor on the first Tuesday in November. These are California, Colorado, Connecticut, Delaware, Idaho, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Wisconsin, Wyoming.

The importance of next Tuesday's election is not confined to Rhode Island, a fact which the Republicans of Newport will do well to bear in mind. It is far reaching, and the results of the day's voting will be awaited with deep interest by every city and state in the Union, especially those in which similar elections are to be held later.

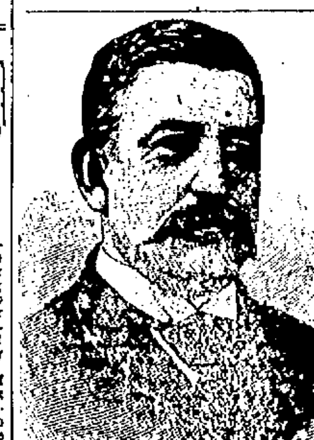
The Democrats of the state are making a desperate fight to elect their candidates for Congress this year, especially in this district, and the Republicans must take their coats off also if they desire to win. Never mind the "rumors" and "innuendoes"—they are false and, in many cases, malicious, created for the very purpose of discord. Every good Republican is anxious for party success and that party success just now depends upon the election on Tuesday next of Hon. Melville Bull. See to it that he gets the full party support.

The question of who is to be Newport's postmaster was settled on Wednesday by the appointment of Colonel Dalton E. Young. Col. Young has long been an active leader in Democratic politics of the city and state and his appointment is undoubtedly a satisfaction to his party as well as to his many friends and himself. Hon. H. H. Fay, whom he succeeds, has filled the position with universal satisfaction, but he is in exceedingly poor health and his retirement, while regretted by his many friends, must be to himself a desirable relief.

Next Tuesday Rhode Island will elect two representatives to the United States Congress. The two candidates from this district are ex-Lieutenant Governor Bull of this county and Hon. Oscar Lapham of Providence. This is one of the few opportunities which Newport has had of getting a representation in the national legislature and it should be made the most of. Mr. Bull is in every way fitted for the high position and should be given a vote in this city and county such as shall insure his election by an overwhelming majority. We all know Mr. Bull and know him to be a true friend to Newport, now let us elect him to the position in which he can make that friendship most felt.

ELECTION NEXT TUESDAY.

For Congress---First District.



HON. MELVILLE BULL.

Malice Aforethought.

The following appeared in last Tuesday night's Providence Telegram as a special despatch from Newport under date of Oct. 30:

"This morning Maj. Sanborn and his friends got together and summed up the work by Melville Bull in the recent municipal election. They claim that Bull made a deal with the democrats to work for Capt. Waters, but that when election day came Bull appeared to be working for Republicans. Whether he was really working for Sanborn or not, they certainly believe otherwise."

The facts are, Mr. Sanborn has not been in Newport this week; he never charged anybody with treason in the late election, and is today, as he always has been, one of Mr. Bull's most ardent supporters.—[Asst. Ed.

Ladies' Benevolent Society.

The annual meeting of this society was held in the vestry of the Central Baptist Church Wednesday evening. The various reports presented showed the society to be in a flourishing condition. At the close of the business session refreshments were served and music and readings furnished a delightful entertainment. The election of officers resulted as follows:

President—Mrs. H. E. Read.
Vice-President—Miss S. Manuel.
Secretary—Mrs. O. M. Cole.
Treasurer—Mrs. W. B. Franklin.
Advisory Committee—Mrs. J. Wilson, Mrs. M. Holloway, Mrs. R. S. Franklin, Mrs. M. Bennett, Mrs. Godfrey Moffitt, Mrs. J. Goddard and officers of the society.
Committee on Distribution—Miss Manuel, Mrs. F. M. Seabury, Miss E. D. Jones, Mrs. J. P. Taylor, Mrs. A. K. Sherman, Mrs. H. P. Bennett, Mrs. G. O. Barker, Mrs. O. G. Langley, Mrs. Ruth Franklin, Mrs. W. H. Franklin and Mrs. G. W. Swinburne.
Cutting Committee—Mrs. G. C. Barker, Mrs. E. Marsh, Mrs. L. Slocum, Miss A. Manuel and Mrs. S. Esty.
Collectors—Miss M. Wilson and Miss S. Cobleigh.
Entertainment Committee—Mrs. Harry Spooner, Mrs. J. P. Taylor, Mrs. L. S. Slocum, Miss J. Swasey, Mr. Augustus Swan, Mr. R. G. Plomer and Mr. Samuel Marsh.

From absolute penury one day to enormous wealth the next is an uncommon revolution of the wheel of fortune, but that is what has happened to William Atwater, of Montreal. He was out of work and without a penny in the world, hungry and alone, and found himself compelled to go to the Salvation Army Refuge and beg food and shelter. The next morning after breakfasting on bread and water, he dragged himself wearily to the post-office, hoping for he did not know what, and found a letter which informed him that his mother's uncle in Switzerland had died and left him sole heir to $1,000,000.

Plans for the new dormitory building for Brown University have been accepted by the committee in charge, Hoppin, Read & Hoppin being the successful competitors, and the work of construction is expected to be begun soon. The site selected for the new building is at the rear of Wilson Hall, on the west side of Lincoln field, the dormitory to face to the north.

Alexander III., Czar of Russia, died at his palace at Livadia Thursday afternoon. His long suffering and heroic struggle against the inevitable have been subjects of interest to every people where newspapers are read and the end was no surprise. A sketch of the dead czar's life and reign will be found in another column.

Chicago claims that its total registration this year—332,000—is the largest ever made in any city in the Union, and the claim is being held up as evidence that New York must no longer pose as the larger city.

The trial of Gilbert M. Potter at East Greenwich this week, for the murder of his wife, resulted in conviction, the jury being out only eight minutes.

Miss Josie Burbidge has been confined to her home by illness this week.

LITTLE COMPTON.

At the meeting of the Court of Probate and Town Council the following business was transacted: Inventory of the estate of Mary A. Davol received and ordered recorded. Probate of will of Harriet W. Sisson postponed to November 12. Notice ordered on the report of the committee on the estate of Jesse A. Palmer, also on the first annual account of F. R. Brownell, administrator for the same estate. Abraham Manchester was elected Republican supervisor and Oliver H. Almy Democratic supervisor of state elections. Bills allowed and orders for payment given as follows: School supplies $58.06; John F. Pierce Surveyor $39.50, George A. Lemunyon Surveyor $8.00; M. M. Richmond, $3.88. It was voted to meet as a board of Canvassers November 3rd, 2 P. M. At the town meeting to be held November 6th, a town treasurer and collector of taxes will be elected.

Mrs. Benjamin Gage eldest, daughter of C. H. White, died at her home in Pawtucket Tuesday from consumption; her funeral took place Friday afternoon. Besides her husband she leaves one child, a little boy of nine years.

ANNIE IS SILENT.

The Thompsons Wait In Vain For News From Daughter.

Preacher Moore's Name Now Before the Public—A Boston Man Insists That He Saw Miss Thompson In Lewiston.

WOBURN, Mass., Oct. 31.—Annie M. Thompson remains unheard from. Long suspense and anxiety are breaking her mother's heart. This case in its present bearings is one of the most mysterious that has for years come under the notice of the local police. The girl dropped out of sight Oct. 2, left a pleasant home and indulgent parents, affectionate sisters and a host of friends, for what no one in the city seems to be able to tell.

Justin E. Thompson, Annie's father, last evening received a postal from Rev. John Moore, a former boarder in the family, who has taken it upon himself to do detective work on the case.

This Mr. Moore for some time has occupied a room in the Seaver House, Boston. On Saturday last he told Mrs. Thompson he was going to Chicago. He went yesterday.

The postal spoke of the "sad news" getting into the newspapers, and the writer added that he would do all he could in the Windy City to seek out the couple. Mr. Moore has the notoriety of leaving Woburn with the girl the day she dropped out of sight.

One day not long ago, Mrs. Thompson asked Mr. Moore point blank if he had not "married Sam and Annie," and the gentleman became so fiery with passion that

He Created a Scene.

Letters from various points in the country have been received by Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, purporting to have been written by Pearse, but Annie is silent. It is well known that Samuel S. Pearse could not have written the letters, and if he was not the author of the epistles, who penned them for him?

When Annie was in Woburn there were few handsomer girls in the city. The young lady would attract attention anywhere. If she is alive and unable to communicate with her friends the theories of a large per cent of interested people will materialize. If time proves that she was foully dealt with, the fears of many will be substantiated.

Was She Seen In Lewiston?

A dispatch from Lewiston, Me., says: A young man from Boston was in this city Tuesday evening, when he met a young woman and her escort on the street and tried to get the woman to return home. She declared that she didn't know him, and got into a carriage with her escort and was driven away.

The Boston man would not reveal his name, but declared that the girl was Annie M. Thompson, who recently disappeared from Woburn, Mass. He would not admit any doubt as to her identity.

Secured Her Child.

BRISTOL, N. H., Oct. 31.—After six years of searching all over New England by detectives, lawyers and relatives, and the expenditure of thousands of dollars, Mrs. Lucy M. Green of Worcester, Mass., who alleges that through the agents of the Children's Aid society of Massachusetts she was robbed of her two children, Paul Revere and Cora, in 1888, was taken to her son's side late Monday afternoon. Yesterday, by outwitting those in whose care he has been placed, she took Paul, and last night crossed the boundary line of Massachusetts with him. Whither she went is unknown.

Capt. Edward Wilcox reports that whilst fishing on the other side of Long Island he came across miles of blue fish The Annie Wilcox had a comparatively small net, yet in one haul she took 75 barrels. Capt. Wilcox thinks if the net had been large enough she could have surrounded 2000 barrels.

A. O'D. Taylor.

Real Estate Agent, 124 Bellevue avenue,

Newport, R. I.

Two Valuable Tracts in Middletown For Sale.

1st. 2 to 3 acres on Miantonomi avenue—a lot at the foot of which the new Boulevard, proposed by the Park Commission, is intended to run.

2d. A splendid lot of about 103,000 feet, consisting of 13 prime building lots, 50 by 150 feet each, close to Broadway and the One Mile Corner. Will only sell the whole; not in single building sites.

Enquire personally at Mr. Taylor's office.

MARRIAGES

In this city Oct 29th, by Rev. I. Newton Phelps, Nathaniel H. Gerry of Fall River to Miss Jennie W. Gibling of Easton.

In Fall River October, 31st, Mr. John B. Mason, Jr., to Miss Laura Gallaghan, both of this city.

In Fall River, 24th ult., Trafford R. Sherman to Mary M. Wixon, both of this city.

In Tiverton Four Corners, Oct. 25th, Henry Grinnell of Stone Bridge to Miss Cora P. White.

DEATHS

In this city, 27th ult., Catharine, wife of George Denniston, aged 63 years

In this city, 26th ult., Cornelius Sullivan, aged 60 years.

In Fall River, 26th ult., Emanuel Wilcox, in his 71st year.

In Fall River, 27th ult., Samuel Sisson, aged 78 years, 5 months and 3 days.

In Fall River, 29th ult., Mary H., wife of Edward E. Wilcox, in her 63d year.

In Little Compton, 30th, ult., Alfred R. Buckley, in his 45th year.

In Providence, 27th ult., Philip H. Sriness, 67, 28th ult., James M. White, 77; 28th ult. Ann Scott wife of Francis M. Dimond, 67; 29th ult., William H. Hill, 76; 28th ult., Hannah, widow of Cyrus Bowen, 63; 30th ult., John Gavin, 72; 30th ult., George H. Sherman, 35; 31st ult., Sarah, widow of James Carroll, 67; 29th ult., Mrs Mary A. Sowle 33; 27th ult., William Newton, 77.

In Howard, 24th ult., Susan Spencer, in her 55th year.

In Lincoln, 26th ult., Julia, wife of Wheaton Ballou, in her 71st year.

In Edgewood, 25th ult., Francis I. Dichine, in his 68th year.

In North Providence, 30th ult., Sanford J. Tingley, in his 81st year.

In Oaklawn, 30th ult., Dorinda, wife of Harvey Searle, in her 71st year.

In New York, 31st ult., Dennis Mahoney, Jr., in the 27th year of his age.

In Foster 27th ult., Nehemiah K. Potter, in his 77th year.

In Pawtucket 28th ult., Theresa widow of Walter G. McKinley, in her 75th year.

In Edgewood, 29th ult., Phebe Rhodes, widow of George C. Arnold, in her 84th year.

For Sale.

Farms in almost all parts of the Island, both Portsmouth and Middletown at from $4,000 up to $16,000, from 13 acres up to 116 acres, from 1½ miles from the State House up to 6 or 7 miles. So you may choose the Newport or Fall River market.

For Rental—The Island of Patience. 216 acres in excellent state of cultivation—splendid poultry farm—a very favorable rental price to the right person.

Full particulars at

SIMEON HAZARD'S
Real Estate Office,
84 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

A FEARFUL DISASTER.

Further Details of the Wreck of the Wairarapa Off New Zealand.

AUCKLAND, Nov. 2.—Further particulars of the wreck of the steamer Wairarapa on Great Barrier island, Sunday night, have been received here. The vessel stuck on the rocks at midnight. The sea was very rough and the night very dark. All of the passengers were in bed.

As soon as the ship struck, the lifebelts were served out to the passengers. An attempt was made to launch the lifeboats, but the sea was so rough that several of the boats were capsized and many persons were drowned. Some succeeded in getting ashore by means of lines which were sent to the main land attached to rafts. At daylight two men swam ashore with lines and the survivors were landed.

The survivors were very scantily clothed and remained upon the rocks 30 hours, subsisting upon oranges that had been washed from the wreck, which was fast going to pieces. The unfortunates were finally discovered by Maori boats, and with the aid of assistance obtained from Port Fitzroy they were rescued and made comfortable.

Eighty-one passengers and 40 of the crew were saved and landed here, and 20 of the crew and 58 passengers were drowned.

Still Missing.

BRADFORD, N. H., Oct. 31.—The people of this quiet town are greatly excited over the disappearance of Winfred B. Cilley, postmaster and town treasurer, and it is alleged that he is short in his accounts, not only in the postoffice, but also in the town finances. Cilley's non-appearance is the gossip of nearly all the citizens, as he has been gone from Bradford since last Friday morning. As far as can be ascertained, no one here is aware of his whereabouts. Cilley has been postmaster for about two years. His reputation was of the best.

Pleaded Not Guilty.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 2.—Cornelius Nagle, Patrick Sullivan and Patrick Foley were arraigned in court here charged with the killing of Duroy S. Foster of Billerica on the night of Sept. 11 last. The men were arraigned on two counts, the first of which charges them jointly with the killing of Foster, and the second of which charges that Foley and Sullivan committed the crime and that Nagle aided and abetted them in its commission. The men pleaded not guilty.

The Boom Is On.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—Industrial reports from various sections indicate a decided improvement in business prospects and an increasing demand for manufactured goods. Factories that had been shut down for several weeks have within the last month started up on full time and with full crews, and in many cases an increase of wages.

Resisting a Cutdown.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 31.—Winders at the Columbia mill, 24 in number, on account of a cutdown from 25 to 40 per cent, left the mill yesterday on strike. Doffers in the ring spinning room of City mill No. 2 also went out, refusing to work under a cutdown of 5 per cent.

Favored Regular Passengers.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Four conductors, two employed on the eastern and two on the western divisions of the Boston and Maine railroad, have been suspended. It is charged that the men have been negligent in collecting tickets from the holders of 100-mile commutation tickets.

Mayor Waking Up.

LYNN, Mass., Oct. 30.—Mayor Harwood states that hereafter he will give his attention to the suppression of liquor selling in Lynn hotels. This is a result of two young women having succeeded in having one of the proprietors convicted and fined $200 and six months in prison.

A Poor Season.

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Oct. 30.—The latest news from the Arctic ocean was received in this city yesterday afternoon in dispatches here. The catch is reported up to Oct. 4, when the steamer Jeannette left Herald shoals. The catch is 71 whales, the poorest for a dozen years.

An Important Ruling.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—Judge Lilley in the superior court ruled that the receivers of a foreign corporation cannot prevail against another foreign corporation which has attached the property of their corporation within this state to have it applied to the payment of its claims.

A Widow's Good Fortune.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Nov. 1.—Mrs. Frank Brush, a needy soldier's widow, with three children, has received word that she has been bequeathed $20,000 by Mrs. Kuntee Duffee of Chicago, who died leaving over $1,000,000. Mrs. Duffee was an aunt of Mrs. Brush.

License Was Defective.

ROCKLAND, Me., Nov. 2.—David Daniels of Philadelphia, a clothing merchant, was arrested here on account of a defect in his license. He appealed from a fine of $50 and a jail sentence of 60 days, and furnished $600 bonds. Local merchants had the warrant issued.

Thanksgiving, Nov. 29.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The president yesterday issued a proclamation appointing Thursday, Nov. 29, as Thanksgiving day.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimilated in every detail to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off their imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men [illegible] and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware: a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price

HAVE YOU HEARD?

A Little Secret Whispered for the Ladies. This Secret is Not Only for Young Ladies but for the Mothers of Families and for all Interested.

MRS. E. L. TAYLOR AND DAUGHTER.

Wonderful and extraordinary events among well known women strongly and powerfully interest all. This country is filled with noble-minded women who earnestly desire to promote the welfare of their sex. One of the brightest and most intellectual of these is Mrs. E. L. Taylor, who resides at 17 Baker Block, Main St., Ticonderoga, N. Y. She says:

"A year ago I became fearfully nervous and completely run down so that I was obliged to stop work. I got so that I could hardly eat anything and what little I did eat distressed me terribly. I had nervous prostration and dyspepsia, and was terribly weak.

"I tried physicians and medicines but all to no good. I had heard much about the wonders of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and began to feel that it would do *me* good. I determined to try it. After commencing it, I began to feel better almost immediately and steadily improved under its wonderful influence.

"After taking five bottles I was completely cured of all my complaints, and was a perfectly well woman. I cannot tell you how thankful I am for having taken Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. I advise everyone to use it, for I know the good it did me and what it is doing for others."

The positive and straightforward statements made by the fore-sighted and deep-thinking men and women who are cured by Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, gives to these testimonials such strength and influence that everybody acknowledges the genuine worth and marvelous power to cure of this wonderful medicine.

Everybody takes Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for it always cures.

It is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass. He has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by anyone, at any time, free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of the beneficial action of this wonderful medicine.

Here is a political straw for those who utilize this method of finding the way the wind is blowing. The town clerk of Rockville, Conn., says that two years ago there were twenty dogs on the books named "Grover" and at present there is but one.

Natural gas is said to have been discovered in generous deposits near Brattleboro, Vt., and the land owners in that vicinity are considerably elated in consequence. Investigations are being made to ascertain the extent of the find.

Brook Trout, in cans, 15 cents.

Spiced Vinegar, 25 cents per gal.

Mixed Spices, in Packages for Pickles.

S. S. THOMPSON,

172 & 176 BROADWAY.

Schreier's

THE LEADING HOUSE.

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET,

COMPLETE FALL STOCK NOW OPEN

TRIMMED!

Hats and Bonnets in Felt, Plush and Velvet.

SPECIAL NOVELTIES IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

A Great Variety of Hats and Caps for Children.

OUR PRICES THE LOWEST.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Mr. Cleveland's Neglect to Register Causes Unfavorable Comments—Democratic Tariff Tin-Kering Begins to Manifest Its Results.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29, 1894.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Obstinacy and animosity are apparently stronger traits in the character of Mr. Cleveland than loyalty to the party to which he owes so much. Up to this time he has declined to indicate by word or deed that he wishes to see his personal enemy and party associate, Senator Hill, elected Governor of New York; on the contrary, his acts, if not his words, indicate that he wishes to see him defeated. There are still a few democrats who profess to to believe that he will at some time during the present week, the last of the campaign, take occasion to say something which can be construed into a wish for the success of Hill, but, in view of what is known, it is difficult to see upon what such a belief can be based. Mr. Cleveland neglected to register although he had ample opportunity to have done so, as well as the legal right, which plainly indicates that he does not wish to vote for Hill. He excused himself from seeing Senator Faulkner, chairman of the democratic campaign committee, when he called at the White House to discuss the New York campaign, on the flimsy plea that the Cabinet was at the time in session. Had he and the administration really wished the success of their party in New York there would have been nothing improper or unprecedented in inviting Senator Faulkner to discuss the matter with the Cabinet as well as the President. Senator Faulkner apparently takes this view of the matter, as he has not repeated his visit.

But still more significant than the above is the announcement that Secretary Carlisle will not go to New York to make a speech for Hill. There is little doubt that Mr. Cleveland ordered Secretary Carlisle not to help Hill, as it is well known that Mr Carlisle was before Mr. Cleveland's return to Washington inclined to accept the invitation to make several speeches in New York, and he intimated, if he did not say in so many words, that he would make several speeches in New York if it were agreeable to Mr. Cleveland. It is therefore plain that it is not agreeable.

All this is naturally pleasing to the managers of the republican campaign. They have never believed that the help of Mr. Cleveland could elect Hill, but they are confident that his refusal to do so will add to Mr. Morton's majority and to the number of republicans elected to the House. The indications now are that more than two-thirds of New York's delegation in the next House will be republicans. Mr. Cleveland's position will also help the republicans in other States. It may be, as has long ago been charged by democrats, that Mr. Cleveland has become so disgusted with the legislation of democratic Congress that he wishes the republicans to control the House; but whether he wishes it or not, republican success is to-day regarded in Washington to be as much of a certainty as any political event can possibly be before the vote are cast and counted.

There is much abuse being heaped upon Mr. Cleveland by democrats for the position he has taken, and it is not all privately expressed, either. Representative Meredith, of Virginia, who is a candidate for re-election, made a speech before the Virginia Democratic Association, an organization largely composed of office-holders, which was uproariously applauded, particularly when he used the following language "It is Grover Cleveland's bounden duty to endorse Hill. The fact that he is President increases rather than lessens his responsibility. If he is the democrat he ought to be he can find no excuse for faltering or hanging back from the support of the straight ticket in his own State, upon which he has been so many time elected to office." Those who believe that these remarks constitute reason may make the most of it. The prediction is heard on all sides, that even if Mr. Cleveland should not make public an eleventh-hour endorsement of Hill the breach between the White House and the democrats in Congress will be more marked at the coming session than ever.

All of the excellent work done by the late Secretary Rusk and his colleagues of the Harrison administration to make the shipment of dressed beef and live stock to Germany profitable to Americans has been undone, thanks to democratic blundering. The German Ambassador has given the State Department formal notice of the issuance of a decree by his government prohibiting the importation of dressed beef and cattle from the United States. The ambassador gives as the reason of the action of his government that Texas fever has been carried to Germany by American cattle, but it is no secret among officials and members of the diplomatic corps that the action of Germany is the first step towards retaliation upon the United States, on account of the differential duty of one-eighth of one cent a pound imposed upon Germany refined sugar by the sugar schedule of the tariff law. This democratic favor to the sugar trust, for such the differential duty on refined sugar is admitted by all to be, is likely to prove doubly costly to the people of the United States, as there is reason for the belief that Germany will shortly adopt additional retaliatory measures. The only way to stop the troubles caused by democratic legislation is to elect republicans to Congress.

J. B.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

NOVEMBER 1894. STANDARD TIME.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon sets	High water Morn	High water Eve
3 Sat.	6 32	4 54	9 12	11 17	.....
4 Sun.	6 34	4 53	10 22	0 0	12 17
5 Mon.	6 35	4 52	11 25	1 15	1 21
6 Tues.	6 36	4 51	mon	2 06	2 25
7 Wed.	6 37	4 50	0 23	3 03	3 20
8 Thurs.	6 38	4 49	1 31	3 51	4 10
9 Fri.	6 40	4 48	2 33	4 34	4 54

First Quarter, 5th day, 10h, 16m., morning.
Full Moon, 13th day, 2h. 49m., morning.
Last Quarter, 19th day, 9h. 8m., evening.
New Moon, 27th day, 3h. 54m., morning.

Foster's Weather Bulletin.

Copyrighted, 1894, by W. T. Foster.

ST. JOSEPH Mo., Nov. 3.—My last bulletin gave forecasts of the storm waves to cross the continent from Oct. 30th to Nov. 31 and the next will reach the Pacific coast about the 10th, cross the western mountains by close of 11th, the great central valleys from 12th to 14th and the eastern states about the 15th.

The warm wave will cross the western mountains about the 10th, the great central valleys about the 12th and the eastern states about the 14th. The cool wave will cross the western mountains about the 13th, the great central valleys about the 15th and the eastern states about the 17th.

The skeleton of a man apparently about 35 years old was found by gunners Tuesday in the woods near Acushnet. Nothing was discovered by which the remains could be identified and some express the opinion that they are those of young Ryder, the forger, who was in those woods when last seen by the police.

THE CZAR IS DEAD.

Passes Away After a Long Sickness at Livadia.

Genuine Manifestations of Grief at the Death of the Emperor—Closing Scenes of His Life Were Extremely Touching.

LIVADIA, Nov. 2.—At last that great leveller of human kind, that one destiny from which no man escapes, has called in marble halls, has pushed aside the bedizened liveries, the jewels, the magnificence and oriental splendors and beneath the ermine called for a fresh victim.

All the wealth and power and science at his command could not prolong the life of the autocrat of all the Russias, and today his corpse lies in regal state, only a piece of worthless, inanimate clay, as worthless as those around it would consider the lowest subject in the realm over which he held such autocratic sway.

The czar is dead, and over and through and around the vast empire which has paid him homage, the shadow of death is felt, and from ocean to ocean, from palace to hovel, the gloom grows deeper and deeper with each added hour. One cannot doubt these manifestations of grief or the love which a vast people held for their sovereign.

THE LATE CZAR.

The knowledge that it must come to them, the blow which at last fell, does not lessen the poignancy, and though that grim visitor, death, seemed to feel for those who mourn, and only whispered the message that brought their loss. They cannot be comforted.

Not so, however, their ruler. Since Tuesday, when the doctors informed the czar that there was no longer room for hope, his majesty composedly waited for the end, attending to necessary state and family affairs in the short intervals of consciousness and freedom from pain.

On Wednesday the czar was still able to be taken to the window of the palace, whence he gazed out upon the country he loved so well as to earn for himself the appellation of the "peasant czar." The night passed with an aggravation of all the symptoms and a continuous distressing cough. The doctors and the czarina remained in attendance upon him throughout the night, only snatching brief intervals of sleep in the ante-rooms.

The morning broke with rain and winds and heavy clouds and the weather much colder. As the day advanced the weakness increased so rapidly that the czar himself, still conscious, recognized that he could live only a few hours. He expressed a desire to receive the sacrament, which was administered to him by Court Chaplain Yanisheff and Father Ivan, in the presence of the whole family.

The czar then conversed long and earnestly with Father Ivan, concluding by asking his family to again gather around him. He spoke to each member separately, and at the greatest length with the czarina. He blessed all his children present. The scene was one of deep pathos, all being in tears. All this time his majesty was sitting up in an armchair. After taking leave of his family he grew gradually weaker, and his voice became so indistinct that it was scarcely audible.

About noon a convulsive fit of coughing was followed by a slight rally. Thence until the end the czar remained quiet, seemingly free from pain. At 2:15 o'clock he heaved a deep sign and breathed his last in the arms of the empress, who then broke down with the weight of her grief.

The body is now being embalmed. It will probably be laid for a couple of days in the palace chapel. The arrangements that will be made for the funeral are unknown.

Have Many Grievances.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—A protracted session of the executive committee of the West End Street railway employes was held last night. A large number of grievances against the road were discussed at length, and it was decided to call a mass meeting of all employes not on duty next Friday night to take a vote on a proposition to tie up the road. A general strike on the West End means the paralysis of the entire street car system of Boston and half a dozen other towns.

A Peculiar Case.

BANGOR, Me., Nov. 1.—Clement Walls of Lubec has just had his reason restored after 45 years of idiocy. When a boy, his skull was fractured by a kick from a colt. Surgeons have just found that a bit of broken bone pressed on his brain, which being raised gave back to the organ its wonted vigor. Curiously enough, Walls' brain force seems to have been in complete suspension during his idiocy, for the first thing he asked the doctors was, "Did the colt get away?"

Ten Rounds to a Draw.

BOSTON, Oct. 30.—At the Lafayette Social and Athletic club last night "Mysterious Billy" Smith and "Dick" O'Brien fought a vicious contest, which was decided a draw at the end of the 10th round. O'Brien was the strongest, but he had not the punishing power of his adversary.

Union Veterans Meet.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 31.—The eighth annual convention of Union Veteran union, department of Massachusetts, was held here yesterday. A resolution was adopted calling for a pension to all veterans 62 years of age and over. The next convention will be held at Lowell.

Locations Chosen.

BOSTON, Nov. 2.—The state board of education, at its monthly meeting, decided after a lengthy discussion to locate the state normal school on Cape Cod at Hyannis. The board further voted to locate the state normal school for Lowell on the Peabody estate, in Lowell.

Ellis Discharged.

BARNSTABLE, Mass., Oct. 30.—At a hearing before Judge Swift, Charles H. H. Ellis of Sandwich, charged with accidentally shooting his wife Saturday night, was discharged.

For Illegal Voting.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 30.—Frederick J. Hardy was arrested last night for illegal voting Wednesday, when he voted on the name of Frank B. Hardy, his brother.

NEWS OF THE WEEK

Saturday, Oct. 27.

The Waltham (Mass.) Gas company is to have a new plant——David Crowell & Co. of Beverly, Mass., made an assignment——New York import of goods for the week were $1,563,433——Michael E. Burke of Amesbury, Mass., was found guilty of manslaughter——Anarchists are plotting to blow up the French chamber at Paris——Methodist bishops decided to elect no general missionary secretary——Two members of the state board of arbitration made futile attempts to bring about a settlement of the Fall River (Mass.) strike——Efforts made to settle the spinners' strike at Dover, N. H., failed——Seventeen persons were made seriously sick with typhoid fever by eating oysters stewed in a washboiler at Detroit, Me——J. Alden Francis, teller of the City bank, Hartford, for 89 years, is a defaulter——The Prussian cabinet conflict ended with the resignation of Chancellor von Caprivi——Lord Dunraven favors Marblehead, Mass., for the America's cup race of '95——Steamer Lucania again lowered the ocean record from Queenstown to Sandy Hook——Annexation is the foremost mission of the American Union party of Hawaii——Samuel F. Deland, a prominent citizen of Woburn, Mass., died at Saco, Me., of dropsy——The Methodist bishops' convention at Middletown, Conn., decided not to elect a general missionary secretary during the present conference.

Sunday, Oct. 28.

The health report shows 116 cases of diphtheria, 24 deaths, in Boston the past week——John Johnson was killed by an electric car in Cambridge, Mass——Corbett will pay no attention to the latest offer of a purse of $50,000 for his fight with Fitzsimmons——New Hampshire voters are to vote on the question of reducing the membership of the house of representatives——Natural gas was discovered near Brattleboro, Vt——The Georgia house of representatives voted against endorsing free silver coinage——The Venezuelan minister in Washington denies that his government is to issue paper money——Captain Howgate will fight the government cases against him——The 11 men imprisoned in the Powable mine in Michigan were rescued——The election of three Whitney supporters in Newfoundland is claimed to be nullified by their own action——Prairie fires in Nebraska are still raging——Bark George W. Whitney was burned at sea——Prince Hohenlohe accepted the German chancellorship and also the presidency of the Prussian council of ministers——A new Servian cabinet has been formed——The city of Kin-Hen-Chong was taken by the Japanese; garrisons are flying from Port Arthur and Wei-Hai-Wei.

Monday, Oct. 29.

Mrs. Philip Raymond of Newton, Mass., was killed and her husband and son seriously injured by the bursting of a gun——Rev. John N. Chase closed a 23 years' pastorate at the Baptist church, Exeter, N. H——Five of a gang of 20 young burglars were caught at Lewiston, Me——Mr. Ellis of Sandwich, Mass., mistook his wife for a burglar and shot her——Six tons of dynamite exploded in a magazine in Chippewa Falls, Wis——The Cook gang is believed to be fortified near Gibson, I. T——Desperadoes in Pennsylvania blew up the shanty of a railroad gang, killing three Hungarians——Big Chicago packers are not alarmed at the news that Germany would prohibit the importation of American cattle and fresh beef——Hugh J. Grant pledges himself, if elected mayor of New York, to do all he can to correct abuses in the police department——Great damage was caused by an earthquake in Argentina——There is a great revival of industry in western Pennsylvania and eastern Ohio——The Bremen senate voted to prohibit the importation of American beef——Ex-Chancellor Caprivi has gone into retirement——The czar's condition is improved——The Japanese naval experts say that torpedo boats proved to be a failure at the Yalu naval battle——Brakeman John Miskell was killed near Towantic, Conn., by falling from a train and being run over——The shoe manufactory of John Mundell & Co., Philadelphia, was damaged to the extent of $30,000 by fire——Two men were arrested at Fitchburg, Mass., charged with breaking and entering freight cars on the Fitchburg railroad——Patrick Cominsky of Boston, aged 13, fell from a third-story window and was instantly killed——The main building of the brewery plant of C. V. Wacker & Bro., at Lancaster, Pa., was destroyed by fire——A Japanese clerk recently beheaded in Tien-Tsin is supposed to be one of the two students surrendered by the American consul——Patrick Commiskey opened a window in his house at New Haven to count the strokes of the fire alarm bell, lost his balance, fell to the ground and was instantly killed.

Tuesday, Oct. 30.

Five persons were killed by a train at Lebanon, Ind——Grand Trunk accounts are to be examined in Canada——The mahdi has declared a holy war against the Italians——Youthful barbarians are stealing letters from Boston's brass signs——Cook and his outlaws will be pursued until captured in Indian territory——Salvatore Razzo was held in $20,000 on a charge of stabbing two Italians at Boston——The proprietor of a Lynn (Mass.) hotel was fined $200 and sentenced to the house of correction for liquor selling——Serious fires occurred at Lima, O.; East St. Louis, Ills.; Newport, Ark.; Rolla, Mo.; Rockford, Ills.; Trimble, Pa.; Corinth, Miss., and St. Louis——The retail fish dealers of Massachusetts formed an association at Boston——The New Hampshire Society of Sons of the Revolution dedicated a memorial stone at West Concord——The trial of Haverhill (Mass.) aldermen accused of corruption in connection with the granting of liquor licenses at Lawrence has begun——New Bedford (Mass.) whaling vessels in the Arctic ocean had captured 20 whales up to Oct. 1——A 15-year-old lad was arrested in Brooklyn for complicity in a Chicago diamond robbery——Morganfield, the alleged train robber, is fighting for the money taken from him——The late F. W. Porter of Springfield, Ills., was a defaulter——J. A. Bailey bought the Barnum interest in the big circus property——United States Senator Martin of Kansas is charged with criminal libel——A golden eagle, very rare in the state of Maine, was recently shot at Kent's Hill, near Rockland——Adams, Mass., has applied for free postal delivery——Portland, Me., is to have a new fireboat——Since Sept. 1 25 horses have been ordered destroyed in Maine on account of glanders. This disease is reported to have reached alarming proportions——The express agent at Belfast, Me., says he ships about 500 cats a year. They are mostly coon cats, and he sends them all over the country——It is understood that an attempt will be made at the next session of the Maine legislature to have a law passed to prevent the shooting of cow moose. So many have been shot this season that some fears are felt that the moose may become extinct——On Oct. 27, 1764, the first number of the Hartford Courant appeared. The Courant was the first paper published in Hartford, and, although 131 years old, it is one of the most progressive papers in Connecticut.

Wednesday, Oct. 31.

Permanent quarters have been secured for the Watertown (Mass.) postoffice——P. D. Armour talks encouragingly on the business situation——Steamer Bostonian arrived in Boston with three stowaways on board——Schooner Surprise, which it was feared had been lost, has reached Salem, Mass——E. C. Waite, secretary of state of California, died suddenly at San Francisco——East winds caused the death by consumption of Gumbo, Sr., the gorilla at a Boston museum——Prince Hohenlohe, Germany's new chancellor, will have representatives to deliver his speeches in parliament——The Hudson (Mass.) Electric Light company has petitioned the supreme court for an order to compel the town of Hudson to purchase its plant for municipal lighting——Walter C. Ilyer, for several seasons manager of Crescent park, Providence, committed suicide with morphine——Robert Knox of Cambridgeport, Mass., fell from the roof of a church and was instantly killed——Ex-Senator Dawes of Pittsfield, Mass., observed his 78th birthday——Gilbert M. Potter of Rice City, R. I., was found guilty of wife murder——Johnson lowered the unpaced mile cycling record to 1m. 57 4-5s——Stanton Abbott knocked out Charles Gehring in Baltimore——Democratic Chairman Faulkner is making confident predictions of Democratic victories——The Argentine minister says our trade with that country is increasing——A Jersey City justice of the peace is charged with embezzling $1200——The Argentine congress voted $1,000,000 for the earthquake sufferers——The young Empress of China committed suicide after having her face slapped by the emperor——The American beef embargo in Germany is being extended——Hon. Honore Mercier, ex-premier of Quebec, died after a long sickness——The retail jewelers of Worcester (Mass.) county organized a trade protective association——C. A. Pollard, aged 65, a farmer who lived alone in Grafton, Mass., was found dead in his house. He had evidently been dead about two weeks——Rev. J. W. Roberts was ordained and installed pastor of the Unitarian church at Ayer, Mass——Eben Weeks, an aged and prominent citizen of Fryeburg, Me., is dead.

Thursday, Nov. 1.

About 50 sheep were killed by dogs at Watertown, Mass——Crespo's speedy flight from Venezuela is predicted——It is rumored that Crispi contemplates a raid on Tripoli——James B. Sutherland was suffocated by gas at Boston——Three deaths were due to an open switch at Foster, Pa——The Bottendorf wheel works at Davenport, Ia., were destroyed by fire——The British steamer Tormos and 14 sailors went down off Pembroke, Wales——Flour mills in St. Louis and the Northwest may shut down during December——The will of Henry C. Hutchins of Boston gives $30,000 for charitable purposes——Michael Jennings, found dead at Boston, is thought to have been killed by taking an overdose of pills——George R. Sargent was sentenced to 10 days in jail for disturbing a religious meeting on Boston common——Tuberculosis has been discovered among cattle at Brockton, Mass——A woman suffrage bill was introduced in the Vermont house——Tom Molly of Cumberland, R. I., was seriously stabbed by an Italian——Letter carriers who had been dismissed from the Providence postoffice were reinstated——Fire at Newburyport, Mass., caused $300,000 loss——Canada lumber can now be imported free——Secretary Gresham will go all the way to Chicago merely to vote——The torpedo boat Ericsson is to have her speed tried on the 8th——The president issued a Thanksgiving proclamation——Police Commissioner Sheehan was further shown up as a witness before the Lexow committee——The czar is growing worse——Mrs. James Coleman Drayton denies all her husband's allegations——Twenty-five full-blooded Indian sheriffs are on the trail of the Cook gang——The Peary steamer Falcon is given up for lost——Michael F. Dwyer offers to bet $30,000 at 2 to 5 on Hill——Harrison and Morton spoke to an immense and enthusiastic meeting in New York——Mrs. Julia Farrel of Ansonia, Conn., married Senator Brookes in London——A steamer, plying between Sydney and Auckland was wrecked and 112 passengers drowned.

Friday, Nov. 2.

Chancellor-elect Hohenlohe has begun his duties——The corn acreage of North Dakota has been greatly increased——Traffic between Guatemala and Salvador has been stopped——Salvatore Razzo was held for the grand jury on a charge of murder at Boston——Herbert I. Mellen of Framingham, Mass., pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzling pension money——The Dwelling House Insurance company voted to reinsure its risks in the Springfield (Mass.) Fire and Marine Insurance company——Two thousand people are in distress owing to a great fire at Hadjin in the Taurus mountains——The Massachusetts state board of education voted to locate a state normal school at Hyannis and one on the Peabody estate at Lowell——A verdict of not guilty was rendered in the Brockton (Mass.) illegal registration case——A man in Independence, Mo., shot five boys who disturbed his slumbers on Hallowe'en——A visitor from Tampa, Fla., while on a visit to friends at North Berwick, Me., became the mother of triplets, two girls and a boy——A project is on foot to connect Fall River, Mass., and Providence with an electric railroad.

LOSS OF $200,000.

Many Men Thrown Out of Employment by a Large Fire at Newburyport.

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Nov. 1.—The most serious fire in 15 years was experienced here yesterday. The Newburyport Car company's works, the Burley & Stevens boot and shoe factory and John P. Leary's dwelling were destroyed, while the Eagle House was so badly burned that the building is little better than a charred shell. Several other places were scorched.

The direct loss is estimated in round numbers at $200,000. Beyond this, there will be the loss of wages to several hundred employes, who, at the best, will be idle for some weeks.

The location of the fire is on the north side of Merrimac street, with the Merrimac river and its wharves in close proximity to the back of the buildings swept away by the flames.

The cause was the explosion of an oil stove used for heating purposes in the car company's office.

"Never too Late to MEND."

LE PAGE'S LIQUID READY FOR USE GLUE

Mend broken things with it at night and in the morning they're good as new. It needs no heating; holds everything, injures nothing. Contains no acid.

New Advertisements.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

HENRY DURFEE hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Tiverton, R. I., Administrator on the estate of EDWIN SEABURY, late of said Tiverton deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Administrator.

Tiverton, R. I., Oct. 31, 1894—11-3

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the person and estate of SUSAN P. WATSON, of full age, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to him.

DANIEL WATSON, Guardian.

Newport, R. I. October 29th 1894.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 29th day of October, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ON THE PETITION in writing of John McMahon of said Newport, presented this day, praying that he or some other suitable person may be appointed Guardian of the person and estate of

EDWARD McMAHON,

of said Newport, who is represented in said petition as a minor under the age of fourteen years.

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to Monday, the 19th day of November, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

11-3

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

JOHN IRETS hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the will of ALBERT IRISH, late of said Newport deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I. November 3rd, 1894.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED having been duly appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the City of Newport, guardian of the estate of CHARLOTTE WHITING, minor, of Newport, hereby gives notice to all persons having claims against said estate to present them within six months from the date hereof, and those indebted to make payment to it,

RHODE ISLAND HOSPITAL TRUST COMPANY, Guardian.

Newport, R. I., November, 3rd 1894.

INDUSTRIAL

Trust Company,

49 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL - - - - $1,000,000

SURPLUS, - - $200,000

Transacts a general Banking and Trust Business.

Interest paid on deposits subject to check at sight.

PARTICIPATION ACCOUNT.

Deposits on Participation Account on or before November 15 draw interest from November 1. Dividends, August and February.

This Account offers the advantages of Savings Banks with the additional security of the capital stock of the Company.

Legal depositary for Trustees, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Assignees, Etc.

SAMUEL P. COLT, President.

J. M. ADDEMAN, Treasurer

11-3

Coddington Savings Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., Oct. 16, 1894.

A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND at the rate of four per cent. per annum will be paid at this bank on and after Wednesday, October 17, 1894.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Treasurer.

10-20

J. D. JOHNSTON'S PATENTED

Automatic Blind Catch

for securing outside blinds.

Has No Equal.

Strong, Durable,

and never fails to secure the blind in open or closed position. Try them.

25 CENTS PER SET.

If you are putting on

STORM SASHES

USE

Johnston's Automatic Storm Sash Fastener,

THE BEST THING

of its kind now on the market. For sale by the Patentee and Manufacturer,

J. D. JOHNSTON, 70 Pelham Street.

9-22

LAUNDRY!

If you want the best work with the least wear and tear of your

LINEN,

SEND TO

14 MILL STREET.

Goods called for and delivered to all parts of the city.

FIRST CLASS

BATH ROOMS

in connection with

Laundry

where

Hot and Cold Water,

Shower & Steam Baths,

Can be obtained.

Open every day and evening until 9 P. M. Also on Sundays from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

CITY STEAM LAUNDRY.

F. M. VINCENT, Manager.

ABBOTT LAWRENCE, Proprietor.

6-30 Telephone Connection.

New Advertisements.

Office of the Probate Clerk of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, October 11th, A. D. 1894.

MARY H. COOKE of Cambridge, in the County of Middlesex, Commonwealth of Massachusetts, executrix named in the will with Codicil thereto of

JOSIAH P. COOKE,

late of said Cambridge, deceased, having this day filed in this office her petition in writing to the Court of Probate of said Newport praying that a copy of the said will and codicil and the probate thereof under the seal of the Court of Probate of said County of Middlesex, before which court said will and codicil have been proved, may be filed and recorded in the Probate Office in said Newport and that letters testamentary may issue to her; said petition representing said deceased as having at the time of his death certain real estate in said Newport whereon said will and codicil may operate and said petitioner having applied to me to give notice thereof by advertising in the *Newport Mercury*.

Notice is hereby given to all persons interested, that said petition will be considered at the Court of Probate to be holden on Monday, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall in said Newport.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

10-20

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 15th day of October, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

NANCY F. GARDNER, Administratrix de bonis non with the will annexed on the estate of

SAMUEL F. GARDNER,

late of Newport, deceased, presents her second and final account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 5th day of November, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury* once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

10-20

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 15th day of October A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

PATRICK J. DALVIN, Administrator on the estate of

THOMAS TIGHE,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 5th day of November, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

10-20

At the court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 22d day of October, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JAMES G. TOTHAM, Administrator with the will annexed on the estate of

EDWARD T. SIMPSON,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first account of administration on said estate and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 12th day of November, 1894, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT, Probate Clerk.

10-27

Office of the Clerk of Probate, Portsmouth, R. I., October 20, 1894.

HENRY ANTHONY, ESQ., has this day filed his petition in said office, addressed to the Hon. Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall, in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in November, 1894, at one o'clock P. M., praying that an instrument in writing, therewith presented, purporting to be the last will and testament of

SUSANNA MOTT,

late of said Portsmouth, deceased, may be proved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of deceased may be granted to him according to law and the provisions of said will, and has requested me to cause previous notice thereof to be published fourteen days, once a week at least, in the *Newport Mercury*; therefore notice is hereby given that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, if they see fit, and be heard.

PHILIP B. CHASE, Probate Clerk.

10-27

Office of the Clerk of Probate, Portsmouth, R. I., October 19, 1894.

MICHAEL MARTIN has this day filed his petition in said office, addressed to the Hon. Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall, in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in November, 1894, at one o'clock P. M., praying that he may be appointed Administrator on the estate of his late wife,

BRIDGET MARTIN,

late of Portsmouth, deceased, and has requested me to cause notice of the pendency of said petition to be published according to law. Therefore notice is hereby given that all persons interested may appear at said time and place, if they see fit, and be heard.

PHILIP B. CHASE, Probate Clerk.

10-27

At the Court of Probate of the town of New Shoreham, this 1st day of October, A. D. 1894.

ON THE PETITION in writing of Mary M., Samuel S. and Ruth N. Dickens praying that administration on the estate of

SAMUEL B. DICKENS,

with the will annexed may be granted to Johnn F. Dickens or to some other suitable person (the executor named in said will having refused in writing to accept said trust.)

It is ordered that the consideration of said petition be referred to the 5th day of November, A. D. 1894, at one o'clock P. M., at the Town Hall in New Shoreham, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested then and there to appear and be heard if they see fit by publishing a copy of this decree in the *Newport Mercury*, once a week at least, for fourteen days.

EDWARD P. CHAMPLIN, Probate Clerk.

New Shoreham, Oct 12th—10-20.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Little Compton, Guardian of the person and estate of MARY A. DAVOL, of said Little Compton, non compos mentis, and has given bond according to law. All persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them within six months from this date.

PHEBE S. DAVOL.

Little Compton, Sept. 10, 1894. 10-13-6w

Court of Probate, Portsmouth, R. I., October 8th, 1894.

AN INSTRUMENT, in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of

FLORENCE G. WEAVER,

late of said Portsmouth, deceased, was received together with a petition, in writing, praying that said will may be proved, allowed and recorded, and that letters testamentary on the estate of said deceased may be granted to Frank P. Robinson, of Cambridgeport, Mass., who is named in said will as the Executor thereof.

The same were referred for consideration to the Court of Probate to be holden at the Town Hall in said Portsmouth, on the second Monday in November, 1894, at one o'clock P. M., and it was ordered by the Court that previous notice thereof be published fourteen days, once a week, at least, in the *Newport Mercury*.

PHILIP B. CHASE, Probate Clerk.

10-27

PROBATE NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given for all persons interested to appear if they shall see fit, before the Court of Probate of the town of Tiverton, R. I., to be holden at the Town Hall in said Tiverton, on the first Monday in November next, at ten o'clock A. M., and be heard on the petition of Marion W. Dwelley, praying that herself or some other suitable person or persons may be appointed guardian or guardians of the person and estate of ROSCOE O. DWELLEY, MYRON J. DWELLEY and GLADYS M. DWELLEY, minor children of Jonathan S. Dwelley, late of said Tiverton, deceased.

By order of said Court.

JOHN T. COOK, Clerk.

Probate Clerk's Office, Tiverton, R. I., Oct. 9th, 1894. 10-13

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WILLIAM H. GERAGHTY hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executor of the will of BRIDGET GERAGHTY, late of said Newport, deceased, and that he is qualified to act as such Executor.

Newport, R. I., October 20th, 1894.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.

CHARLOTTE A. SOUTHWICK hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Middletown, R. I., the Executrix of the will of ALFRED W. SOUTHWICK, late of Middletown, and that she is qualified to act as such Executrix.

CHARLOTTE A. SOUTHWICK, Middletown, R. I., Oct. 20th, 1894.

BROWN STONE,

'Lection Specialties,

Flour XXXX Hazall "very best"	$1.50	French Prunes, new and fresh 3 lbs.	25c
Island Eggs,	16c	Tomatoes, Corn, Peas, per can	6c

WINES.

	Gal.	Bot		Gal.	Bot
Clarets,	70c	25c	Madeira	1.00	37c
Ports & Sherries,	90c	37c	California Brandy,	3.00	75c
Angelica & Catawba	$1.00	37c			

These fine goods are from the Celebrated Vineyards of U. S. Senator Stanford and are guaranteed to be of absolute purity; and are highly recommended for Medicinal purposes.

TOKAY WINES.

Especially recommended for women suffering from nervous prostration and requiring a mild and gentle stimulant, Gallon, $2.00, Bottle. 50c.

LIQUORS.

	Gal.		Gal.
Lawrence's "old Medford Rum,"	$1.75	N. E. Rum,	1.50
St. Croix,	3.50	Mt. Vernon, the finest prices as usual.	

	Bot.	Case.		Bot.	Case
Gibson's 4x highly matured,	$1.25	$10.00	Miller's Game Cock,	1.25	10.0
Old Crow "Hermitage,"			Canadian, "Club," Imported	1.50	15.0
"Pepper,"	1.25	10.00			

ROXBURY RYE.

The cleanest, purest and best Rye Whiskey in the U. S., made by Geo. T. Gambril & Co., Washington, Co., Md.

Per Bottle,	$1.00,	1.25,	1.50.
Per Case,	10.00	12.00,	15.00.

ALES.

	Dozen,	Barrel.
Headleston and Woerz, "Imperial,"	$1.25	$11.50
Burke's Bass Ale,	2.00	18.50
McMullins' "White Label,"	2.00	19.50

P. H. HORGAN, 224 Thames Street.

Miscellaneous.

NEW GOODS.

ALREADY RECEIVED,

THE NEWEST THINGS IN

Men's Suits,

Youth's Suits

—AND—

Boys' Suits.

ALSO

FULL LINE OF

HATS.

JOHN E. SEABURY,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

Sept. 13, 1894.

BULBS!

BULBS!! BULBS!!!

JUST ARRIVED

150,000,

More to follow.

All leading varieties, both foreign and domestic, such as Lillium Hairsii, Fuchsia, Dutch and Roman Hyacinths, Narcissus, Cyclamen, Snow Drops, Crocus, Chinese Sacred Lily, Spirea, Japonica, Lily of the Valley, Tulips, &c., &c. These Bulbs are mixed and separate colors and are extra fine for forcing and bedding.

Flower Pots,

Potting Soil,

together with a full line of

Garden and Farm Supplies,

Tin Ware and Hard Ware.

JAMES GOHM,

54 Broadway.

★ D. L. CUMMINGS, ★

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Watches,

CLOCKS,

JEWELRY,

Music Boxes,

Fans,

Umbrellas, &c,

REPAIRED.

Rubber Stamps and Stencil Plates made to order.

★ NEWPORT, R. I. ★

146 THAMES STREET.

Miscellaneous.

Boys' and Youths' School Shoes.

TARIFF

Reform Bill Beaten

BY

Rice & Hutchin's

Solid Shoes,

AT

M. S. HOLMES,

186 Thames Street.

School Shoes for Misses and Children.

Print Butter.

THE FINEST

VERMONT

Creamery Butter,

Light Salted,

especially for our fine trade.

Try it and we will number you among our regular customers.

A. A. Hunt & Co.

151 THAMES STREET.

Sterling Silver Goods.

Match Boxes,

Glove Darners,

Book Marks,

Belt Pins for the back,

Stick Pins,

Persian Opals,

U. S. Flag,

Brownies, Dude,

Cop, Buttercup,

Heart,

Prince of Wales, &c.

—ALSO—

Veil Clasps, Button Hooks for Gloves & Boots, Bon Bon Scoops, Bouillon Spoons, Ice Cream, &c., &c., new goods and sterling fine.

DENHAM'S,

276 Thames street.

RHODE ISLAND

HOSPITAL TRUST CO.,

15 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL,

1,000,000.

Surplus $500,000

Transacts General Banking and Trust Business.

ALLOWS INTEREST on accounts subject to check at sight. Executors, Administrators, Guardians or Receivers of positions held with this Company are by law exempted from all personal liability. LADIES ACCOUNTS solicited.

ACCEPTS TRUSTS, created by will or otherwise, and is by law authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian or Receiver.

RENTS SAFES in its vaults at $10 per year and upwards; also receives Bonds, Jewelry, Silverware and other valuables for safe keeping.

Directors.

Amos C. Barstow,	Rowland Hazard,
Christopher Lippitt,	Edward D. Pearce,
Royal C. Taft,	Horatio N. Campbell,
Robert H. I. Goddard,	Robert Knight,
George W. R. Matteson,	John W. Danielson,
Samuel S. Sprague,	Herbert J. Wells,
William D. Ely,	John C. Pegram,
Robert I. Gammell,	Lyman B. Goff,
William Binney,	Eugene W. Mason,
William B. Weeden,	George Gordon King.

HERBERT J. WELLS, President.

SAMUEL R. DORRANCE, Vice President.

EDWARD S. CLARK, Secretary.

6-23

S.S. Department.

Sunday School Lesson—Nov. 4

Mark 2: 23-28; 3:1-5

JESUS LORD OF THE SABBATH.

Lesson Introduction.

Following the healing of the paralytic comes the call of Matthew (Levi); "the feast at the house of Matthew, and the subsequent discourse, though narrated by all three evangelists just after the call, must be placed later, after the return from the country of the Gerasenes (comp. Matt. 9: 18; Mark 5:21, 22; Luke 8:40,41). Mark 2:15-22 should therefore be placed after 5:21, this being the only deviation from the chronological order in his history of the Galilean ministry." According to this view the second passover, (John 5), often called "the unknown feast," should be placed after the call of Matthew. During that feast healed an impotent man at the pool of Bethesda, bidding him take up his bed. It was the sabbath, and the Jews objected to his carrying his bed. This hostility toward Jesus regarding the sabbath was repeated in Galilee, as the present lesson shows.

Parallel passages: Matt. 12:1-13; Luke 6:1-10.

The time was probably in April, A. U. C. 781—that is, A. D. 28.

Explanatory Notes.

23 And it came to pass, that he was going on
the sabbath day through the cornfields; and
his disciples began, as they went, to pluck
24 the ears of corn. And the Pharisees said
unto him, Behold, why do they on the sab-
25 bath day that which is not lawful? And
he said unto them, Did ye never read what
David did, when he had need, and was
26 anhungered, he, and they that were with
him? How he entered into the house of
God when Abiathar was high priest, and
did eat the shewbread, which it is not law-
ful to eat save for priests, and gave also to
them that were with him?

Cornfields: Grain-fields would express the meaning better in this country; the grain was probably barley. His disciples began: This would indicate that they were interrupted by the Pharisees. Matthew mentions their hunger, and Luke speaks of rubbing them in their hands was construed into a kind of harvesting, servile labor on the sabbath. Is not lawful: It was lawful to pluck the ears on a week-day (Deut. 23:25), but to do it on the sabbath was considered a kind of reaping, hence forbidden as "servile labor." What David did: The case of David was an apt one (1 Sam. 21: 1 6). He was a patriotic Israelite, honored in the Old Testament, yet he had, according to the Scripture, violated a specific commandment under the plea of necessity. The house of God: The tabernacle, then at Nob. Abiathar: The high priest at Nob is named Ahimelech. Abiathar was the son; but father and son had both names. Shewbread: Twelve loaves were placed upon a table in the holy place, as a symbol of the communion of God with men. These were renewed on the sabbath, and the old bread eaten by the priests. David's need was the justification for his use of this hallowed bread. "Hence the principle: Works of necessity were permitted on the sabbath, according to the Old Testament." In the account of Matthew (verses 3-5) three other arguments are stated: "The example of the priest who labored in the temple on the sabbath, according to the law; the fact that he was greater than the temple, and could justify the acts of his disciples; the demand of God himself for mercy rather than sacrifice, opposing such censoriousness as theirs."

27 And he said unto them, The sabbath was
made for man, and not man for the Sab-
28 bath: so that the Son of man is lord even
of the sabbath.

The sabbath was made for man: This is peculiar to Mark. The sabbath was instituted as a means, not an end. "The end is the physical and spiritual benefit of man." Experience has shown that the proportion of time is suited to our needs. Pharisaism made the strict observance of minute rules about the sabbath an end in itself. This our Lord opposed. The mistake on the other hand is to ignore man's needs—a religious observance of the day of rest. In accordance with this principle the first day of the week, the day of resurrection, has been substituted as the Christian sabbath—the Lord's day. Lord of the sabbath: Our Lord had the right to interpret and modify the law of the sabbath, to change the day, or allow the apostles to do so. "The end of the sabbath is the benefit of man; hence he, as Son of man, the new head and representative of the race, being lord of all that concerns the welfare of man, has authority even over the divinely instituted sabbath." The Lord's day has a new atmosphere of love, being no longer the badge of Jewish exclusiveness and the stronghold of petty formalism.

3:1 And he entered again into the synagogue;
and there was a man there which had his
2 hand withered. And they watched him,
whether he would heal him on the sabbath
3 day; that they might accuse him. And he
saith unto the man that had his hand with-
ered, Stand forth.

Into the synagogue: There is no article in the original; the phrase is somewhat like our "going to church." Matthew says, "into their synagogue." Probably Capernaum was the place. Watched him: Matthew states that they asked him whether it was lawful to heal on the sabbath day. Accuse him: Probably to the local synagogue authorities. Stand forth: Luke is more full; "Rise up and stand forth in the midst." That the man obeyed is stated by Luke.

4 And he saith unto them, Is it lawful on the
sabbath day to do good, or to do harm? to
5 save a life or to kill? But they held their
peace. And when he had looked round
about on them with anger, being grieved
at the hardening of their heart, he saith
unto the man, Stretch forth thy hand. And
he stretched it forth: and his hand was re-
stored.

Good . . . harm? "Harm" is more correct than "evil." The question was concerning benefiting or injuring. Held their peace: The position of Jesus was unassailable. However, this did not lessen their hostility. People do not like to have their arguments or beliefs overthrown. With anger: Mark alone speaks of the "anger," which was probably expressed in his look. Being grieved at the hardening of their heart; Not merely "hardness," but "hardening." The argument had silenced them, but it had made them more bitter. Stretch forth: This required faith on the part of the man, but it was accompanied with healing. Jesus did "no labor" in healing. The Pharisees could say nothing. "The cure was a vindication of the authority of Jesus, and hence of his attitude toward the sabbath."

Before "Old Glory" was unfurled to the breezes the colonies had many and divers emblems and flags. The standard of Great Britain was used up to the time of the Revolution, but each colony added to it some local distinguishing design. The colony of Massachusetts made use of the pine tree on her flags and coins, and this emblem eventually became famous. The armed ships of New-York flew a white flag inscribed with a black beaver, which emblem is now on the arms of the State.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The Spelling Match at Big Sandy.

Old Wash came in the other night with his head tied up, three inches of sticking plaster under his left eye, and a cheese cloth containing a freshly-cut chicken gizzard bound under the other one.

"'Boss, does you happen ter hab er bottle uv anither lenny?' as he felt of his head to see that his bandages were still on.

"What in the world is the matter with you, old man?" was asked. "Any camp-meeting or revival going on over about Indian Camp Springs?"

"'Wusser'n dat!'—mournfully.

"What! You don't mean to say the election for deacon is still going on?"

"'Boss (solemnly) hit's wusser'n 'lection, camp-meetin', reviler, lynchin' er enything else. We dun had er spellin' match ober our way'—and he jerked out his left leg energetically—an' ef eber I gets my hans on dat little merlatter upstart of er skule teecher, Ebenezer Johnsing, he'll think de Angel Gabriel done blowed his trumpet in his lef year.

"'You see,' he said, as he wiped his mouth on the back of his hand, after we had given him a glass of Lincoln County, made in 1878, to ease his misery, 'dar hes bin er pow'ful wak'nin' on egucashual questions sence dey 'lected me skule commishuner ober dar. We 'lected Ebernezer Johnsing as teecher, an' at de fust meetin' ob de boa'd, I sez: 'Johnsing, how am de bes' way to wak'n dis degenerit race ob vipers up on de impo'tance ob egucashun? I'm skule commisshuner heah now, an' sumpin's gotter be dun—dis yer race shan't grow up in ig'rance en' depravety 'round me.'

"'Dar am jes two t'ings needed,' sez Johnsing. 'We need plenty uv good secon'-growth hick'ry an' now an' then er spellin' match,' an' den he 'splains what er spellin' match wus. I kno'd I was er good speller, an' dey cuddent bust my influence as commisshuner on dat line, an' I jes went right in fer it. I got er good egucashun right order de wah, fer I went ter skule fer six mon's to er lady from Bosting, dat b'longed to de 'Sassiety fur Egucatin' de Nigger,' an' I look mine early an' deep. I wus jes spilin' ter show dem niggers how a skule commishuner orter to spell enyway, an' de naixt Sund'y Pawson Shadrack Meeshack Phillips read out at de eend ob de sarvice:

"'Dar will be er highlyamusin' an instructive entertainment at Big Sandy skule house naixt Friday night fur de raisin' gen'rashun an' de organ fun. All am invited to precipitate.'

"'Wol, I went ober an' tuck all de fambly. Dar was er big crowd, an' de gals an' boys wus gwinter end up wid er dance an'er candy pullin'. It was pow'ful hot, but dey would b'ild er fiah in de skul stove an' put on er big pot er sorghum fer candy stew.

"'Skuss me, boss!'—with an expression of intense pain—'but de misery in dis eye am 'tickler 'xcrucintin' jes now. Erudder drap outen dat bottle, yer please.

"'Wal, I 'spected, ob co'se, ter be de one ter gib out de words, but dat Johnsing nigger tuck me off an demanded ter be erlowed ter gib out de words hisself, 'by virtue ob ne persishun he helt,' he sed. It's not bekase I can't spell all de words in de book, Brudder Washington,' he say, 'but suntimes I gits er little confused an' can't git up de flow ob language necessary to express 'em, an' ef I happen ter miss er dozen or two words sum nigger, not onderstannin' 'bout my lack uv expressive language, might say I cuddent spell an' spile my influence es a teacher in de community.' I seed de p'int, an' 'lowed him ter gib out de words. Dey 'lected me cap'n ob one side an' Brudder Moses Armstrong cab'n ob de yudder. We chused sides an' stood on er plank in de floor op'At one enuther. Now, de lumber wus green when hit was put down fur floorin' an' hed shrunk, an' dar wus big cracks wid obry plank. 'Sides dat, er dozen good big shoats hed gone up under de skule house, w'ich wus on de slant ob de hill, an' dey hed crawled es fur es dey could, an' squeezed derselves erginst de groun' an' de flo' an' gone ter roost. Dem wus all little t'ings, but I've noticed in dis life dat it am de little t'ings dat happen obry day dat turns de tide at last. Wal, Johnsing 'lowed he b'leeved in objec' teachin', an' wanted us ter fus' spell de things layin' 'round handy. An' he picked up a bottle an' he sez to Moses Armstrong:

"'Spell dis.'

"'I-n-k ink, s-t-a-n stan, inkstan',' sez Moses.

"'Right,' sez Johnsing, an' he picks up a cheer an' sez ter ernudder, 'Spell dis,' an' de yudder spell hit right erlong:

"'C-h-double e-r, cheer.'

"'Right,' sez Johnsing.

"An' den he looked at me an' pick up er little sharp stick dat he used to p'int out sums on de boa'd wid, an' he say:

"'Brudder Washin'ton, spell dis.'

"'P-i-nt pint, e-r er, pinter,' sez I.'

"'Dat's wrong,' he say. 'Next, spell hit.' An' er little nigger on de yudder side, not ten years ole, an' in his shut-tail, jumps up quick an' say:

"'P-o-i-n-t point, e-r, pointer.'

"'Right,' sez Johnsing; 'Brudder Washin'ton, you will please sit down, sah. You am trapped.'

"'Trapped, de debbil,' sez I, gettin' hot. 'You tell me I can't spell pinter—Hal pinter? Ain't I dun rub him off er hun'red times? Ain't I done gone all ober de Gran' Circus wid Marie Ed Geers? Didn't we hab our pict'res tuck at Clebeland togedder—an' me a skule commisshuner an' cain't spell de hoss I raised? You try ter disgrace me head wid dat 'little stick befo' dis community dat thou't I knowed sumpin' 'bout er hoss? Yer blossom frum offen er yaller dog-kennel,' sez I, 'I'm ready ter wipe de flo' wid you,' I peeled erway at 'im wid my fis'.'

"'Boss,' said the old man, solemnly, 'I don't kno' how hit happened, but dey say dat sum ob de gals, 'spectin' a fight, made er break ter git out an knocked ober de pot ob b'ilin' candy, an' hit poured through de flo' on de hogs sleepin' be'ow. Nacherly dey riz es one hog, an' es day wus fur under de house es dey cud go, w'en dey tried ter scrouge under furder ter git onten do way sumpin hed ter bus', an' dat was de plank we all wus on. All I kno' is de flo' seemed ter heave up an' I bit de ceilin' 'long wid er dozen mo' pettycoats an' striped stockins. Some fool nigger hollered—

"Yarthquake! yarthquake! Dinnermite! dinnermite!" an' when I hit de flo' ergin I made er leap fer de winder, t'inkin' hit was up. But hit wasn't an' I went on through, carryin' de sash on my neck, wid my haid stickin' outen er six-by-eight pane. I muster galloped two miles down de pike before I cum to and seed what a collar I hed on.'

"'But look year, Boss'—pulling a bandage down under his eye—'doncher know no winder glass didn't git me dis black eye? An' look yere, too'—feeling a bump as big as big as a goose egg on the side of his head—'doncher know I didn't git dat gallopin' down de road? Dat Johnsing fotch me two licks jes erbout de time de flo' riz, an' de fust time I ketch 'im on de pike by hisself, I'm gwinter to teach him how to spell Pinter er resign uv office,' and the old man went out to kill a fresh chicken to poultice his head.—[Clark's Horse Review.

Recipes for the Table.

OYSTERS A LA POULETTE.—Wash a solid quart of oysters in their own liquor and drain in a colander. When well drained set aside. Strain the liquor and put half a pint into a saucepan. When it boils skim carefully, and stir into it a heaping teaspoonful of flour, mixed smooth in three tablespoonfuls of cold water. Let it boil five minutes. Pour a quart of cream into a double boiler, and when it begins to boil add the thickened oyster liquor, and season with salt, and pepper, a slight grating of nutmeg and a dash of cayenne. Have ready the well-beaten yolks of four eggs, and add to them half a cup of cold cream. Turn the oysters into the boiling mixture, together with a tablespoonful of butter and the egg mixture. Cook for three minutes, stirring all the time. Remove from the fire immediately, and serve with a border of puff paste cakes. If liked, a tablespoonful of lemon juice or a wineglass of sherry may be added, just as the oysters are taken from the fire.

PROVIDENCE RYE CAKES.—One pint of milk, one tablespoonful of Indian meal, one egg, and rye meal enough to make it as thick as batter. Bake in cups.

POACHED EGGS WITH CREAM SAUCE.—One pint of water, one tablespoonful of vinegar, one saltspoonful of salt, as many eggs as are required. Put the water, vinegar and salt into a very clean frying pan, and when boiling, slip the eggs carefully into it, without breaking the yolks. When set, remove from the water with a skimmer and drain thoroughly before placing on a warm dish. Pour the water out of the pan, and put in a teacupful of cream; rub a teaspoonful of flour and a tablespoonful of butter smoothly together, and add to the cream; add a little minced parsley, salt and a dash of cayenne. Boil three minutes, pour over the eggs, and serve at once.

SWISS SOUP.—One quart of milk, a slice of onion, one tablespoonful of flour, salt, pepper and two eggs. Put the milk and onion into a double boiler (reserving a little of the milk to rub the flour in), add the flour, salt and pepper, and boil from six to ten minutes. Beat the eggs light and put into a tureen, pour over them the boiling milk (having first removed the onion) and serve immediately.

PIGS' FEET SOUSED.—Scald the feet and scrape them clean if the covering of the toes will not come off without, singe them in hot embers until they are loose, then take them off. Some persons put the feet into weak lime water to whiten them. Having scraped them clean and white, wash them and put them into a pot of warm but not boiling water, with a little salt. Let them boil gently till by turning a folk in the flesh it will easily break and the bones are all loosened. Take off the scum as it rises. When they are done take them out of the water and lay them in vinegar enough to cover them, adding to it one-quarter of a pint of the water in which they were boiled. Add six pepper corns, a few allspices, four cloves and a little mace. Put them in a jar and cover closely. Soused feet may be eaten cold from the vinegar, split in two from top to toe, or they may be split in two, dipped in flour and fried in hot lard, or they may be broiled and buttered. But in the latter case they should be nicely browned.

VIRGINIA MOLASSES CAKE.—Cream one cup of butter and one cup of sugar, add three eggs well beaten, one tablespoonful each of ginger, cinnamon and powered cloves, one cup of molasses and two cups of flour. Just before putting into the pan, dissolve one teaspoonful of soda in one-half cup of sour cream, buttermilk or cream, stir this into the batter. Bake in a moderate oven about an hour. Served with cream it makes a very nice dessert.

BROWNED RICE—Cook one cup of rice with three cups of milk and one teaspoonful of salt in a double boiler until very soft. Season with one tablespoonful of butter. Pack it closely in a small bread pan. When cold cut in one-half-inch slices, and brown them delicately in hot butter or spread the slices lightly with softened butter. Put them on a fine, well-buttered gridiron, and color a light brown on both sides over a clear fire.—[Mary Mason.

Household Fancy Work.

FANCY NEEDLEWORK.

The adaptation of Suéde to appliqué work is a novelty in fancy work.

The ground may be of satin, velvet, mail cloth or any suitable material of sufficiently firm texture to support the appliqué without wrinkling. A cushion recently seen was of mail cloth, biscuit color, and had oak leaves and acorns cut from three shades of Suéde kid and arranged in imitation of a Napoleonic chaplet. The leaves were held down by a coarse buttonholing of gold-colored Boston art silk. The acorn cups were covered with French knots in brown art silk. The oval nut forms were partly covered with long stitches of the gold silk taken lengthwise. Small flecks of gold were freely added to the leaves.

The cushion was finished with a double ruffle of gold-colored satin six inches wide, over which was gathered an edge of Cluny lace. The reverse of the cushion is brown satin, like the darkest shade in the Suéde kid ornamentation.

Another arrangement of applied kid was upon gray linen. The designs, which were daisies, with leaves and stems, were cut out, and the leaves and flower centres covered, the former with cat stitching done with Mediæval silk of a blue shade, the latter with French knots. The figures were sewed down with a deep buttonhole stitch, and the stems worked in Kensington stitch. The Suéde kid used was of a pale yellow shade, and all the silk was of forget-me-not blue.

A set of toilet mats for a wash stand had for a foundation heavy twilled linen with the edges embroidered in a double row of buttonhole scallops with Asiatic twisted embroidery silk of two shades, the darkest shade of the color being used for the outer row of scallops and the lighter for the inner row. The circular mats are one thirteen, one nine and one six inches in diameter. Of the oblong mats one was ten inches by five, the other eight inches by six in size.—[Meg Merrill.

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six cents a can by using the new Horsford's Baking Powder, because it requires less quantity than any other.

Mrs. Slimson—"My little boy has been very wicked to-day. He got into a fight and got a black eye." Rev. Dr. Drowsle—"So I perceive. Willie, come into the other room and I will wrestle in prayer for you." Willie—"You'd better go home and wrestle in prayer for your own little boy. He's got two black eyes."

The best part of one's life is the performance of his daily duties. All higher motives, ideas, conceptions, sentiments, in a man are of no account, if they do not come forward to strengthen him for the better discharge of the duties which devolve upon him in the ordinary affairs of life.

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CATARRH

Apply a particle of the Balm well up into the nostrils. After a moment draw strong breath through the nose. Use three times a day, after meals preferred, and before retiring.

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8-18

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Who represent the best English and American Companies. Then if your property is damaged by

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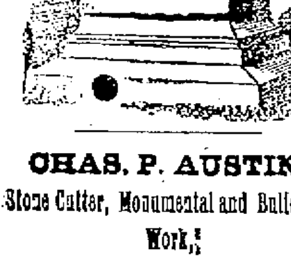

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I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture ...

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Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

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PINKHAM'S Vegetable Compound

Is a positive cure for all those painful

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It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements, of the Womb, and consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the *Change of Life.* Every time it will cure

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It has cured more cases of Leucorrhœa than any remedy the world has ever known. It is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. That

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causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the laws that govern the female system, and is as harmless as water. It removes

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruations, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Flooding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility. Also

Dizziness, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care" and "want to be left alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues," and backache. These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

The whole story, however, is told in an illustrated book entitled "Guide to Health," by Mrs. Pinkham. It contains over 90 pages of most important information, which every woman, married or single, should know about herself. Send 2 two-cent stamps for it. For

Kidney Complaints

and Backache of *either sex* the Vegetable Compound is unequaled.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills cure Constipation, Sick Headache, 25c.

All druggists sell the Vegetable Compound, or sent by mail, in form of pills or Lozenges, on receipt of $1.00. *Correspondence freely answered.*

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LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., Lynn, Mass.

RISKED LIFE AND LOST.

The Man Who Permitted Doctors to Bore Into His Stomach.

Ferdinand Pietrich, the man who sold himself to South American surgeons, is dead. Here is the story: Last August a man named Obaldeston advertised in the New York papers for a man who would consent to go down to Guayaquil, Ecuador, and there submit to an experimental operation by two South American doctors. Osbaldeston acted as agent for those physicians. It was illustrative of the hard times that more than 120 answers were received.

The operation in question was simply an incision in the stomach, through which the action of the gastric juices might be observed. The cavity thus made was about the size of a hazel nut. Tubes of gold and silver were inserted, and through these the nourishment taken by the patient was forced, the digestive process being marked by the aid of an electric light. Incidental to the operation certain chemical substances were administered to the patient through the tube to ascertain positively the action of drugs in combination with each other.

Among the 125 persons who answered the advertisement was a well knit, powerful looking fellow who had been a sailor. He was about 5 feet 8 inches in height, weighed about 180 pounds, looked hard and wiry and was active as a cat. Osbaldeston decided that he would do. His name was Ferdinand Pietrich. The first week in September Pietrich sailed for Guayaquil. There for four or five weeks he remained under medical care in preparation for the ordeal, and it was the second or third week in October before the chief surgeon, Dr. Adele Ajaico, ventured to perform the operation.

Osbaldeston has received information that the operation had been completely successful and that the patient was on the road to recovery when he took to drink. Under these conditions it became necessary to stop the treatment for a time, and in this interval Pietrich while sitting on the battlements of a fortress one morning was sunstruck and died within two hours. He was alone in the world, and it does not appear that he ever received the money for which he had risked his life or in fact anything beyond his traveling expenses.—New York Letter.

Koal-spar

TRADE-MARK

FACTS!

7th. Koal=spar starts a hot fire, with any kind of coal, in five minutes.

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One package of Koal-spar costing 25 cents, saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft.

Descriptive Circulars Free to Consumers.

If your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and address on a postal card, and we will see that it is placed within your reach.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,
51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES A. RANDALL,
General Agent, 126 Spring St., Newport.

Woman's Dep't.

Good Advice.

Be firm; one constant element in luck
Is genuine, solid, old Teutonic pluck.
Yet in opinions look not always back—
Your wake is no thing, mind the coming track.
Leave what you've done for what you have to do.
Don't be "consistent," but be simply true.

Look in his face, to meet thy neighbor's soul,
Not on his garments, to detect a hole.
"How to Observe" is what thy pages show,
Pride of thy sex, Miss Harriet Martineau,
Oh, what a blessed book the one would be
That taught observers what they're not to see!

Woman Suffrage And The Republican Platform.

The Massachusetts Republican platform, adopted unanimously last Saturday, begins with a declaration for woman suffrage. "An equal share in the government for every citizen" is declared to be "chief among the principles of the Republicans of Massachusetts." Now the only form in which a citizen can have a share in the government is by the ballot, and one-half of the citizens of Massachusetts are women.

The plank which the woman suffragists asked of the committee was substantially the same, but with the explanatory addition of the words "irrespective of race, color, or sex." The objection to the use of the general word "citizen" without explanation is, as Mr. Blackwell pointed out to the committee on resolutions, that people generally do not know, or if they know, do not stop to remember that women are citizens. It is now the business of Massachusetts suffragists to make the fact remembered and understood.

Now let every Massachusetts suffragist see or write to his or her candidates for State senator and representative, and ask each of them if he will, when elected, carry out the declaration of the Republican party of Massachusetts by voting to give every female citizen her rightful share in the government of the towns and cities of the Commonwealth.

Women have always been legally citizens, but citizens have not always been legally voters. More than forty years ago, under a Democratic administration, two sisters of the writer, having occasion to pursue their medical studies in Europe, took out United States passports from the State Department at Washington as American citizens. But in order to extend citizenship to negroes, an amendment of the United States Constitution now defines citizenship in express terms, as follows: "All persons born or naturalized in the United States and subject to the jurisdiction thereof are citizens of the United States and of the State in which they reside." And the United States courts have decided that women are citizens, and may be made voters by appropriate State legislation."

HENRY B. BLACKWELL.

A Pioneer Girl.

The Populists of Sheridan, Wyo., have nominated Mrs. Winona Washburne Taylor for the Legislature. A more excellent choice could not have been made. Mrs. Taylor is one of Colorado's pioneer girls. Her father, the late Hon. J. M. Washburn, was one of the first settlers of the Big Thompson Valley, his farm being near the present site of Loveland. Here Mrs. Taylor spent her childhood and grew up to be a bright, winsome, intelligent young woman, with every grace of character and disposition. After her marriage she resided many years in the valley her father had aided to settle, herself and husband becoming noted as breeders of fine stock of various kinds. Mrs. Taylor's papers on farming and kindred topics before the grange and farmers' institutes were always noted for their excellence. Something over a year ago she removed to Sheridan, Wyo., where the Populists, recognizing her worth, have placed her in nomination for the Legislature. She ought to be elected by a handsome majority.

French Business Women.

The commercial aptitude of French women being on the field of discussion at a woman's meeting, a French lady present was requested to give her opinion on the subject. "It is all," she said, "a matter of habit and public opinion. We expect women of *bourgeoisie* to be good *commercantes.* A husband expects his wife to be his managing partner, a brother will ask his sister to join him in running a business. Here your countrywomen are not asked or expected to do such things, and consequently they do not know how."

The Making of Thieves.

There has surely been of late a very great and significant increase in the number of child criminals that are brought to our police courts. There are more of them, and they are much younger than they used to be, and they are vastly "tougher." Their manner shows plainly that the street has been their teacher and that they have been apt pupils. Its method is simple and varies in Hell's Kitchen and in Jewtown only in the opportunities offered. To begin with the boy idler in the street during school hours is there in defiance of law, whether the fault is his own or not, and he knows it. He is in the attitude of opposition, the normal attitude of the street. The policeman is his enemy and the policeman stands for the established order of things. Thus the groundwork is laid for whatever mischief comes along. It is not long in coming, rarely longer than the dinner hour of the first day. The boy is hungry. He wants something to eat. A boy's hunger is not like a man's which can be appeased with promises. He wants something at once. If he is playing hooky, he does not want to go home to get it. Anyway, there is no need to do so. The street can show him an easier way. A grocer's stand is handy, or a pie-wagon. Better still, a soda-water wagon; the bottle is worth so much cash at the junk-shop. The driver's back is turned; the boy "swipes" one. It is not a very great crime, but it is the stepping-stone to many greater. A horse-blanket or a copper-bottomed boiler may be the next thing. It is the first step that costs an effort, and that not a very great one, with the clamor of a hungry stomach to drown the warning voice within him that whispers of the policeman and the lock-up. The friends he makes in the street soon help him to contempt for the one and a secret pride in the other.—[Jacob A. Riis in The Century for November.

When Others Fail

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

All that are required to make a society novel are a new pen and an old scandal.

It is the freak of nature that gives the dime museum the nature of a freak.

WOMEN IN SOCIETY —often need the strengthening support of a general tonic and nervine. They're tired out or "run-down." This is frequently the result of "weakness," and it makes life miserable.

Are you weak, nervous, or ailing? Then Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription brings you *special* help. It's a remedy prescribed for delicate women, for all the derangements, disorders, and diseases of the sex.

For regulating and promoting all the proper functions, building up and invigorating the entire system, and restoring health and strength, this is the only remedy that can be *guaranteed* to benefit or cure, or the money will be refunded.

For every case of Catarrh which they cannot cure, the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy agree to pay $500 in cash. You're cured by its mild, soothing, cleansing, and healing properties, or you're paid.

Hunting the Seal.

Although the little ringed seal, or Fiord seal, contemptuously called the floe rat by English sailors, is the smallest of all our species, it is also the most enterprising. In the cold waters of the North, it goes simply everywhere. Throughout tens of thousands of square miles of cold and stormy waters, broken and chaotic ice-packs, and barren floe-ice seven feet thick, the jolly little "Netsick" is the principal inhabitant, ready to yield his chubby body to any hungry Eskimo who happens to need it.

Taken altogether, this animal is to the Eskimos generally the most valuable source of food and clothing of all the quadrupeds of the North. In ranging norward, all other seals stop about on the eighty-first parallel, but ringed seal cries "Excelsior!" and presses right on. Regardless of cold and other drawbacks, he joyously paddles past Lady Franklin Bay, out through Robeson Channel, and into the Polar Sea itself, which is named after our greatest American, north of all land. It was observed by Gen. Greely's party in latitude 82 degrees 54 minutes—only thirty miles south of the farthest north ever reached by man. What is more, Gen. Greely says that they winter as far north as Robeson Channel, though he is puzzled to know how they maintain breathing-holes where the ice is so thick. It seems to me, however, that with the temperature down to 60 degrees below zero, one lungful of air ought to be quite sufficient to last any seal an entire winter.

The ringed seal is found in Behring Sea, and throughout the Arctic Ocean in both hemispheres. The largest individuals are only about four feet in length, and by reason of its size, this species is despised by the white sealers—a very fortunate thing for the Eskimos. In color it is extremely variable. In a collection of fifteen fresh skins that once came into my hands from Point Barrow, there were three well-defined types—one almost black, another dark, mottled with light, and a third almost yellow. All showed the curious brownish yellow rings with darker centers from which the species takes its popular name.

This is the seal which the Eskimo hunts by simply playing a waiting game, in which patience is his most powerful weapon. He seeks over the solid ice-floe until he finds a little round hole running down through the ice quite to the water, be it two feet or six. That is the breathing hole of a seal, which the creature has kept open with its warm breath ever since the ice began to form. Mr. Eskimo simply camps on the ice beside the hole, and shivers and waits, be it one hour or fifteen. He waits for Mr. Seal to come and stick his nose into the bottom of the hole, to give and take some air. When he does so, the Eskimo promptly jabs a spear down through the hole, into the head of the seal. If it catches the animal and holds him fast, all the native has to do is to chop through about five feet of solid ice and get it.

This seal is the first aquatic animal that Eskimo children are taught to kill, and when seven-year-old Eskimo Johnnie kills his first seal, the proud father hangs the teeth and front flippers around his neck as trophies of his skill. It is said, also, that in their eagerness to have their children "make a record," Eskimo mothers sometimes catch seals on the sly and allow their little children to kill them, to add to their individual scores.—[W. T. Hornaday in St. Nicholas for November.

No one knows better than those who have used Carter's Little Liver Pills what relief they have given when taken for dyspepsia, dizziness, pain in the side, constipation, and disordered stomach.

A dog is fond of liver. Liver is a luxury according to Mallights.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

Refusing to pay campaign assessments is not always political economy.

Backache is almost immediately relieved by wearing one of Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backache Plasters. Try one and be free from pain. Price 25 cents.

Those persons who do not need iron, but who are troubled with Nervousness and Dyspepsia, will find in Carter's Little Nerve Pills a most desirable article. They are mostly used in combination with Carter's Little Liver Pills, and in this way often exert a most magical effect. Take just one pill of each kind immediately after eating and you will be free from Indigestion and Dyspepsia. In vials at 25 cents. Try them.

Uncle Sam's warning to Behring Sea poachers: "Above no seal."

Actors feel the dull times, and not even every Hamlet sees the ghost walk.

"There is danger in delay."

Since 1881 I have been a great sufferer from catarrh. I tried Ely's Cream Balm and to all appearances am cured. Terrible headaches from which I had long suffered are gone.—W. J. Hitchcock, Late Major U. S. Vol. and A. A. Gen., Buffalo, N. Y.

Ely's Cream Balm has completely cured me of catarrh when everything else failed. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Alfred W. Stevens, Caldwell, Ohio.

Price of Cream Balm is fifty cents.

There is a good deal of humbug in the news from the Mosquito coast.

A Wedding by Palmistry.

Constance Haydon was smitten with a craze for palmistry; her ideas were entirely bound by the lines of the heart and life, and the mounts of Jupiter and Venus.

She studied her subject deeply, consulted with all the experts in the art, and read many ponderous volumes on it. Naturally quick and clever she soon established a reputation as a reader of character. She used her accomplishment, in the main, as a pleasant social one, as other girls play the violin or sing; but now and then it gave her a cruel advantage, as once when she told a rich pork packer, that she could not marry him because his hands indicated that he would have four wives, and she did not wish to court an early death by being the first.

"This story was going the rounds when George Awkright first met her. He had decided that she was a silly, heartless little thing, and, though he soon forgot that opinion and fell under the spell of her sweet nature and magnetic cleverness, he refused to let his hand be studied. He seemed to have little curiosity regarding his future, laughed at the girl's enthusiasm for the study, and politely but firmly declined to believe that there was anything but vague generalities in her revelations.

He teased her until her faith became quite shaken, she lost confidence in herself, made mistakes, and began eventually, to hate the very name of palmistry; however, she did not wish Mr. Awkright to guess his victory, and in their discussions the more she weakened at heart the firmer she appeared on the surface.

One day they nearly came to an open rupture.

"Do you really mean to say," he said, at the end of a long argument, "that if you saw, or imagined you saw, in a man's hand that he was going to be a murderer or a bank robber, that you wouldn't marry him because you'd believe that was his fate?"

"I certainly should drop his acquaintance at once," she answered firmly.

These discussions took a good deal of their time and society; they disagreed, but their attraction for each other was undoubted; they might quarrel and part in anger, but the next day Mr. Awkright would gravitate towards Constance, at a dinner or a dance, as though their ideas ran smoothly in a single channel. Perhaps indeed, he found the girl more amusing than if they had.

One spring day they were both staying at a friend's country-house. In the twilight, when most of the guests had taken themselves to their rooms to snatch an hour's rest before dinner, Mr. Awkright found Constance curled up in a heap in a corner of a big oak settee in the hall; she had a novel and a box of candy beside her, but the box was unopened as she dreamily gazed into the fire of big logs that blazed pleasantly, for there was still a lingering chill of winter in the April air.

He sat down on the other end of the settee, looked at the title of the book, which he noted was not on palmistry, and displaced the box of candy with a masculine expression of wonder at a girl's destroying her appetite by eating chocolates at five o'clock.

"I've something special that I wanted to talk to you about," he said, "and I'm so glad to find you alone for a moment."

"I hope you are not going to tease, because I'm resting up for the evening. I won't let you stay unless you solemnly promise not to quarrel."

"Oh, I didn't come to tease, I wanted to tell you that you have made a new convert. You see, Miss Haydon, you've talked so much to me about palmistry that at last I've begun to believe in it; and do you know, yesterday I went to C—and had my hand examined."

The girl raised herself from the nest of soft pillows in which she was lounging, and scrutinized his face; he was evidently in earnest.

"What did he tell you?" she asked eagerly.

Mr. Awkright stared gloomily into the fire.

"Oh, he told me a lot of stuff about the past that was true, but its the future that's bothering me, Miss Haydon. I suppose if he told the truth about the past, he must be right about the future, don't you?"

"Yes," said the girl, "but what did he tell you about your future?"

"He said that I shall meet, at a country-house, very soon, the lady whom I shall marry; she is a widow, a blonde lady of great musical ability."

"Oh!" said Constance. (She was not a widow, her hair brown, and she could not play a note on any kind of an instrument.)

There had come down, on the afternoon train, a frail, blonde lady, dressed in black, with a coquettish widow's bonnet, among whose paraphernalia, Constance had seen a violin case. The fortune, if what Constance had heard of the fascinations of the charming Mrs. Darly proved correct, might indeed prove true.

"The girl I love," continued Awkright, gloomily, "can't in the remotest way be called a widow; but since a widow is my fate, I suppose there's no use in my asking her to have me."

"Perhaps she doesn't believe in palmistry and would think you were extremely foolish to be guided by it."

"That's the worst of it, she does believe in it. She once said—"

"I don't care what she once said," cried Constance, with a sob. "I hate palmistry! It's all nonsense! I know I made up half the things I used to say. Oh!" And she buried herself in the big cushion.

"There may be something in it, after all," said Mr. Awright, a few minutes later, holding Constance's little hand in his big one, "because the touch of your hand tells me that I am going to marry you,—only I shall not wait for you to be a widow."

Golf a Royal Game.

A game with a history of more than four hundred years must necessarily have some interesting records. Golf has been greatly liked by kings. In the time of James I., it was generally practiced by all classes. The unfortunate Charles I. was devoted to golf. While on a visit in Scotland in 1641, as he was deeply engaged in a game, news was brought him of the breaking out of a rebellion in Ireland, and the royal golfer threw down his club and retired in great agitation to Holyrood House. When he was imprisoned at Newcastle, his keeper kindly permitted him to take recreation on the golfing-links with his train. It is said that Mary Queen of Scots was seen playing golf in the field beside Seaton a few days after the murder of her husband. In 1837 a magnificent gold medal was presented to St. Andrews by William IV., to be played for annually. One of the earlier kings forbade the importation of golf-balls from Holland because it took away "na small quantitie of gold and silver out of the kingdome of Scotland," and at one time "golfe and futeball and uther unprofitable games" were forbidden in England, because archery, so necessary to the defence of the nation, was being neglected in their favor.—[November St. Nicholas.

Warfare With Snowballs.

Prof. W. M. Sloane tells many interesting anecdotes of the school days of Napoleon in his new Life of the Little Corporal, begun in the November number of the Century. Writing of the time when Napoleon was at Brienne, Prof Sloane says: Each of the hundred and fifty pupils had a small garden spot assigned to him. Bonaparte developed a passion for his own, and, annexing by force the neglected plots of his two neighbors, created for himself a retreat, the solitude of which was insured by a thick and lofty hedge planted about it. To this citadel, the sanctity of which he protected with a fury at times half insane, he was wont to retire in the fair weather of all seasons with whatever books he could secure. In the companionship of these he passed happy, pleasant, and fruitful hours. His youthful patriotism had been intensified by the hatred he now felt for French schoolboys, and through them for France.

"I can never forgive my father," he once cried, "for the share he had in uniting Corsica to France." Paoli became his hero, and the favorite subjects of his reading were the mighty deeds of men and people, especially in antiquity. Such matter he found abundant in Plutarch's 'Lives.' Moreover, his degradation by the school authorities at once created a favorable sentiment among his companions, which not only counteracted the effect of the punishment, but gave him a sort of compensating leadership in their games.

The well-known episode of the snow forts illustrates the bent of his nature. When driven by storms to abandon his garden haunt, and to associate in the public hall with the other boys, he often instituted sports in which opposing camps of Greeks and Persians, or of Romans and Carthaginians, fought until the uproar brought down the authorities to end the conflict. On one occasion he proposed the sport, common enough elsewhere, but not so familiar then in France, of building snow forts, or storming and defending them, and of fighting with snowballs as weapons. The proposition was accepted, and the preparations were made under his direction with scientific zeal; the entrenchments, forts, bastions, and redoubts were the admiration of the neighborhood. For weeks the mimic warfare went on, Bonaparte, always in command, being sometimes the besieger and as often the besieged. Such was the aptitude, such the resources, and such the commanding power which he showed in either rôle that the winter was always remembered in the annals of the school.

Getting Even With Him.

The Husband—You want to know where I was so late last night? I was at the office balancing my books.

The Wife—It seems to me that you balance your books very often. That excuse is about threadbare.

The H.—H'm! If you don't believe me, why don't you consult a fortune teller?

The W.—Not much. I consulted one once and she told me a pack of lies.

The H.—Indeed? What did she tell you?

The W.—She told me I would get a rich, handsome, kind, attentive and truthful husband.—[N. Y. Press.

TRIED AND TRUE

Friends are scarce, but if you are suffering with that horrible disease scrofula, you will find Sulphur Bitters will cure you as it did me, after suffering eight years, and paying out hundreds of dollars to doctors and druggists.—JEANNETTE HANSCOM, Troy, N. Y.

NO OTHER

As good. This is the statement of Professor Smith, Analytical Chemist. I have analyzed all of the popular blood purifiers and medicines now sold. Many of them I found to be worthless, some dangerous to use. Sulphur Bitters contains nothing poisonous, and I think it is the best blood purifier made.

Use Bowker's Cocoa for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, also their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, cakes, pudding, creams, etc.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 4-8-1m

The New Discovery.

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience just how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is, that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds its place in the house. If you have never used it and should be afflicted with a cough, cold, or any throat, lung or chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time or money refunded. Trial bottles free at C. M. Cole's Drug Store.

The First Step.

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you wonder what ails you. You should heed the warning, you are taking the first step into Nervous Prostration. You need a nerve tonic, and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great Nerve Tonic and Alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the Liver and Kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50c. at Chas. M. Cole's Drug Store.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Hurt His Feelings.

In a recent railroad accident, an agent of the company went through the cars and succeeded very well in settling with about everybody until he struck an old Dutchman, who replied as follows:

"My tear sir, I am forry sorry, but I can delt you noddings. How can I doll off I was killed or somedings? Vait dill I see mine physician."

This reminds us of another man who did settle in another accident for $20. On being asked after the settlement where he was hurt he replied that it hurt his feelings—[Ex.

Mrs. Chugwater—Josiah, why is it they call a race track the "turf?" There isn't any turf on it you know.

Mr. Chugwater (after giving the matter some thought)—I suppose it's on account of the turfness of the crowd that generally runs it.

L'enfant Terrible

"Say," said the precocious youngster to the fussy old bore who had invited himself to supper, "are you full of holes?"

"Wha-what's that?" gasped the astonished guest.

"Do your legs bend in when you walk?" pursued the child.

"I don't understand you," said the bore, in an annoyed fashion.

"Do you squash in when people run against you?" continued the boy, "and would you swell up if it rained on you?"

"Child, what on earth do you mean?" said the guest at length.

"Why," said the youth, "I heard pa tell ma that you was a d—n sponge, and I thought I'd ask you."—[Ex.

Spinks—"Can you go to the theatre with me Monday night?"

Blinks—"That depends on how my wife is; but if she is sick-a-bed, of course I can go."

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,

341 THAMES STREET.

A full assortment of

FAMILY COAL,

Such as Lykens Valley, Susquehannah, Wilkesbarre, Jermyn, Old Company's Lehigh, &c. Also

WOOD,

HICKORY, OAK, MAPLE, SOUTHERN and EASTERN PINE cut to order.

Perry Mill Wharf.

We Will Make Our Competitors Come Down.

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient

Commencing today we shall offer a series of BARGAINS each week. For this week only we shall sell the following:

Our $10 MEN'S ULSTERS, at	$5.75
Our $10 MEN'S OVERCOATS at	$6.75
Our $10 MEN'S SUITS at	$6.75
Our 50c OVERALLS and COATS at	37c each
Our 25c HARRIS WIRE BUCKLE BRACES at	10c each

It is BAD policy to pass by GOOD values such as these.

Look for the Gold

Star Clothing Co.,

238 Thames, cor. Mill St.

One Car HOMINY FEED,

One Car MIDDLINGS,

Three Cars BRAN, Spring,

Two Cars BRAN, Winter,

Now on hand and will sell cheap in quantities.

A. A. BARKER,

162 & 164

BROADWAY.

WHEAT

Is Cheaper than Corn or Oats

BRIGGS & CO.,

have just received a large lot of choice

MILLING WHEAT,

which they offer at a lower price than ever offered before in Newport.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

It is the freak of nature that gives the dime museum the nature of a freak.

IVORY SOAP

IT FLOATS

FORTY MILLION CAKES YEARLY.

THE PROCTER & GAMBLE CO., CIN'TI.

Charges Against a Preacher.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—The Herald says: Rev. George E. Dunbar, pastor of the Methodist church in Stoughton, will have to answer charges of obtaining money under false pretences, preferred by the former members of his church at Eastham. Rev. Dr. S. O. Benton, presiding elder of the district, is now investigating the matter. The complainant is Mrs. S. M. Holman, a widow, now at a private hospital in Salem, wasting away with consumption and unable to leave her bed. She says Dunbar gave notes for borrowed money, but failed to make them good.

A. B. Y. P. U. Anniversary.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The Baptist Young People's union of Massachusetts held an anniversary last night in the Bowdoin Square tabernacle. The following officers were elected: President, Rev. Walter Calley, Boston; vice presidents, W. W. Main, Boston; H. T. Bailey, Scituate, and Rev. H. S. Johnson, Pittsfield; secretary, Rev. M. F. Johnson, Middleboro; treasurer, O. P. Jameson, Boston.

Detectives After Him.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 30.—More crooked work of Calvin C. Goodwin, the commission salesman of the E. C. Morris Safe company of Boston, has been discovered. Goodwin ordered safes he never sold and obtained his commission on them. He borrowed money and gave worthless checks as security. Detectives are looking for him.

A Five-Cornered Debate.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 31.—A joint political debate was held at the city hall last night. Rufus M. Dodge, Jr., represented the Republicans; W. P. Cherrington, the Democrats; James Campion, the Populists; Mrs. Martha Avery, the Socialists, and Professor Evans, the Prohibitionists.

A Gratifying Announcement.

LYNN, Mass., Nov. 1.—It is stated that a large part of the work of the General Electric company, which was taken from here and transferred to Schenectady, will be returned to this city. The railway work will also be increased.

Guilty of Wife Murder.

PROVIDENCE, Oct. 31.—The trial of Gilbert Potter, who killed his wife at Rice City, Sept. 3, was concluded at East Greenwich yesterday, the jury, after deliberating three minutes, bringing in a verdict of guilty.

Latterio Is Dead.

BOSTON, Oct. 31.—Guiseppo Latterio, who was stabbed by Salvatore Razzo last Sunday evening, died at a few minutes after 3 o'clock this morning. Razzo will now be held for manslaughter.

It Is Marsh Gas.

BRATTLEBORO, Vt., Nov. 1.—The report that a wonderful deposit of natural gas had been stirred up from the Connecticut river proves on chemical analysis to be nothing but marsh gas.

Boston Produce Markets.

CORN—The advance in corn seems to be sustained. Old corn is quoted at 63@64c for No. 3 yellow to arrive, with No. 3 yellow about 1c less. New corn is quoted at 55@58c, according to the distance away and the proposed time of arrival. The quotations for old corn on track are at 62@64c, according to the ideas of the seller. The new corn received yesterday was in better order, and sold at about 55c.

BEEF—It was a very dull day in the beef market. Quotations are at: Choice to fancy steers, [illegible]; prime, 7@8c; good, [illegible]; light, [illegible]; heavy hinds, 12@13c; good, [illegible]; light, [illegible]; heavy fores, [illegible]; light, [illegible]; backs, [illegible]; rattles, [illegible]; chucks, [illegible]; rounds, [illegible]; rumps, [illegible]; rumps and loins, [illegible]; small ribs, [illegible]; loins, [illegible].

HAY—There is a quiet market on hay. Bran is rather easy: Hay, [illegible]; very choice, [illegible]; straw, [illegible]; oat straw, [illegible]; sack spring bran, to arrive, [illegible]; sack winter, [illegible]; middlings, [illegible]; red dog flour, [illegible]; cotton seed meal, $21 50 to arrive and [illegible] for spot.

MEAL—Cornmeal holds pretty well at the advance noted yesterday: Kiln-dried cornmeal for export, [illegible] bbl; bag meal, [illegible]; yellow granulated, [illegible]; ground and rolled oatmeal, [illegible] bbl; cut oatmeal, [illegible] bbl; rye flour, [illegible]; rye, [illegible] bush.

OATS—Oats are quite firm: No. 1 clipped to arrive, 38@38½c; No. 2 white, 38c; No. 2, 36c; No. 3 white, [illegible]; No. 2 mixed, 34½c. The spot market is firmer at: No. 1 clipped, [illegible]; No. 2, 38½c; No. 2 white, 38c; No. 3 white, 37c; No. 2 mixed, [illegible].

POTATOES—Potatoes are well sustained, though trade was dull yesterday: Houlton and Aroostook hebrons, 65c; New Hampshire, 55@58c; rose and white, 55c; Virginia extra sweets, $1 25; fair to good, $1@1 25; Jersey double heads, $1 75@2.

APPLES—Apples are in quiet request, with values easy: Gravensteins, $2@2 50; pippins, $1 25@1 50; Hubbardstons, $1 50; kings, $2@2 50; Maine Harveys, $1 75; pound sweets, $1 75@2; No. 1 Baldwins and greenings, $1 50@1 75; No. 2, 75c@$1 25, nominally.

EGGS—Eggs are in small demand, but with the market fairly sustained: Fancy nearby, 28@32c; eastern fancy fresh, 25@26c; eastern fresh, 21@22c; Michigan, 20@21c; western, 18@19½c; refrigerator, 14@17c; southern, nominal, 16@[illegible].

CHEESE—Cheese is steady, with the market at: Northern full creams and twins, [illegible]; jobbing lots, [illegible]; fair to good, [illegible]; western choice, [illegible]; fair to good, [illegible]. Liverpool is quoted at 48s 6d.

POULTRY—Chickens and fowls are dull and easy, by reason of the surplus of iced: Fresh chickens, [illegible]; fancy, 13@15; iced, [illegible]; fresh fowls, [illegible]; iced, [illegible]; live chickens, [illegible]; live fowls, [illegible].

PORK—A quiet pork market is noted, with the tendency easy rather than strong. Quotations are [illegible] however.

FLOUR—[illegible] is noted in [illegible] wheat [illegible] on this market [illegible] quiet.

LAMBS AND MUTTONS—The mutton market is dull and [illegible] at the low figures [illegible].

BUTTER—[illegible] is fairly sustained, without further change [illegible].

Live Stock Markets.

BRIGHTON, [illegible] Oct. 31.—Amount of stock on the market [illegible] at Watertown [illegible]:

	Cattle.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
Western	[illegible]	9,218	4,2[illegible]
Maine	197	658	[illegible]
New Hampshire	212	1,456	[illegible]
Vermont	78	1,507	[illegible]
Massachusetts	305	69	[illegible]
British Provinces	....	4,152	....
New York	....	145	..
Totals	3,067	18,236	4,[illegible]

Drovers are somewhat disturbed as to a new law which is to go into effect regarding the quarantine of milch cows. They must [illegible] their stock by Saturday or Sunday or [illegible] market day must be changed to Thursday. Either of these plans will necessarily cause an advance in prices, as the cost of landing stock will be increased, and it is going to be a matter of great risk to drovers to bring stock here. Drovers intend to get together at an early day and take measures whether they send their stock on earlier or change the market day.

Prices for western beef cattle, live weight: Choice, $5 25@5 75 per cwt; second quality, [illegible] 4 50; third quality, $3@3 50; poorest grades of coarse oxen, cows, bulls, stags, Texans, Colorados, etc., 2@[illegible] per lb.

Prices for northern and eastern beef cattle per lb, dressed weight: Choice, 6@7½c; first quality, [illegible]; second quality, 4@5½c.

Hides, tallow, etc.—Hides, [illegible] per lb; branded, [illegible]; tallow, [illegible]; calf skins, [illegible] each; [illegible].

Northern and eastern beef cattle—Receipts were moderate; demand was active for good choice fat cattle, and prices show no change from those quoted last week.

Milch cows and springers—The supply was very large, but the demand was slow.

Veal calves—The supply was fairly large, demand was active, and prices were firm, yet they showed no change from those quoted last week.

Wrecking to Mariners.

BOSTON, Nov. 1.—The captain of the schooner Penobscot, from Porto Rico, reports on Oct. 29, when in lat. 38.10 N. and long. 71.24 W., sighted a large three-masted schooner, abandoned and waterlogged. The main and mizzen masts, bowsprit and the stump of the foremast were standing. The water was too rough at the time to ascertain particulars. It is a dangerous obstruction to navigation.

Friends of Mercier.

LEWISTON, Me., Nov. 1.—The Musical and Literary club of this city, an organization composed of the representative French-Canadian citizens of Lewiston, held a meeting last evening to take action upon the death of ex-Premier Mercier. Delegates were appointed to attend the funeral. A committee on resolutions were instructed to condemn the editorials in an evening paper against Mercier.

Disastrous Year For Gloucester.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Nov. 1.—The whole number of Gloucester vessels lost during the year ending Oct. 31, 1894, has been 30, of a total tonnage of 2193.12 tons, representing a value of about $175,000, on which there was $157,625 insurance. The number of lives lost, including deaths on shipboard and in hospitals, during the year, has been 137, against 71 for the previous year.

Considering College Needs.

AMHERST, Mass., Nov. 2.—Delegates representing universities of New England are attending the annual session of the Association of New England Colleges. Subjects relating to college matters will be discussed in secret session.

Charged With Manslaughter.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 31.—Edward McGlone and John Kyle, the motorman and conductor of the electric car which ran over and killed John Jansen, were held for Nov. 13 on the charge of manslaughter.

Trial Will Be Lengthy.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Oct. 31.—The trial of the four alleged boodle aldermen of Haverhill opened here yesterday. A motion by defendants' attorneys to quash the indictment was overruled. There are about 125 witnesses to be examined. The trial will last all the week.

A Belated Storm.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 31.—A thunder shower passed over the town of Raymond yesterday, and was the most severe storm of the season. The barn of Charles Davis was struck by lightning, two cows were killed, and the bolt passed on into a shed, killing two hogs.

Robert Can't Collect.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 30.—Robert Jordan of Brunswick sued Mrs. F. C. Jordan of Farmington to recover $995 on two promissory notes, which Mrs. Jordan claims were forged. Decision was rendered yesterday for the defendant.

New Advertisments.

(ESTABLISHED 1845, APRIL 14.)

United States Clothing Store,

Gas Light Building, 177 Thames St.

AT COST!

Without reserve, for CASH, our stock of

Ulsters,

Overcoats,

Business Suits,

Dress Suits,

All New and Reliable Goods.

Augustus Goffe & Son.

11-3

State of Rhode Island AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. CITY OF NEWPORT.

WHEREAS, TUESDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1894, being the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, 1894, is by law designated as the day for holding the election for Representative to represent the First District of this State in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States;

WHEREFORE, The electors of this city qualified to vote for General Officers are hereby warned to meet in their respective ward meetings on said TUESDAY, THE SIXTH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1894, at half past six o'clock in the morning and to give in their ballots as provided by law, for one Representative to represent the First District of this State in the 54th Congress of the United States.

AND, the places for holding said Ward Meetings, as designated by the Board of Aldermen, are as follows, viz:

IN THE FIRST WARD, at the Ward Room in No. 2 Fire Station building, Bridge street.

IN THE SECOND WARD, at the Ward Room in No. 4 Fire Station building, Equality Park place.

IN THE THIRD WARD, at the Ward Room in No. 1 Fire Station building, Mill street.

IN THE FOURTH WARD, at the Ward Room in No. 7 Fire Station building, Young street.

IN THE FIFTH WARD, at the Engine Room in No. 6 Fire Station, Thames street.

Said Ward Meetings, according to law, will be kept open from half past six o'clock in the morning until half past six o'clock in the evening, and no longer.

WITNESS MY HAND this twenty-ninth day of October, A. D. 1894.

WILLIAM G. STEVENS,
City Clerk.

11-3

"HOW TO SAVE MONEY Is the Question of the Hour?"

Look at My List of Prices and the Problem is Solved.

Sweet Potatoes, 17 lbs. for 25c.
Granulated Sugar, 22 lbs. for $1.00.
Oyster Crackers, 4 lbs. for 25c.
Soda Crackers, 4 lbs. for 25c.
Ginger Snaps, 4 lbs. for 25c.
4-Crown Raisins, 4 lbs. for 25c.
White Beans, 8c per quart.
New Corn, Peas and String Beans, 8c per can.
Maccaroni, all kinds, 8c a pound.
Try my Java Coffee for 30c a pound and numerous other bargains, at

L. EHRHARDT, JR.'S,

25 FRANKLIN STREET.

Telephone.

NOTICE.

THE ELECTORS of the town of Tiverton, R. I., are hereby notified that the regular biennial meeting for the election of a Representative to the next Congress of the United States, will be held at the Town Hall in said Tiverton, on TUESDAY, November 6th, 1894, from 10 o'clock in the forenoon to 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and that a special meeting of the electors qualified to vote upon questions involving the expenditure of money, will be held upon the same date at two o'clock in the afternoon, upon the same premises, to vote upon the question of making an appropriation to cover the road from the Tiverton Station of the Old Colony Railroad to Snell Bridge, with crushed stone and to consider other questions of a pecuniary character.

JOHN T. COOK,
Town Clerk.

Tiverton, Oct. 19, 1894. 10-27-3w

New Advertisements

NEWPORT

Horticultural Society.

Chysanthemum Show

And Fall Exhibition of Foliage and other Plants.

A Grand Display!

Many entries already received including some from Philadelphia, New Jersey and Massachusetts. Many new varieties which were exhibited for the first time at the World's Fair at Chicago last Fall, will be seen at

Masonic Hall,

November 6th, 7th & 8th.

Open from 2 to 10 P. M., Tuesday, and 9 A. M. to 10 P. M., on Wednesday and Thursday.

Admission 50 cts.,

CHILDREN 10 Cents.

NOTICE—School children under 15 years of age, who have grown Chysanthemum Plants for the exhibition, please bring them to Masonic Hall on Tuesday, Nov. 6th, before 12 M., and receive a season ticket free.

ALEX. MACLELLAN,
Secretary Newport Horticultural Society.
11-3-1w

CANVASSERS' NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Board of Canvassers of the town of Portsmouth, R. I., will meet at the Town Hall, in said Portsmouth, on SATURDAY, November 3d, 1894, at 1 o'clock P. M., to canvass the list of voters of said Portsmouth, as the law directs.

PHILIP B. CHASE,
Town Clerk.

Oct. 20th, 1894.—3w

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN.

Election Warrant.

THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC. TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE at Middletown, Oct. 26, A. D. 1894.

WHEREAS, the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November next, A. D. 1894, is one of the days appointed by the laws of this State, for the election of Representatives in Congress from this State.

Therefore, the qualified electors of the town of Middletown are hereby notified and warned to assemble in Town Meeting in the Town Hall in said town, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November next, A. D. 1894—it being the sixth day of November next, A. D. 1894—at ten o'clock A. M., for the following named purposes, to wit:

To give in their votes in the manner provided by law, for the election of a Representative from the First Congressional District of this State, to represent said District in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States. And to consider, transact and do any and all such other prudential business—which may legally come before said meeting—for the benefit of said town of Middletown and the good people thereof. Witness my hand,

ALBERT L. CHASE,
Town Clerk.

10-27-2w

Little Compton TOWN MEETING NOTICE.

THE STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, SC.

To the electors of the Town of Little Compton in the County and State, aforesaid: greeting

YOU ARE HEREBY, in the name of said State, notified and warned to assemble in the Town Hall in said town, on TUESDAY, November 6th, 1894, from ten o'clock A. M. to three o'clock P. M. First—To give in your ballots for a Representative to the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States.

Second—To elect a Town Treasurer and a Collector of Taxes for said town of Little Compton, and to fix the salary of said officers, at two o'clock P. M., of said day.

F. R. BROWNELL, Town Clerk.

Little Compton, Oct. 24, 1894. 10-27-2w

TOWN MEETING NOTICE.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

To the electors of the town of Jamestown in said State. Greeting:

YOU ARE HEREBY, in the name of said State, notified and warned to meet together at the Town Hall in said town of Jamestown on TUESDAY, November 6th, 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of balloting for a Representative to represent the First Congressional District of Rhode Island in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States, and to take such action as you may think proper, in regard to insuring the Engine House, School Houses and the contents thereof, also to take into consideration an offer for the purchase of the old hand Fire Engine, and to transact any other business that may be legally and lawfully done by said Town Meeting.

WILLIAM F. CASWELL,
Town Clerk.

10-28-2w

Town Meeting Notice.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

To the Electors of the town of Portsmouth in said State. GREETING.

YOU ARE HEREBY, in the name of said State, notified and warned to meet together at the Town Hall, in said Portsmouth, on TUESDAY, November 6th, 1894, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of balloting for a Representative to serve in the Fifty-fourth Congress of the United States, and to take such action as you may think proper, in regard to widening and repairing the highway called Black Point lane; also in relation to laying out a new highway from C[illegible]'s lane, so-called, to the Portsmouth Railroad Station, and to transact any other prudential business that may be lawfully done by said Town Meeting.

PHILIP B. CHASE,
Town Clerk

Oct. 20th, 1894.—3w

Flagg's Bargain Store,

12 FRANKLIN STREET,

(Opposite the Post Office.)

Christmas Goods Arrived.

The latest novelty is the Climbing Monkey, 25c; also the Mechanical Turtle, Walking Crocodile, May Bug, [illegible] cart; Card Games, [illegible] 10c; A. B. C. Blocks 5c and 10c; School Boxes, 5c; Dime Savings Bank, 10c; Glass Toilet set of 3 pieces, only 10c; Dolls, 5c, 10c, 15c, 25c; Fire Pails and A. B. C. Blocks, 10c; a few $1.00 Clocks left for 69 to close out; new line of Shot Guns and Cartridges; great sale of Watches and Diamonds cheap to close out; Silk Toilet Sponges and Chamois Skins, 10c and 25c; Dolls' Hammocks, 10c; Dolls' Nursing Bottles, 5c; Clapping Figures, 10c; Rubber Balls, 5c and 10c; Metalophones, 10c; Checker Boards, 10c; A. B. C. Plates, 5c; Glass Mugs, 5c; Earthern Mugs, 10c.

New Advertisements.

FOR YOUR

ROBES,

BLANKETS

—AND—

Horse Supplies,

GO TO

The GEO. A. WEAVER CO.'S

EMPORIUM,

Where you will also find a choice assortment of

Jardinieres and Fancy Flower Pots.

We have had an unusual sale of FALL BULBS, but have a few fine

HYACINTHS,	50c a dozen	
TULIPS,	25c	"
CROCUS,	15c	"

And other bulbs at equally low prices.

Watch for the announcement of our grand opening of

Crockery,

Glassware, &c.

Farm Tools and Stock at Auction

On MONDAY, Nov. 5, 1894,

(If fair, if not, on Wednesday, Nov. 7,)

AT THE

"Sayer Garner Farm,"

MIDDLETOWN, R. I.,

ALL the Stock and Tools now used by Levi Norbury, consisting of 10 cows; 2 horses; 200 fowl; 8 geese; 40 ducks and some young chickens, and 8 shoats, 1 new 2-horse lumber wagon; 1 new 1-horse lumber wagon; 1 new 3-spring wagon, for carting potatoes; 1 milk wagon; 1 open buggy; single harnesses; double harnesses and tip cart harness; about 15 tons of hay in barn and 300 or 400 bushels corn on cob; 1 stack of rye not threshed; some oat fodder and a few stacks of butts; 2 hen houses; plows; cultivators; hoes; forks; corn sheller; large iron wheel jack; bob runners; block and tackles; large ice chest for creamery; new mowing machine; new wheel rake; milk cans; pans; churns, moulds, and in fact all sort of farm tools. After the above is sold there will be a sale of all the household furniture at said farm, including all the articles used in housekeeping. Sale to commence at 10:30 o'clock, sharp. Conditions at time and place of sale.

10-27-2w JAMES ANTHONY, Auct'r.

READ THIS.

We have two good second hand

Upright Pianos,

In good order, that we will sell very low. Call and see them.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,

154 Thames Street,

Our stock of new Pianos is very large.

THE F. F. TEBBETTS CO.,

121 WESTMINSTER STREET,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Fine Cloaks and Furs.

OUR opening of Cloaks and Furs the past week received the highest praise. Our assortment is now at its best and we have made the prices very reasonable so that one may find handsome garments at prices within the reach of all.

JACKETS AND COATS are from 38 to 52 inches long, and are made from Fine Kersey Mixtures, Plain Beavers, Cheviot, and Elysian Beavers, from $7.50 to $25.00.

CLOTH AND PLUSH CAPES in all the new styles are in great demand, so comfortable for the large dress sleeves. $5.00 to $40.00.

FUR CAPES will be in greater demand than ever, and are shown in Monkey Fur, Coney, Electric Seal, Wool Seal, Mink, Sable, Persian Lamb and Alaska Seal. Prices very low.

Sign of The Great White Bear,

BUTLER EXCHANGE.

New Advertisements.

WANTED.

A GOOD reliable man and his wife, to take charge of the Town Farm and Poor of the town of Portsmouth. Apply to

JOHN F. CHASE,
or CHARLES W. CORY, Com'rs.

10-20-3w

THE

Newport One-Price Clothing Co.

GUARANTEE

Every garment or article which goes from our store we GUARANTEE as represented. Any person who makes a purchase and is not thoroughly satisfied with the same, after a thorough examination, we not only ask, but emphatically urge you to come back and get satisfied. If we cannot exchange to your liking and the goods are in as good condition as when purchased, the money will be refunded willingly. We have no mysterious ways and habits of doing business, we keep everything clear and simple so that customers may have full confidence. To do a ONE-PRICE business this is absolutely necessary.

REMEMBER our salesmen never misrepresent our goods, but it is a fixed understanding in all our sales that if the goods we sell are not satisfactory and exactly as represented every reasonable claim will be made.

Respectfully,

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

Leading Clothiers, Hatters & Outfitters.

208 Thames Street. 208

Shamrock

IRISH LINEN NOTE PAPER,

10 cents a quire.

ENVELOPES TO MATCH,

10 cents a package.

GOOD COMMERCIAL NOTE PAPER,

5 cents a quire.

COMMERCIAL NOTE PAPER,

in pound packages, for 15 cents per package.

Commercial Envelopes,

good quality, 5 cents a package, 42 cents a box.

Box Paper,

For 10, 15, 19, 21, 23, 34 cents a box.

Lead Pencils,

3 for 5 cents.

Muci

5 cents a bottle.

Le Page's Glue,

10, 25 cents.

Glass Inks,

25, 31, 59, 73 and 75 cents,

—AT—

A. C. Landers,

167

Thames Street,

COWELL'S BLOCK.